

ZUARI INFRAWORLD INDIA LIMITED (FORMERLY KNOWN AS ADVENTZ INFRAWORLD INDIA LIMITED)

Regd. Office: ADVENTZ CENTRE, 1st Floor, No.28, Cubbon Road, Bangalore -560001, Karnataka Corp. Office: Global Business Park, Tower 'A', 5th Floor, M.G.Road, Gurgaon -122002, Haryana

NOTICE

NOTICE is hereby given that the Twelfth Annual General Meeting of the members of the Company will be held at the registered office of the Company at Adventz Centre, 1st Floor, No.28, Cubbon Road, Bangalore -560001 on Wednesday, the August 28, 2019, at 11.00 AM to transact the following business:-

ORDINARY BUSINESS:

- To receive, consider and adopt the standalone and consolidated financial statements of the Company which includes the Audited Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2019, the Statement of Profit and Loss for the financial year ended as on that date and the Cash Flow Statement together with reports of the Board of Directors and the Statutory Auditors thereon.
- 2. To appoint a Director in place of Mr. N. Suresh Krishnan, who retires by rotation and being eligible has offered himself for re-appointment

By Order of the Board of Directors

C G Ramegowda Company Secretary

ACS: 30361

Date: 20 May, 2019

Registered Office: ADVENTZ CENTRE, 1st Cross

No. 28, Cubbon Road, Bangalore -560001

CIN: U45309KA2007PLC043161

NOTES

- **1.** A member entitled to attend and vote at the meeting is entitled to appoint a proxy to attend and vote instead of himself and such proxy need not be a member of the Company.
- 2. Proxies in order to be effective must be received at the Registered Office of the Company at any time but not less than 48 hours before the time of the meeting.

- **3.** Corporate Members intending to send their Authorized Representative to attend the Meeting are requested to send a certified true copy of the Board Resolution authorizing their representative to attend and vote on their behalf at the meeting.
- **4.** Members/Proxy Holders are requested to bring the duly completed and signed Attendance Slip along with their copy of Annual Report to the Meeting.
- **5.** The Register of Members and Share Transfer Books shall remain closed from August 27, 2019 to August 28, 2019 both days inclusive.
- **6.** All documents referred to in the notice are available for inspection by the members on all working days except Sundays and public holidays between 11.00 a.m. to 1.00 p.m. prior to the Annual General Meeting and will also be available for inspection at the Meeting.

Name of the member (s):
Registered address:
E-mail ld :
Folio No/ Client Id :
DPID No :



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(Formerly Known as Adventz Infraworld India Limited)

CIN: U45309KA2007PLC043161

Registered Office: ADVENTZ CENTRE, 1st Floor, No.28, Cubbon Road, Bangalore – 560 001

PROXY FORM

[Pursuant to section 105(6) of the Companies Act, 2013 and rule 19(3) of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014]

I/We		of	
in the district of	being a membe	ers/members of the above named Compa	any
hereby appointof ofin th	in to	the district ofor failing h as my/our proxy to vote for me, ing of the Company to be held at ADVEN	nim /us
• •		on Wednesday, the August 28, 2019, at 11,	
AM and any adjournment thereof.			
(Signature of shareholder)		(Signature of Proxy holder)	
Signed this day of 2019	Affix		
	Revenu		
	e		
	Stamp		

Notes: Proxy Form in order to be effective should be completed, signed and deposited at the Registered Office of the Company not less than 48 hours before the meeting.



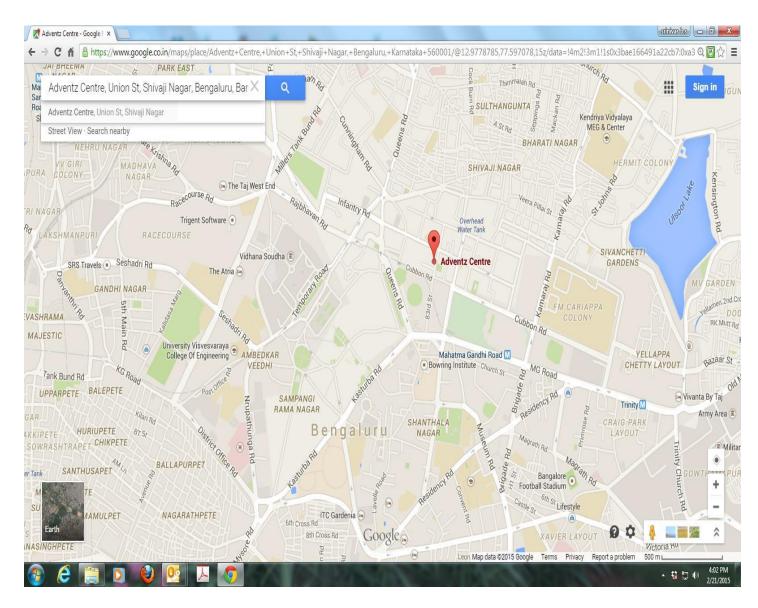
ZUARI INFRAWORLD INDIA LIMITED (Formerly Known as Adventz Infraworld India Limited)

CIN: U45309KA2007PLC043161

Registered Office: ADVENTZ CENTRE, 1st Floor, No.28, Cubbon Road, Bangalore -560001

ATTENDANCE SLIP	DP ID
(To be presented at the entrance)	Folio No./Client ID
1. I/We hereby record my/our presence at the TWELFTH ANNUAL GE at ADVENTZ CENTRE, 1 st Floor, No.28, Cubbon Road, Bangalore -56000 2019, at 11.00 AM	
2. Signature of the Shareholder / Proxy Present	
3. Shareholder / Proxy Holder wishing to attend the meeting must brin to the meeting.	g the duly signed Attendance Slip
4. Shareholder / Proxy Holder attending the meeting is requested to be Report.	oring his / her copy to the Annual
PLEASE COMPLETE THIS ATTENDANCE SLIP AND HAND IT OVER AT THE HALL. JOINT SHAREHOLDER(S) MAY OBTAIN ADDITIONAL SLIP AT THE V	

ROUTE MAP FOR AGM VENUE



Zuari Infraworld India Limited ADVENTZ CENTRE, 1st Floor, No. 28, Union Street, Cubbon Road Bangalore -560001

The Twelfth Annual General Meeting of the Members of Zuari Infraworld India Limited is scheduled on Wednesday, the August 28th, 2019 at 11:00 A.M.



ANNUAL REPORT

2018 - 2019

ZUARI INFRAWORLD INDIA LIMITED

(FORMERLY KNOWN AS ADVENTZ INFRAWORLD INDIA LIMITED)

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Company Information

BOARD OF DIRECTORS (As on March 31, 2019)

Mr. N. Suresh Krishnan

Mr. Sunil Sethy

Mr. Krishan Kumar Gupta

REGISTERED OFFICE

ADVENTZ CENTRE, 1st Floor

No.28, Cubbon Road

Bangalore - 560001

Tel:+91-80-49066900

Fax: +91-80-4906690

CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

Mr. Alok Banerjee

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

Mr. Anshul Amit Bansal

COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr. C G Ramegowda

AUDITORS

Varma & Varma. Chartered Accountants, Bangalore

BANKERS / FINANCIAL INSTITUTION

State Bank of India

ICICI Bank Limited

Bank of Bahrain & Kuwait B.S.C.

The Federal Bank Limited

YES Bank Limited

LEGAL ADVISERS

M/s. Khaitan & Co.

Mr. A.V. Jayarama Rao

CORPORATE OFFICE

5th Floor, Tower - A,

Global Business Park, Sector-26

M.G. Road, Gurgaon

Haryana

Tel: 0124-4827800

Fax: 0124 -4212046

DIRECTORS' REPORT

TO THE MEMBERS,

Your Directors have pleasure in presenting the Twelfth Directors' Report on the business and operations of the Company with the audited results for the financial year ended March 31, 2019.

1. FINANCIAL SUMMARY:

Particulars Particulars Particulars Particulars	Stand	lalana	Rs.In Lakhs Consolidated				
<u>i ai deutat s</u>	Stand	lalone	Conso	nuateu			
	Current Year	<u>Previous</u> <u>Year</u>	<u>Current</u> <u>Year</u>	<u>Previous</u> <u>Year</u>			
	<u>2018-2019</u>	2017-2018	2018-2019	2017-2018			
Profit/(Loss) for the year before depreciation, taxation and Other Comprehensive Income	1,154.62	361.77	579.65	3.23			
Less :Finance Costs	959.17	242.94	1,065.28	150.98			
Less :Depreciation for the year	19.93	24.18	42.39	43.15			
Less :Profit/Loss before share in net profit/Loss of associates	*	¥	(20.26)	-4.39			
Profit/(loss) before tax	175.52	94.65	(548.27)	-195.29			
Provision for taxation - Current Tax	4.00	6.00	4.00	6.00			
Tax adjustment relating to earlier year	2.60 4.74 2.60		2.60	4.74			
Deferred Tax Asset	139.41	102.65	139.41	102.65			
Profit/(loss) after tax	29.52	-18.74	(694.28)	-308.68			
Other Comprehensive Income	4.00	4.92	(51.24)	1.16			
Profit/(loss) after tax and Other Comprehensive Income	33.51	(13.82)	(745.51)	-307.52			
Add: Balance of profit/(loss) brought forward	(135.37)	(121.55)	(674.19)	(370.43)			
Less: Transfer to general reserve		2		2			
Proposed Dividend:		=		-			
Tax on dividend (Including Surcharge)		-		-			
Balance of profit/(loss) carried forward	(482.61)	(135.37)	(1,745.23)	(674.19)			

The revenue from the operations (Standalone) for the year ended 31st March, 2019 was Rs. 2,185.30 Lakhs as compared to Rs. 1154.63 Lakhs for the previous year ending 31st March, 2018.

The Profit before tax and Other Comprehensive Income for the year ended 31st March, 2019 was Rs. 175.52 Lakhs as compared to Rs. 94.65 Lakhs for the year ending 31st March, 2018. The Profit after Tax and Other Comprehensive Income stood at Rs. 33.51 Lakhs for the year ending 31st March, 2018 as compared to Rs. (13.82) Lakhs for the previous year ending 31st March, 2018.

The revenue from operations (Consolidated) for the year ended 31st March, 2019 was Rs. 1,785.30 Lakhs as compared to Rs. 663.28.80Lakhs for the previous year ending 31st March, 2018.

The Consolidated Profit before tax and Other Comprehensive Income and after tax and before other Comprehensive Income for the year ended 31st March, 2019 was Rs. (548.27) Lakhs and Rs. (195.29) Lakhs respectively.

2. CHANGE IN THE NATURE OF BUSINESS:

There is no change in the nature of business of the Company during the year under review.

3. EVENTS SUBSEQUENT TO THE DATE OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:

No material changes and commitments affecting the financial position of the Company occurred between the end of the financial year to which this financial statements relate on the date of this report.

4. DIVIDEND:

In view of the inadequate profits and also with an intention to conserve the resources for the company's business expansion, the Board of Directors has decided not to propose any dividend for the financial year 2018-19.

5. RESERVES:

The Board do not proposes to carry any amount to reserve

6. STATE OF COMPANY'S AFFAIR DURING THE YEAR:

Your Company represents the group's foray into Real Estate Sector with projects across different cities in India & Outside.

The residential real estate market performance for the year 2018-19 was satisfactory overall. The first half of year 2018-19 saw not much of sales/new launches as the continued effect of GST & RERA implementations played on the mind of the developers and buyers alike; however during the second half of 2018-19 much improvement were observed in terms of increase in sales & new launches across major cities in India. The market dynamics has now been shifted to end user purchases with focus on affordable segment (Property valued between Rs.25Lacs – Rs.50Lacs). Sale has grown by 5% during year 2018-19 compared to year 2017-18 across major cities in India with maximum sales done in Hyderabad, NCR regions. New Launches have seen a substantial growth of 80% Y-o-Y lead by Pune, Bangalore & Ahmedabad. On the other hand, the commercial real estate market performance was very strong in year 2018-19 as the transaction

volume (Mn Sqft) shown a growth of 12% on Y-o-Y basis with Bangalore, Hyderabad & NCR leading the pack. Office rentals have shown a growth of 10% on Y-o-Y basis thereby making Office transactions the most lucrative business proposition for the builders. Retail sector has also seen high growth due to the ease of restrictions on FDI policy and other government initiatives taken during the last few years. Approx. 10 Mn Sqft of Strategic Investment has been done by key Private Equity players across various Malls in India in Year 2018-19 — Blackstone in Westend Mall, Seawoods Grand Central, CPPIB in Phoenix Market City, GIC in Viviana Mall etc.

Outlook for FY2019-20 is positive across both residential & commercial real estate markets on account of buoyed demands for Affordable properties coupled with the recent Government initiative of declaring reduced GST rates for under-construction properties in addition to the ever increasing demand of office spaces across major cities in India.

Projects under Execution

1. Zuari Garden City Project, Mysore

This project is the flagship project for the Company. The integrated township spread over 73.5 acres with the distinction of being the First Integrated Township in Mysore, is located on KRS Road, in the outskirts of the city of Mysore. The project is situated just 3 Kms away from the famous Brindavan Gardens. The project is planned to have residential, retail, commercial and office spaces. Development has been divided into phases as explained hereunder:

a) Phase I Villas:

Zuari Garden City Mysore project was launched with Villa construction on 18 acres. Total of 217 villas have been constructed on an area of 5.65 lakh Sft.

The clubhouse with snooker, Table Tennis, Party hall etc & the Indoor Badminton court, Basket Ball Area & Children's Park has been commissioned and are being used actively by the residents on a daily basis. This phase continues to win accolades and has become a landmark development in Mysore. It has won the prestigious landscape award instituted by the Mysore District Authorities for the last five years consecutively.

b) Phase II Apartments:

A total of 3 towers of G+12 floors are being constructed with a built up area of 6 lakh sft. The project has been RERA approved. Construction work is progressing at a brisk pace. The Project is expected to be delivered by mid of 2020.

c) Phase III Villaments:

Brindavan Serenity, which is a part of expansive 73.5 acres Zuari Garden City on KRS Road Mysore, offers premium villaments with all the modern amenities. Spread across 23 full and 2 half blocks in the 3.5 acres (1.5Lakh Sqft) land and interspaced with abundant greens in its lush landscape, these villaments present an epitome of luxurious housing. The villaments are compact in size, are eligible under PMAY (Pradhan Mantri Awas Yojana) and is ideally suitable for MIG (Middle Income Group) buyers. A total of 192 villaments with all being

road facing are available. The project has been RERA approved. Construction work has already started while sales (80% Sold) are happening at a brisk pace. The Project will be delivered by 2nd Quarter of 2020.

2) <u>Luxury Residential Tower - Downtown, Dubai</u>

This project is located in the heart of Dubai in close proximity to Dubai mall and the iconic Burj Khalifa. This is a 50% Joint Venture project with your company being the Managing partner. Dubai skyline is famous for its architecture. However, the project is going to be unique in the sense that all apartments will have their private pool and garden. The project has won the Best design award for upcoming multi-unit building in Dubai, Arabia and in the World. The built-up area is 8.27 lacs sft with 178 uniquely designed uber-luxury Apartments. All approvals have been received. RERA registration is under progress. Construction has commenced with shoring works being completed while piling work is in progress. The project is expected to complete by 2022.

3) Goa Residential Project:

This project is located in Zuari Nagar in close proximity to the airport. Land belongs to Zuari Global ltd and is being managed by Company on a fee basis. The total land area is 37acres and the first phase of the project is on 6.8 acres with built up area of 1.67 lakh Sft comprising of Villas and Apartments, along with large fun pool and clubhouse. Sales is almost over with only last few units left which will be sold while the project is being delivered as per plan. 90% of structural work is completed. Infra works have been initiated and landscaping works planned. Mock up Villa and Apartment is ready for potential customers to visit and get the experience of being one with nature in Zuari Rainforest Goa.

Zuari Rainforest Goa has been successfully registered with Goa RERA. Project is planned to be delivered by Sep' 2019.

Your company is in the midst of hectic growth with various projects in all categories i.e. Residential, Office, Retail, Museum etc that are at various stages of design & approval.

7. ADEQUACY OF INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROLS WITH REFERENCE TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:

There are adequate internal financial controls in place with reference to the financial statements. During the year under review, these controls were evaluated and no significant weakness was identified either in the design or operation of the controls.

8. CHANGES IN SUBSIDIARIES, JOINT VENTURES AND ASSOCIATES:

There are no companies which have become or ceased to be its subsidiaries, joint ventures or associate companies during the year.

9. FINANCIAL POSITION AND PERFORMANCE OF SUBSIDIARIES, JOINT VENTURES AND ASSOCIATES:

In terms of Section 134 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule 8 (1) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, the financial position and performance of subsidiaries and joint ventures are given as an **Annexure-A** to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

10.STATUTORY AUDITORS:

At the Annual General Meeting of the Company held on September 10, 2015, M/s. Varma & Varma, Chartered Accountants, Bangalore (Firm Registration Number 004532S) were appointed as the Statutory Auditors of the Company for a period of 5 years (reappointment from the conclusion of the 8th Annual General Meeting till the conclusion of the 13th Annual General Meeting).

11.EXTRACT OF ANNUAL RETURN:

In terms of Section 134 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rules 12(1) of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014, the extract of the Annual Return of the Company for the financial year 2018-19 is appended as **Annexure-B** to this report,

12. CONSERVATION OF ENERGY, TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION AND FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGS AND OUTGO:

The details of conservation of energy, technology absorption, foreign exchange earnings and outgo are as follows:

A) Conservation of energy:

Following the corporate strategy of creating sustainable development sensitive to the environment, TERI (The Energy and Resource Institute) was appointed to assess and advise on the design addressing the Green initiative.

Initiating at the master planning stage and further to the building design, following analysis had been done (or in process) to be incorporated in the building and master planning design:

Master Plan

- 1. Increased green cover, two folds advantage of more green space and reduced soil erosion.
- 2. Public places open area tree plantation in Goa to increase green cover.
- 3. Solid waste management plan in Sancoale Goa to collect, segregate and bail solid wastes.
- 4. Reduced hardscape (paver blocks in driveways) to avoid heat gains and reducing heat island effects.
- 5. Solar path analysis to improvise Building block orientations or shading to enhance day light in the building. However it is optimal enough to reduce heat gain.
- 6. Wind movement analysis to exploit maximum wind movement in the site and buildings.
- 7. Duel water supply to optimize water utilization by way of recycling water
- 8. Use of advance software modeling of terrain (BIM)
 - a. to optimize and reduce alteration of existing topography and
 - b. Design the services efficiently managing multiple interfaces for reduced construction cost and further maintenance cost at operation stage.
- 9. Creating artificial water bodies to absorb surface run-off and treated water overflow.

Building Design

1. Rain water harvesting integrated in the design.

- 2. Efficient glazing and frames to reduce noise pollution.
- 3. Intelligent water fittings & electrical fittings to reduce energy wastage.
- 4. Use of solar energy for street lights.
- 5. Use of materials alternative to WOOD for windows, pergolas etc. and locally sourced material to reduce environment impact.

Further to initiatives at design stage, various operating procedures are defined for construction which includes

- 1. Top soil protection and retention
- 2. Zero discharge of construction material from site. Retaining existing topography with minimum alteration due to development.
- 3. Preserving existing natural stream for rain water runoff.
- 4. Retaining most of the trees by design or transplantation and increasing shaded area by planting trees where possible.

5.

B) Technology absorption:

The Company has not carried out any technology absorption work during the period.

C) Foreign Exchange Earnings and Outgo:

The details of Foreign Exchange earnings and outgo during the year are as follows:

(INR LAKHS) **Particulars** 31.03.2019 31.03.2018 Earnings: Development Management Fees 400.00 Guarantee Commission 230.85 19.36 Interest Income on ICD 62.37 14.37 Total 693.22 33.73 Outgo: Architect Fees for Goa Project Sponsorship & Promotions Consultancy Fees Legal Fees Foreign Travel Total

13. CHANGES IN DIRECTORS AND KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL:

During the year under review, no change with respect to Directors and Key Managerial Personnel

In accordance with the Articles of Association of the Company and Section 152(6)(e) of the Companies Act, 2013, Mr. N. Suresh Krishnan retire by rotation at the ensuing Annual General Meeting and being eligible, offers himself for re-appointment.

14.DECLARATION BY INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS:

The Company has received necessary declarations from the Independent Directors stating that they meet the criteria of independence as specified in Section 149(6) of the Companies Act, 2013.

15. PERFORMANCE EVALUATION:

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 134 (3) (p) of the Companies Act, 2013, the annual performance evaluation has been carried out of all the Directors, the Board, Chairman of the Board and of the various Committees.

The Performance evaluation of the Board of Directors was carried out based on the detailed questionnaire containing criteria such as duties and responsibilities of the Board, information flow to the Board, time devoted to the meetings, etc. Similarly, the Director's evaluation was carried out on the basis of questionnaire containing criteria such as level of participation by individual directors, independent judgment by the director, understanding of the Company's business, etc. The Directors expressed their satisfaction over the entire evaluation process.

16.(a) BOARD MEETINGS:

The Board met Four times during the financial year i.e on 21st May 2018, 31st August 2018, 21st December 2018 and 28th March 2019.

(b) AUDIT COMMITTEE:

The Audit Committee comprises two Independent Directors and one Non-Executive Director. The permanent invitees include Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer. The Company Secretary is the Secretary to the Committee. During the year, all the recommendations of the Audit Committee were accepted by the Board.

17. VIGIL MECHANISM:

The Company in accordance with the provisions of Section 177(9) of the Companies Act, 2013 has established a vigil mechanism for directors and employees to report genuine concerns to the management viz. instances of unethical behavior, actual or suspected fraud or violation of the Company's code of conduct or ethics policy. The establishment of the policy is available on the website of the Company.

18. NOMINATION AND REMUNERATION POLICY:

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee of the Board of Directors has formulated a Nomination and Remuneration Policy containing the criteria for determining qualifications, positive attributes and independence of a director and policy relating to the remuneration for the directors, key managerial personnel and senior management personnel of the Company. The Nomination and Remuneration Policy is available on the website of the Company.

19. SHARE CAPITAL:

A. BUY BACK OF SECURITIES

The Company has not bought back any of its securities during the year under review.

B. SWEAT EQUITY

The Company has not issued any Sweat Equity Shares during the year under review.

C. BONUS SHARES

No Bonus Shares were issued during the year under review.

D. EMPLOYEES STOCK OPTION PLAN

The Company has not provided any Stock Option Scheme to the employees.

E.ISSUE OF CUMULATIVE REDEEMABLE PREFERENCE SHARES ON PRIVATE PLACEMENT BASIS

No Preference Shares were issued during the year under review.

20.DETAILS OF SIGNIFICANT AND MATERIAL ORDERS PASSED BY THE REGULATORS OR COURTS:

There are no significant material orders passed by the courts/regulators or tribunals impacting the going concern status and company's operations in future.

21.CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS UNDER SECTION 129 OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013:

The consolidated financial statements of the Company has been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and Companies (Indian Accounting Standard) (Amendment) Rules, 2016 which forms part of this Annual Report.. The Company will make available the financial statements of subsidiaries, upon request by any member of the Company interested in receiving this information. The Annual Accounts of the Subsidiary Companies will also be available for inspection by any investor at the Registered Office of the Company and its Subsidiaries.

22. COMPLIANCE OF SECRETARIAL STANDARDS:

The Company has proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable secretarial standards and that such systems are adequate and operating effectively.

23. PARTICULARS OF LOANS, GUARANTEES OR INVESTMENTS:

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 186(11) of the Companies Act, 2013, Company engaged in infrastructural activities as provided in Schedule VI(5)(a) of the Act, are exempted from the provisions of Section 186(2) of the Act, in respect of loans made or guarantees given.

24.PARTICULARS OF CONTRACTS OR ARRANGEMENTS WITH RELATED PARTIES:

All related party transactions that were entered into during the financial year were at arm's length basis. All related party transactions are approved by the Audit Committee and the Board of Directors. There were no other materially significant related party transactions entered into by the Company with the promoters, Directors, Key Managerial Personnel which may have a potential conflict with the interest of the Company at large. All the transactions are under threshold limit, thus Form AOC–2 is not applicable.

25.PARTICULARS OF EMPLOYEES

The information required pursuant to Section 197 of the Companies Act read with Rule 5(2)&(3) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 in respect of employees of your Company is appended as **Annexure-D** to this report.

26.SECRETARIAL AUDIT:

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 204 of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules 2014, the Company has appointed Mr. Sudhir V Hulyalkar, Practicing Company Secretary to conduct the Secretarial Audit and his Report on Company's Secretarial Audit is appended as **Annexure-E** to this report.

There are no qualifications, reservations or adverse remarks in the Secretarial Audit Report which require any explanation from the Board of Directors.

27.RISK MANAGEMENT FRAMEWORK:

The Company has developed and implemented a risk management framework detailing the various risks faced by the Company and methods and procedures for identification, monitoring and mitigation of such risks. The Audit Committee has been entrusted with the task of monitoring and reviewing the risk management plan and procedures of the Company.

28.DISCLOSURE UNDER THE SEXUAL HARASSMENT OF WOMEN AT WORKPLACE (PREVENTION, PROHIBITION AND REDRESSAL) ACT, 2013

The company has in place a policy for prevention of sexual harassment in accordance with the requirements of the Sexual Harassment of women at workplace (Prevention, Prohibition & Redressal) Act, 2013. Internal Complaints Committee has been set up to redress complaints received regarding sexual harassment. All employees (permanent, contractual, temporary, trainees) are covered under this policy. No complaints were received by the Committee during the period under review.

29. CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY (CSR):

Corporate Social Responsibility provisions not applicable to company.

30.AWARDS AND RECOGNITIONS:

(1) Zuari Garden City - Mysore:

ZGC –Mysore has won Outstanding Gardens Award at Mysore Dasara Garden Competition 2018, held in Mysore.

31.TRANSFER OF AMOUNTS TO INVESTOR EDUCATION AND PROTECTION FUND

The Company did not have any funds lying unpaid or unclaimed for a period of seven years. Therefore there were no funds which were required to be transferred to Investor Education and Protection Fund (IEPF).

32.OTHER MATTERS:

A) Debentures:

During the year under review, the Company has not issued any debentures. As on date, the Company does not have any outstanding debentures.

B) Deposits:

The Company has not accepted any deposits in terms of Chapter V of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Acceptance of Deposit) Rules, 2014, during the year under review.

C) Human Resources:

Employee relations continue to be cordial and harmonious at all levels and in all divisions of the Company.

33.DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT:

To the best of their knowledge and belief and according to the information and explanation obtained by them, your Directors make the following statements in terms of provisions of Section 134 (5) of the Companies Act, 2013, and hereby confirm that:

- a) in the preparation of the annual accounts, the applicable Accounting Standards have been followed along with proper explanation relating to material departures;
- b) the Directors have selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company at the end of the financial year and of the profit and loss of the Company for that period;
- c) the Directors have taken proper and sufficient care for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of this Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities;
- d) the Directors have prepared the annual accounts on a going concern basis;

- e) the Directors, have laid down internal financial controls to be followed by the Company and that such internal financial controls are adequate and were operating effectively; and
- f) the Directors have devised proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and that such systems were adequate and operating effectively.

34.ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

The directors place on record their sincere appreciation for the assistance and cooperation extended by Bank, its employees and all other associates and look forward to continue fruitful association with all business partners of the company.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Zuari Infraworld India Limited

Place: Gurgaon

Date: May 20, 2019

N. Suresh Krishnan

Director

Sunil Sethy

Director .

Annexure-A Form AOC-I

(Pursuant to first proviso to sub-section (3) of section 129 read with rule 5 of Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014)

Statement containing salient features of the financial statement of Subsidiaries/associate companies/joint ventures

Part "A": Subsidiaries

(Amount in INR)

l _s	Serial No.	1			
2.	Name of the subsidiary	Zuari Infra Middle East Limited			
3.	Reporting period for the subsidiary concerned, if different from the holding company's reporting period	2018-19			
4.	Reporting currency and Exchange rate as on the last date of the Relevant financial year in the case of foreign subsidiaries				
5.	Share Capital	188,725			
6.	Reserve and Surplus	8,52,07,471			
7.	Total Assets	35,55,23,325			
8.	Total Liabilities	31,70,97,599			
9.	Investments	27,67,643			
10.	Turnover	2,00,81,996			
11.	Profit/(Loss) before taxation	-1,44,64,689			
12.	Provision for taxation	Nil			
13.	Profit after taxation	-1,44,64,689			
14.	Proposed Dividend	Nil			
15.	% of shareholding	100%			

Notes: The following information shall be furnished at the end of the statement:

- 1. Name of subsidiaries which are yet to commence operations -Nil
- 2. Name of subsidiaries which have been liquidated or sold during the year -Nil

Annexure-A Form AOC-I

(Pursuant to first proviso to sub-section (3) of section 129 read with rule 5 of Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014)

Statement containing salient features of the financial statement of Subsidiaries/associate companies/joint ventures

Part "A": Subsidiaries

(Amount in INR)

1,	Serial No.	2				
2.	Name of the subsidiary	Zuari Infraworld SJM Properties L.L.C				
3	Reporting period for the subsidiary concerned, if different from the holding company's reporting period	2018-19				
4.	Reporting currency and Exchange rate as on the last date of the Relevant financial year in the case of foreign subsidiaries	Arab Emirates Dirhams (AED) Exchange rate 1 AED = 18.8275				
5.	Share Capital	56,48,250				
6.	Reserve and Surplus	-6,63,92,248				
7.º	Total Assets	2,77,50,42,379				
8.	Total Liabilities	2,83,57,86,363				
9.	Investments	Nil				
10.	Turnover	Nil				
11.	Profit before taxation	-2,44,92,941				
12.	Provision for taxation	Nil				
13.	Profit after taxation	-2,44,92,941				
14.	Proposed Dividend	Nil				
15.	% of shareholding	Shareholding includes 51% held by a nominee shareholder as per the Shareholders Agreement dated 18.08.2014. As per this agreement Zuari Infra Middle East Limited has complete control over the management. Hence, this Company has been considered as a subsidiary with 100% interest and accordingly consolidated.				

Notes: The following information shall be furnished at the end of the statement:

- 1. Name of subsidiaries which are yet to commence operations -Nil
- 2. Name of subsidiaries which have been liquidated or sold during the year -Nil

Part "B": Associates and Joint Ventures

Statement pursuant to Section 129(3) of the Companies Act, 2013 related to Associate Companies and Joint Ventures

(Amount in INR) Name of Associates/Joint Brajbhumi Darshan Nirmaan Pranati Niketan Ventures Nirmaan Private **Private Limited** Private Limited Limited (Associate) (Associate) (Associate) 1. Latest audited Balance Sheet 31-03-2019 31-03-2019 31-03-2019 Date 2.Date on which the Associate 05-03-2014 09-12-2014 09-12-2014 or Joint venture was associated or acquired 3. Shares of Associate/Joint Ventures held by the company on the year end No 10,00,000 2,500 2,500 Investment 18,94,00,000 25,000 25,000 Amount of in Associates/Joint Venture 25% 25% Extent of Holding % 25% 4. Description of how there is N.A. significant influence The Accounts of Associate Company has been consolidated 5. Reason why the associate/ joint venture is not consolidated 6. Net worth attributable to 7,03,55,271 (40,055)(34,014)Shareholding as per latest audited Balance Sheet 7. Profit / Loss for the year i. Considered in Consolidation -20,26,092 Nil Nil Considered ii. Not Consolidation

1. Names of associates or joint ventures which are yet to commence operations -Nil

2. Names of associates or joint ventures which have been liquidated or sold during the year-Nil

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Zuari Infraworld India Limited

N. Suresh Krishnan

Such Krichen

Director

Sunil Sethy Director

Direct

Place: Gurgaon Date: May 20, 2019

FORM NO. MGT 9 EXTRACT OF ANNUAL RETURN

as on financial year ended on 31.03.2019

[Pursuant to Section 92 (3) of the Companies Act, 2013 and rule 12(1) of the Company (Management & Administration) Rules, 2014]

I. REGISTRATION AND OTHER DETAILS:

CIN	U45309KA2007PLC043161			
Registration Date	18 th June 2007			
Name of the Company	Zuari Infraworld India Limited			
Category of the Company	Company having Share Capital			
Sub-category of the Company	Indian Non-Government Company			
Address of the Registered	"ADVENTZ CENTRE", 1st Floor, No.28, Cubbon Road			
office and contact details	Bangalore -560001			
	Tel: 080-49066900			
	Email: ramegowda@adventzinfra.com			
	Website: www.zuariinfraworld.com			
Whether listed company	Unlisted Public Company			
Name, Address and Contact	Zuari Investments Limited			
Details of Registrar and	Zuari House, Plot No.2, Zamrudpur Community Centre			
Transfer Agent, if any	Kailash Colony, New Delhi -48			
	Tel: 011-46474000			
	Email: rta@adventz.zuarimoney.com			

II. PRINCIPAL BUSINESS ACTIVITIES OF THE COMPANY

All the business activities contributing 10 % or more of the total turnover of the company

Name and Description of main	NIC Code of the	% to total turnover of the company
products / services	Product/service	
Construction and Real Estate	4100	100%
Development		

III. PARTICULARS OF HOLDING, SUBSIDIARY AND ASSOCIATE COMPANIES

S.NO	NAME AND		HOLDIN	% of	Applicable
	ADDRESS OF THE	CIN/GLN/Registration No	G/SUBSID	Shares	Section
	COMPANY		IARY/ASS	held	
			OCIATE		
1	Zuari Global Limited Jai Kisaan Bhawan Zuarinagar Goa - 403726	L65921GA1967PLC000157	Holding	100%	2(46)
2	Zuari Infra Middle East Limited Al Kttbi & Associates Chartered Accountants, P.O.Box 114429, Dubai,	Foreign Company	Subsidiary	100%	2(87)

	UAE				
3	Zuari Infraworld SJM Propeorties LLC Office # 705, 7th Floor, Bay Sqaure Building # 13, Business Bay, Dubai, UAE, P.O.Box 27508	Foreign Company	Subsidiary	##	2(87)
4	Brajbhumi Nirmaan Private Limited PTI Building, 7th Floor, Block DP9, Salt Lake, Sector V, Kolkata - 700091	U51909WB2010PTC141036	Associate	25%	2 (6)
5	Darshan Nirmaan Private Limited PTI Building, 7th Floor, Block DP9, Salt Lake, Sector V, Kolkata - 700091	U70109WB2011PTC165776	Associate	25%	2 (6)
6	Pranati Niketan Private Limited PTI Building, 7th Floor, Block DP9, Salt Lake, Sector V, Kolkata - 700091	U70109WB2011PTC165880	Associate	25%	2 (6)

Note: Shareholding includes 51% held by a nominee shareholder as per the Shareholders Agreement dated 18.08.2014. As per this agreement Zuari Infra Middle East Limited has complete control over the management. Hence, this Company has been considered as a subsidiary with 100% interest and accordingly consolidated.

IV. SHARE HOLDING PATTERN (Equity Share Capital Breakup as percentage of Total Equity)

i) Category-wise Share Holding

Category of Shareholders	No. of Shar	es held at the	beginning of the	ne year	No. of Shares held at the end of the year				% Change
	Demat	Physical	Total	% of Total Shares	Demat	Physical	Total	% of Total Shares	during the year
A1 Indian Promoters							¢:		
a) Individual/ Hindu Undivided Family	-	-	~	=	-	-	-	-	
b)Central Govt.	=	-	349	×		2	₽	12	
c) State Govt(s)	2	TE .	*	-	•	=	¥	-	
d) Bodies Corp.	46,540,000	10,000	46,550,000	100%	46,540,000	10,000	46,550,000	100%	0.00
e) Banks / FI	3	+	32	2		=	-	- 3	
f) Any other	1967	- 4			3	-	Ē	Ģ	

Sub-Total (A)(1)	46,540,000	10,000	46,550,000	100%	46,540,000	10,000	46,550,000	100%	0.00
A2 Foreign Promoters a) NRIs -Individuals	•	8=	ē=1	*		-		-	
	5			-	Ħ.	: H		*	
b) Other -Individuals		-					.55	*	
c) Bodies Corp.							385	-	
d) Banks/FI					*	16		-	
e) Any others Sub-Total (A)(2)	5 2 5	-			e '*	-		-	
Total Shareholding of Promoters(A) =(A)(1)+(A)(2)	46,540,000	10,000	46,550,000	100%	46,540,000	10,000	46,550,000	100%	0.00
B Public		- 0,000	10,000,000	10070	10,010,000	10,000	10,550,000	10070	0.00
Shareholding									
1. Institutions									
a) Mutual Funds	· ·		-		Vie	120	21	-	
	5								
b) Banks / FI c) Central Govt.	1 -	7	7.				9.1	,	
d) State Govt(s)		-	-				-		
e) Venture Capital	-	=	-	-					
f) Insurance Companies		<u>u</u>		*	•	•	=	œ.	:=
g) FIIs	-				-	-	_		
h) Foreign Venture Capital Funds	-	щ	9	100	9	*	-		.5
i)Other(specify)	:2	÷.	2	2	= =	1		9.	-
Sub-total (B)(1):-	э	-	*	-		-	-	-	-
2.Non-Institutions									
(a) Bodies Corp.									
i. Indian		-	-	-	-		-	-	-
ii. Overseas	_	_	(#	-			4		
(b) Individuals								-	
I Individual shareholders holding nominal share capital upto Rs. 1 lakh	-	-	1	Ä	₩ 1		-	-	
ii Individual shareholders holding nominal share capital in excess of Rs 1 lakh	-	**	•	-	2	=	-	3	-
c) Other (specify)	-	-	-	ш	2	-	-	-	_
Sub-total (B)(2):-	-		===	-	*	-	-	-	
Total Public Shareholding (B)=(B)(1)+(B)(2)	-	·	-	2	•		-		-

C. Shares held by Custodian for GDRs & ADRs	æ	2	2	-9	-			-	-
Grand Total (A+B+C)	46,540,000	10,000	46,550,000	100%	46,540,000	10,000	46,550,000	100%	0.00

ii) Shareholding of Promoter

SI .No	Shareholder's Name Shareholding at the beginning of the year Shareholding at the end of the						the year	% change in		
		No. of Shares	% of total Shares of the company	%of Shares Pledged / encumbered to total shares	No. of Shares	% of total Shares of the compa ny	%of Shares Pledged / encumbe red to total shares	sharehold ing during the year		
1	Zuari Global Limited	46,550,000	100%	•	46,550,000	100%	=	\ <u></u>		
	Total	46,550,000	100%		46,550,000	100%	40	-		

iii) Change in Promoters' Shareholding (please specify, if there is no change)

	Shareholding the year	at the beginning of	Cumulative Shareholding during the year		
	No. of shares	% of total shares of the company	No. of shares	% of total shares of the company	
At the beginning of the year				The state of the s	
Date wise Increase / Decrease in					
Promoters Shareholding during the					
year specifying the reasons for					
increase / decrease (e.g. allotment	No Ch				
/transfer / bonus/ sweat equity etc.):					
At the end of the year					

iv) Shareholding Pattern of top ten Shareholders:

(Other than Directors, Promoters and Holders of GDRs and ADRs):

SI.	For Each of the Top 10	Shareh	oldir	ng at the beginning	Cumulat	ive	Shareholding
No.	Shareholders	of the year			during the year		
		No.	of	% of total	No.	of	% of total
		shares		shares of the	shares		shares of the
				company			company
	At the beginning of the year		-	2		+	
	Date wise Increase / Decrease in Promoters Shareholding during the year specifying the reasons for increase /decrease (e.g. allotment / transfer / bonus/ sweat equity etc):		*	-		2	1,5
	At the end of the year		-	=		#	4

v) Shareholding of Directors and Key Managerial Personnel:

SI. No.	For Each of the Directors and KMP	Shareholding at the beginning of the year		Cumulative Shareholding during the year				
		No. of shares % of total shares of the		No. of shares	% of total			
			company		shares of the company			
	At the beginning of the year							
	Date wise Increase / Decrease in	in						
	Promoters Shareholding during the							
	year specifying the reasons for	None of the Di	rectors and Key M	lanagerial Person	nel holds shares in			
	increase /decrease (e.g. allotment /							
	transfer / bonus/ sweat equity etc.):							
	At the end of the year							

V. INDEBTEDNESS

Indebtedness of the Company including interest outstanding/accrued but not due for payment.

(AMOUNT IN INR)

	Secured Loans excluding deposits	Unsecured Loans	Deposits	Total Indebtedness
Indebtedness at the beginning of the financial year				
i) Principal Amount	1,39,88,63,295	42,08,00,000		1,81,96,63,295
ii) Interest due but not paid	, , , ,	, , ,		, , , ,
iii) Interest accrued but not due			H	
Total (i+ii+iii)	1,39,88,63,295	42,08,00,000		1,81,96,63,295
Change in Indebtedness during the financial year				
* Addition	1,64,36,03,253	58,58,00,000	-	2,22,94,03,253
* Reduction	(1,39,88,63,294)	(52,31,00,712)	-	1,92,19,64,007
Net Change	24,79,39,958	6,26,99,288		30,74,39,246
Indebtedness at the end of the financial year				
i) Principal Amount	1,64,36,03,253	48,34,99,288	-	2,12,71,02,541
ii) Interest due but not paid		1,05,79,548		1,05,79,548
iii) Interest accrued but not due			2) <u>-</u>
Total (i+ii+iii)	1,64,36,03,253	49,40,78,836	<u> </u>	2,13,76,82,089

VI. REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS AND KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL-

A. Remuneration to Managing Director, Whole-time Directors and/or Manager:

SN.	Particulars of Remuneration	Name	Name of MD/WTD/ Manager					
		MFF:		(**	75 (10)	*		
1	Gross salary							
	(a) Salary as per provisions	:=3	-	5 5 .		-		
	contained in section 17(1) of the	0,81		2.0	*	-		
	Income-tax Act, 1961							
	(b) Value of perquisites u/s 17(2) Income-tax Act, 1961	2 +	-	-	-	:4:		
	(c) Profits in lieu of salary under section 17(3) Income- tax Act, 1961		-	e s	ŧ	. 		
2	Stock Option	·	-	-). (#:		
3	Sweat Equity		= =	·	-	0.5		
4	Commission -as % of profit - others,	•	*	· ·		٠.		
5	Others, please specify	(m)	-		2	.=		
	Total (A)	±.8	- 1	; - :		199		
	Ceiling as per the Act							

B. Remuneration to other directors:

SN.	Particulars of Remuneration Independent Directors Sunil Sethy Fee for attending Board/ Committee meetings		ne of Directors	Total Amount in Rs.
1	Independent Directors	Sunil Sethy	Krishan Kumar Gupta	
		2,67,500	2,67,500	5,35,000
	CommissionOthers, please specify		-	.e.
	Total (1)			5,35,000
2	Other Non-Executive Directors	N. Suresh Krishnan		-
	Fee for attending board			:#1:

committee meetings	1				
Commission	-	¥	Res	-	
Others, please specify	*	:(+)	Se:	-	2
 Total (2)		⊕:		2	_
Total (B)=(1+2)	*	(#)	:#:	+	5,35,000
Total - Managerial Remuneration	-	7 .0 0	-	-	*
Overall Ceiling as per the Act		×=			

C. REMUNERATION TO KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL OTHER THAN MD/MANAGER/WTD

SN	Particulars of	Key Managerial Personnel								
	Remuneration									
		Mr. Alok Banerjee	Mr. Anshul Amit	Mr. C G Ramegowda,	Total					
		(CEO)	Bansal	Company Secretary						
			(CFO)							
1	Gross salary									
	(a) Salary as per	97,36,936	23,92,286	13,23,484	1,34,52,706					
	provisions contained									
	in section 17(1) of the									
	Income-tax Act, 1961									
	(b) Value of	-	-		:e)					
	perquisites u/s									
	17(2) Income-tax									
	(c) Profits in lieu of	25	E .	*						
	salary under section									
	17(3) Income-tax Act,									
	1961									
2	Stock Option	=	(e)	-	-					
3	Sweat Equity			-	#					
4	Commission									
	- as % of profit	2	·		*					
	others, specify									
5	Others, please specify	4,50,684	1,01,916	57,324	6,09,924					
	(Post-employment									
	Benefits)									
	Total	1,01,87,620	24,94,202	13,80,808	1,40,62,630					

VII. PENALTIES / PUNISHMENT/ COMPOUNDING OF OFFENCES:

Type	Section of the Companies Act	Brief Description	Details of Penalty / Punishment/ Compounding fees imposed	Authority [RD / NCLT/ COURT]	Appeal made, if any (give Details)	
A.	COMPANY		1			
Penalty	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	
Punishment	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	
Compounding	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	
В.	DIRECTORS					
Penalty	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	
Punishment	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	
Compounding	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	
C.	OTHER OFFICER	S IN DEFAUI	LT			
Penalty	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	
Punishment	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	
Compounding	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Zuari Infraworld India Limited

Place: Gurgaon

Date: May 20, 2019

N. Suresh Krishnan

Director

Sunil Sethy Director

ANNEXURE -C

Statement pursuant to Section 134 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule 5(2) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014

(A)Employed throughout the financial year

Name	Age	Designation	Nature of Employment (Contractual or otherwise	Gross Remuneration	Qualificatio n	Experienc e (Years)	Dare of Commencement of Employment	Previous Employment Held
Mr. Alok Banerjee	56	Chief Executive Officer	Permanent Employee	1,01,87,620	B.Com, ACA & ACS	30	01.11.2012	Axiom Estates Advisory Services Pvt. Limited

- (B) Employed for a part of the financial year None
- (C) Employed throughout the financial year or part thereof -None

Notes

- 1. Gross Remuneration comprises salary, allowances, Company's contribution to provident fund and taxable value of perquisites.
- 2. The employee mentioned above is not a relative to any Director.
- 3. The employee mentioned above does not hold any equity shares in the company within the meaning of clause (iii) of sub-rule (2).



Form No. MR-3

SECTRETERIAL AUDIT REPORT

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED ON MARCH 31, 2019

[Pursuant to section 204(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and rule No. 9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014]

To The Members, Zuari Infraworld India Limited Bangalore

I have conducted the secretarial audit of the compliance of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate practices by Zuari Infraworld India Limited. (hereinafter called the Company). Secretarial Audit was conducted in a manner that provided me a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts/ statutory compliances and expressing my opinion thereon.

Based on my verification of the Company's books, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the company and also the information provided by the Company, its officers, agents and authorized representatives during the conduct of secretarial audit, I hereby report that in my opinion, the company has, during the audit period covering the financial year ended on March 31, 2019, complied with the statutory provisions listed hereunder and also that the company has proper Board- processes and compliance-mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter:

I have examined the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by Zuari Infraworld India Limited ("the Company") for the financial year ended on March 31, 2019 according to the provisions of:

- i. The Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) and the rules made thereunder;
- ii. The Depositories Act, 1996 and the Regulations and Bye-Laws framed thereunder;
- iii. Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and the rules and regulations made thereunder to the extent of Overseas Direct Investment;
- iv. Transfer of Property Act, 1882;
- v. Real Estate (Regulation and Development) Act, 2016
- vi. The Karnataka Panchayat Raj Act, 1993
- vii. Building and Other Construction Workers' (Regulation of Employment and Conditions of Services) Act, 1996 and Rules made thereunder
- viii. The Karnataka Town and Country Planning Act, 1961
- ix. The Environment (Protection) Act, 1986

S No.6040 P. No.6137

x. The Hazardous Waste (Management, Handling and Transboundary Movement) Rules, 2008

Sudhir Vishnupant Hulyalkar

Company Secretaries

16/8 Ground Floor, 2nd Cross, Gupta Layout, South End Road, Basavanagudi, Bangalore - 560 004

Wy sephone: 080 26640932; 080-41123587 Mobile: 9844266159 Email: cssudhirvh@gmail.com

- xi. The Water (Prevention & Control Of Pollution) Act, 1974
- xii. The Air (Prevention & Control of Pollution) Act,1981
- xiii. Other Labour, employee and Industrial Laws to the extent applicable to the Company

I have also examined compliance with the applicable clauses of the Secretarial Standards issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India.

During the period under review the Company has complied with the provisions of the Act, Rules and Regulations, Guidelines, Standards as mentioned above.

The Board of Directors of the Company is duly constituted with Non - Executive Directors and Independent Directors. No changes in the composition of the Board of Directors took place during the period under review.

Adequate notice is given to all Directors to schedule the Board meetings, agenda and detailed note on agenda were sent at least seven days in advance and a system exists for seeking and obtaining further information and clarifications on the agenda items before the meeting and for meaningful participation at the meeting.

The decisions carried through are recorded in the minutes. I did not find any dissenting views recorded in the minutes. It was informed to me that, in absence of any such dissenting views it was not required to record any such views in the minutes.

I further report that there are adequate systems and processes in the company commensurate size and operations of the company to monitor and ensure compliance with applicable laws, rules, regulations and guidelines.

I further report that, during the audit period there were no events / actions took place having major bearing on the Company's affairs in pursuance of the above referred laws, rules, regulations, guidelines, standards, etc.

Place: Bangalore Date: 20/05/2019

Sudhir Vishnupant Hulyalka SECR

FCS No.6040

Company Secretary in Practice

FCS No. 6040, CP: 6137



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To,
The Members of Zuari Infraworld India Limited,
Bangalore.

Report on the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the standalone financial statements of Zuari Infraworld India Limited ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31st March 2019, the Profit and Loss statement, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the year then ended and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid standalone financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2019, profit, changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Emphasis of Matter

We draw attention to Note 7.7 of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2019 regarding the advances paid to a sub-contractor aggregating to Rs 2,246.49 lakhs and interest accrued on the same for Rs. 33.72 lakhs in respect of which the Management is in negotiation with that party for its recovery. The Management of the Company is confident that this advance will be fully recovered and hence no provision is considered necessary at this stage.

Our Opinion is not modified in the respect of this matter.



Page 1 of 9



Chartered Accountants

Other Information

The Company's Board of Directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Board of Directors report but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Management's Responsibility for the Standalone Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, (changes in equity) and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate implementation and maintenance of accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statement that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

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Chartered Accountants

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- (i) Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- (ii) Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Companies Act, 2013, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- (iii) Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- (iv) Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- (v) Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- (vi) We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.
- (vii) We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- (1) As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Act ,we give in the Annexure A statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
- (2) As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:

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Chartered Accountants

- (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit
- (b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
- (c) The Balance Sheet, the Profit and Loss Statement, and the Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
- (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid standalone financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.
- (e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31st March, 2019 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31st March, 2019 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
- (f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in **Annexure B**.
- (g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of section 197(16) of the Act, as amended:
 - In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the provisions of section 197 of the Act is not applicable to the Company.
- (h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - (i) The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations on its financial position in its financial statements Refer Note 29.2 of the standalone financial statements;
 - (ii) The Company has made provision, as required under the applicable law or accounting standards, for material foreseeable losses, if any, on long-term contracts.
 - (iii) There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.

for VARMA & VARMA Chartered Accountants FRN 004532S

Place: Gurgaon

Date: 20th May 2019



K P SRINIVAS
Partner
M. No. 208520



ANNEXURE A TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Annexure referred to in Paragraph (1) under the heading "Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements" of our Independent Auditors Report of even date on the Standalone financial statements of Zuari Infraworld India Limited for the year ended 31st March, 2019.

- (i) (a) The company is maintaining proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of Property, Plant and equipment;
 - (b) The Property, Plant and equipment of the Company have not been physically verified by the Management during the year. Accordingly, the discrepancies, if any, could not be ascertained and therefore, we are unable to comment on whether the discrepancies, if any, has been properly dealt with in the books of account.
 - (c) According to the information and explanation given to us by the company, the title deeds of immovable property of the company which is part of the inventory is held by the Company in its own name. As stated in the Note 13 of the standalone financial statements the immovable property has been mortgaged with the banks/ financial institutions as a security for the facilities availed.
- (ii) The company does not carry inventory of the nature covered by Ind AS-2. Thus paragraph 3(ii) of the order does not apply to the company.
- (iii) The company has granted loans and given guarantee to the parties covered in the register maintained under section 189 of the Companies Act, 2013 "the Act", further:
 - (a) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on the audit procedures conducted by us, we are of the opinion that the terms and conditions of loans granted by the company to one party covered in the register maintained under section 189 of the Act, (total loan amount granted during the financial year Rs.1,826.65 lakhs and balance outstanding as at balance sheet date including interest accruals is Rs.2,917.56 lakhs) are not prejudicial to the interest of the company. Further, the company has also given corporate guarantee to one of the banks for extending facilities to a step down subsidiary outside India.
 - (b) In respect of above loans, interest along with principal amount is payable after three years from the date of its disbursement and no amount was overdue in respect of principal and interest.
 - (c) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on the audit procedures conducted by us, no amounts are overdue for more than 90 days.
- (iv) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on the audit procedures conducted by us in respect of loans, investments, guarantee's and security provisions of section 185 and 186 of the Act have been complied with.
- (v) The company has not accepted deposits in accordance with directives issued by the Reserve Bank of India and the provisions of sections 73 to 76 or any other relevant provisions of the Companies Act and the rules framed there under are not applicable to the company.

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Chartered Accountants

- (vi) According to the information and explanations given to us, the maintenance of cost records under 148 (1) of the Act read with Companies (Cost records and Audit) Rules, 2014 are not applicable to the company.
- (vii) (a) According to the information and explanation given to us and as per our verification of the records of the company, The Company has been generally regular, in depositing undisputed statutory dues including provident fund, employees 'state insurance, incometax, Goods and Service tax, duty of customs, labour cess and any other statutory dues, to the extent applicable with the appropriate authorities and no material statutory dues have been outstanding for more than six months from the due date as at the year-end.
 - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us, there are no unpaid dues of income tax or Goods and Service Tax disputed taxes as on 31st March, 2019 except for the TDS default demand of Rs.6,13,260/- as per the TRACES portal of Income Tax Department.
- (viii) According to information and explanations given to us and as per our verification of the records of the company, the company has not defaulted in repayment of its dues to bank and financial institutions during the year, except a minor delay as given below:

Particulars		Nature of Dues	Amount of default (Rs)	Default (in days)	
HDFC Limited	Bank	Principal repayment of Term Loan	5,00,00,000	3 days	

The Company has not issued debentures or obtained loans from Government.

- (ix) The company has not raised any money by way of initial public offer or further public offer and hence clause (ix) is not applicable to the company to that extent. According to the information and explanations provided to us, the Company has utilised the monies raised by way of term loans for the purpose for which the loan was obtained.
- (x) According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the company examined by us, no frauds by the Company or on the Company by its officers or employees has been noticed or reported during the year.
- (xi) According to the information and explanations provided to us, the provisions of section 197 read with Schedule V to the Act is not applicable to the company for the year.
- (xii) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not a Nidhi Company. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xii) of the Order is not applicable.
- (xiii) According to the information and explanations provided to us and as per our verification, all the transactions with related parties are in compliance with section 177 and 188 of the Companies Act 2013 since in the view of the company these transactions have been undertaken on arm's length basis in the ordinary course of business and all the details as required to be disclosed by the applicable accounting standard (Ind AS 24 Related Parties Disclosures) have been disclosed in the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2019

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- (xiv) According to the information and explanations give to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly convertible debentures during the year. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xiv) of the Order is not applicable.
- (xv) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not entered into non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with him. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xv) of the Order is not applicable.
- (xvi) The Company is not required to be registered under section 45IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xvi) of the Order is not applicable.

for VARMA & VARMA Chartered Accountants FRN 004532S

Place: Gurgaon Date: 20th May 2019



K P SRINIVAS
Partner
M. No. 208520



ANNEXURE - B TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT.

The Annexure referred to in Paragraph (2) (g) under the heading "Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements" of our Independent Auditors Report of even date on the standalone financial statements of Zuari Infraworld India Limited for the year ended 31st March, 2019.

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of **Zuari Infraworld India Limited** ("the Company") as of 31st March 2019 in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI'). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

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Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at 31st March 2019, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

for VARMA & VARMA Chartered Accountants FRN 004532S

Place: Gurgaon

Date: 20th May 2019



K P SRINIVAS
Partner
M. No: 208520

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ZUARI INFRAWORLD INDIA LIMITED STANDALONE BALANCE SHEET

(All Amounts in Indian Rupees in lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

	Note	As at	As at
100570	No.	March 31, 2019	March 31, 2018
ASSETS			
Non-current assets			
(a.) Property, plant and equipment	3.1	135,42	154.89
(b.) Other intangible assets	3.2	1.36	1.80
(c _i) Financial assets:			
(i.) Investments	4	11,419.48	12,326.80
(ii.) Loans	5.1	2,917:56	860.07
(iii.) Other financial assets	6.1	31.16	29.09
(d.) Income tax assets (net)		51.38	115.59
(e) Other non current assets	7.1	1,077.44	884.12
		15,633.80	14,372.36
Current assets			
(a.) Inventories	8	26,506.29	17,408.05
(b.) Financial assets			
(i.) Trade receivables	9	618.52	1,868.36
(ii.) Cash & Cash equivalents	10	185.50	454.88
(iii) Other bank balances	10.1	500.00	10 1.00
(iv.) Loans	5.2	9 44	1.88
(v.) Other financial assets	6.2	428.01	958.49
(c.) Other current assets	7.2	3,428.05	2,952.46
(a) a man a a man a a a a a a a a a a a a a	1-2	31,675.81	23,644.12
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		47,309.61	38,016.48
Equity			
(a.) Equity share capital	11	4,655.00	4,655.00
(b.) Other equity	12	10,238.35	10,585,59
		14,893.35	15,240.59
Liabilities		14,000.00	10,240.00
Non-current liabilities			
(a.) Financial liabilities			
(i.) Borrowings	13.1	18,937.23	12 470 06
(ii.) Trade payables	14.1	10,337.23	12,470.06
- dues to micro and small enterprises	14.1		
- dues to other creditors		20.01	400.57
(iii.) Other financial liabilities	45.4	39 01	199.57
b.) Provisions	15.1	24 92	26.01
c.) Deferred tax liability (net)	16.1	53.72	39.49
c.) Deletted tax liability (net)	17	220.60	213.57
Current liabilities		19,275.48	12,948.69
a.) Financial liabilities			
(i.) Borrowings	10.0		
` '	13.2	1,058.11	3,500.00
(ii.) Trade payables	14.2		
- dues to micro and small enterprises		4.56	
- dues to other creditors		1,117:77	1,146.53
(iii.) Other financial liabilities	15.2	2,437.06	3,133.07
b.) Other current liabilities	18	8,517.83	2,040.58
c.) Provisions	16.2	5.44	7.02
		13,140.77	9,827.20
		47,309.61	38,016.48

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the standalone financial statements

This is the balance sheet referred to in our report of even date attached.

For and behalf of the Board of Directors of

Zuari Infraworld India Limited

N SURESH KRISHNAN

Director DIN: 00021965

ANSHUL A. BANSAL Chief Financial Officer DIN: 00244104

SUNIL SETHY

Director

C G RAMEGOWDA Company Secretary

Place: Gurgaon Date: 20 May 2019 ALOK BANERJEE
Chief Executive Officer

For VARMA & VARMA,

Chartered Accountants FRN 004532S

Scinivas. K.P.

K P SRINIVAS Partner M. No. 208520

Place: Gurgaon Date: 20 May 2019



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ZUARI INFRAWORLD INDIA LIMITED STANDALONE PROFIT AND LOSS STATEMENT

(All Amounts in	Indian	Rupees	in	lakhs,	unless	otherwise stated)	
D 11 1							ä

Particulars	Note No.	For the year ended March 31, 2019	For the year ended March 31, 2018
REVENUE:			
Revenue from operations	19	2.185.30	000.00
Other income	20	1,144.54	663,28
Total Income	20	3,329.84	632.84
EXPENSES:			
Purchase of materials, sub-contract charges and other project costs	21	2,443.19	2.550.44
Changes in Construction Work-in-progress	22	(1,150.67)	2,558.44
Employee benefit expenses	23	274.25	(2,105.56)
Other expenses	24	608.46	143.23
Total expenses	24	2,175.22	338-23
Profit Before Interest, Tax and Depreciation & Amortisation		1,154.62	934.34
Finance costs	25	959.17	361.77
Depreciation and amortization expense	26	19.93	242.94
Profit before tax expenses	20 3	175.52	24.18 94.65
Tax expenses:	27		
Current tax expense	21	4.00	2.00
Tax Expense of earlier years		2.60	6.00
Deferred tax charge/(credit)		139.40	4.74
Tax Expenses for the year (net)	:	146.00	102.65 113.39
Profit/(Loss) for the year before other comprehensive income	-	29,52	(49.74)
		20.02	(18.74)
Other comprehensive income / (Loss)			
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss			
Remeasurement of defined benefit plans (Gratuity)		5.40	6.65
Deferred tax on above defined benefit plans	92	(1.40)	(1.73)
Total Other Comprehensive Income/(Loss)		4.00	4.92
Total Comprehensive Income/(Loss)	-	33.51	(13.81)
Earning/(Loss) per share (In Rs.)	30		
Basic & Diluted		0.06	(0.04)
Weighted average number of shares used in computing Earnings per sh	are	4,65,50,000	(0.04) 4,65,50,000
The accompanying notes form an integral part of the standalone financia	il statemen	ts	

This is the profit & loss statement referred to in our report of even date attached.

For and behalf of the Board of Directors of Zuari Infraworld India Limited

FRN 004532S Stirivas. K.P

For VARMA & VARMA

Chartered Accountants

N SURESH KRISHNAN Director

SUNIL SETHY Director DIN: 00021965

DIN: 00244104

ALOK BANERJEE Chief Executive Officer K P SRINIVAS Partner

M. No. 208520

ANSHUL A. BANSAL Chief Financial Officer C G RAMEGOWDA Company Secretary

Place: Gurgaon Date: 20 May 2019

Place: Gurgaon Date: 20 May 2019



ZUARI INFRAWORLD INDIA LIMITED STANDALONE STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

(All Amounts in Indian Rupees in takhs, unless otherwise stated)

(All Amounts in Indian Rupees in Jakns, unless otherwise stated)			As at March 31, 2019	As at March 31, 2018
A. Equity share capital			4,655	4,655
B. Other equity				
	Securities premium account	Equity Component of convertible preference shares	Retained earnings	Total
Balance as at 1 April, 2017	7,650.00	424.95	(121.55)	7,953.40
Profit for the year	-	-	(18.74)	(18.74)
Income tax effect on the interest on preference shares	-	(146.15)	-	(146.15)
Remeasurement of defined benefit obligations	-	-	4.92	4.92
Security premium on the issue of preference shares	2,655.00	-	-	2,655.00
Equity component of preference shares issued	. 2	137.15	180	137.15
Balance as at 31 March, 2018	10,305.00	415.96	(135.36)	10,585.59
Adjustment pursuant to adoption of Ind AS 115		-	(514.53) 133.78	(514.53) 133.78
Income tax effect on above adjustment Balance as at 1 April, 2018 after adjustments under Ind AS 115	10,305.00	415.96	(516.12)	10,204.84
Profit for the year ended 31 March 2019	10,000,00	- 11010	29.52	29.52
Remeasurement of defined benefit obligations		-	4.00	4.00
Balance as at 31 March, 2019	10,305.00	415.96	(482.61)	10,238.35

The accompanying notes forms an integral part of the standalone financial statements

This is the statement of changes in equity referred to in our report of even date.

ALOK BANERJEE

Chief Executive Officer

For VARMA & VARMA **Chartered Accountants**

FRN 004532S

Scirilas. W.P.

K P SRINIVAS Partner

M. No. 208520

Place: Gurgaon Date: 20 May 2019

For and behalf of the Board of Directors of

Zuari Infraworld India Limited

N SURESH KRISHNAN

Director

DIN: 00021965

ANSHUL A. BANSAL Chief Financial Officer

Place: Gurgaon Date: 20 May 2019 **SUNIL SETHY**

Director

DIN: 00244104

C G RAMEGOWDA Company Secretary



(All Amounts in Indian Rupees in lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

					For the year ended 31 March 2019	For the year ended 31 March 2018
A.	CASH FLOW FROM O		3:			
	Net Profit before taxat	tion			175.52	94.65
	Adjustments for:					
	Depreciation & Amortisa				29.42	34.26
	Loss on sale of tangible	assets (net)				2.56
	Interest Income	2			(24.48)	(21-24)
	Balances written-off	W-			11:55	1-11
	Short Term Capital Gair				(181_44)	(4.45)
	Dividend from Mutual fu					(4.64)
	Gain on fair value adjus			loss	(643.86)	(485.63)
	Fair value adjustment to	inter corporate deposit	s, net		230.85	(77.46
	Interest expense				2,738:33	1,923.39
	Fair value adjustment to	security deposits, net-			(1.23)	(0.94)
	Provision towards serving	ce refund receivable			*	10.35
	Adjustment on amortisa	tion of financial assets,	net			0.01
	Re-measurement gains				5.40	6.65
	Fair value adjustment to				113.75	95.37
	Operating Profit/(Loss				2,453.82	1,573.99
	Adjustment for changes		tar orrange o		2,100.02	1,010,00
	Decrease/(Increase) in	trade receivables			1,249,84	85.66
	(Increase) / Decrease in	financial and Other ass	sets		84.49	2,095.64
	(Increase) / Decrease in	Inventories			(1,150.67)	(2,105.56)
	(Decrease)/Increase in	Trade Payables			(184.75)	(576.60
	(Decrease)/Increase in I				12.66	(1.01)
	(Decrease)/Increase in I		lities		(2,188.41)	(394.14)
		Net cash generated from operations			276.99	677.98
	Direct Taxes Paid (net		est on refund)		76.38	32.96
	Net cash generated fro		,		353.37	710.94
2	CASH FLOW FROM IN	VESTING ACTIVITIES				
٠,	Additions to tangible/inta		•		(9.52)	(31.80)
	Proceeds from sale of ta				(3-52)	1.39
	Investments in Mutual F	0	•		(5,523.08)	(7,295.96)
	Proceeds from sale of Ir		undn		7,250.51	
	Loans to subsidiaries, n		inds			2,350.41
					(2,283.15)	(782.61)
	Fixed deposits with bank Interest received	K			(500.00) 0.64	45.50
						15.50
	Net cash from Investin	ig activities			(1,064.61)	(5,743.06)
٥.	CASH FLOW FROM FI					
	Proceeds from Issue of		premium)		-	2,950.00
	Proceeds from Short ter	m Borrowings (net)			1,000.00	3,500.00
	Proceeds from Long ten	m Borrowings (net)			1,934.31	800.00
	Interest Paid				(2,492.45)	(1,923.39)
	Net cash used in finan	cing activities		441.86	5,326.61	
	Net Changes in Cash a	and Cash equivalents	during the vear		(269.38)	294.49
	Cash and Cash equivale				454,88	160.39
	Cash and Cash equiva			10)	185.50	454.88
	Disclosure pursuant to					
	Particulars	As at 01 April 2018	Cash Flow	Trf. to Securities	Non-Cash Adj. (Fair	As at 31 March 2019
				Premium	Value adjustments)	
	Redeemable Preference Shares (Debt portion)	814.76	-	-	113.75	928.51

This is the cash flow statement referred to in our report of even date attached

For and behalf of the Board of Directors of

Zuari Infraworld India Limited

FUNIL SETHY Director DIN: 00244104

ALOK BANERJEE Chief Executive Officer

ANSHUL A. BANSAL Chief Financial Officer

Such Kristian

DIN; 0002/1965

Director

N SURESH KRISHNAN

C G RAMEGOWDA Company Secretary

Place: Gurgaon Date: 20 May 2019

Place: Gurgaon Dale: 20 May 2019

K P SRINIVAS

M. No. 208520

Partner

For VARMA & VARMA

Chartered Accountants FRN 004532S

Scinivas Ref

1. Corporate information:

Zuari Infraworld India Limited ("the Company" or 'ZIIL') is a wholly owned subsidiary of Zuari Global Limited ("ZGL"). The company is a public limited company incorporated with registration number U45309KA2007PLC043161 on 18 June 2007 and having its registered office at Bangalore.

The Company is primarily into the business of developing residential cum commercial properties intended for sale.

The financial statements were approved for issue in accordance with the resolution of the Board of directors at the meeting held on 20th May, 2019.

2. Significant accounting policies:

(a.) Basis of preparation

The standalone financial statements of the Company have been prepared under the historical cost convention on the accrual basis except for certain financial instruments which are measured at fair values in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under Section 133 of the Companies Act,2013 ("the Act") read with Rule 3 of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and in accordance with the reporting requirement the Act to the extent notified.

These Accounting policies have been consistently applied by the Company in the preparation and presentation of these financial statements except where a newly issued/ notified accounting standard is initially adopted or a revision to an existing accounting standard requires a change in the accounting policy which was in use.

Current and Non-current classification

All Assets and liabilities have been classified as current or non-current as per the Company's normal operating cycle and other criteria set out in Schedule III of the Companies Act, 2013. As the Company is engaged in developing a residential cum commercial project, the normal operating cycle is based on the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realization in cash and cash equivalents. The Company has ascertained its operating cycle as one year for the purpose of Current - Non-current classification of assets and liabilities, which is considered appropriate.

The standalone financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees in lakhs, except when otherwise indicated.

(b.) Use of accounting estimates, accounting judgements, and assumptions:

Preparation of these financial statements in conformity with Ind AS requires the management to make estimates, judgments and assumptions. Such estimates, judgments and assumptions affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the year.

The application of accounting policies that require critical accounting estimates involving complex and subjective judgments and the use of such assumptions in these financial statements have been disclosed in the ensuing notes. Accounting estimates could change from year to year and also actual results could differ from those estimates. Appropriate changes in estimates are made as Management becomes aware of changes in circumstances surrounding these estimates. Changes in estimates are reflected in the financial statements in the year in which changes are made and their effects, if material, are disclosed by way of notes to the financial statements.

Significant accounting judgements, estimates and assumptions:

(i) Useful life of Property, plant & equipment:

The determination of estimated useful lives and expected residual values are based on the technical evaluation carried by the Company and these are reviewed by the Management of the Company at each reporting date.

(ii) Impairment of financial assets and evaluation of impairment indicators:

The evaluation of applicability of impairment indicators for an assets requires assessment of several external and internal factors which could result in deterioration of recoverable amount of the assets. As at the balance sheet date based on the historical default rates absorbed over the expected useful life, the Management assess the fair value of various financial assets and liabilities and their resultant fair values.

(iii) Impairment of non-financial assets:

Impairment exists when the carrying value of an asset or cash generating unit exceeds its recoverable amount, which is the higher of its fair value less cost of disposal and its value in use. The calculation of fair value less costs of disposal is based on available data from binding sales transaction conducted at arms' length for similar assets or observable market prices less incremental cost for disposing of the asset. The value in use calculation is based on a DCF model. The cash flows are derived from budget for the future years and do not include any restricting activities not committed for or significant future investments that will enhance the performance of the assets of the CGU being tested. The recoverable amount is sensitive to the discount rates used for the DCF model as well as the expected future cash flows and the growth rate used for extrapolation purposes. These estimates are most relevant to the goodwill and other intangibles with indefinite useful lives recognised in the financial statements.

(iv) Contingencies:

Contingent liabilities may arise from the ordinary course of business in relation to claims against the Company, including legal. By their nature, contingencies will be resolved only when one or more uncertain future events occur or fail to occur. The assessment of the existence, and potential quantum, of contingencies inherently involves the exercise of significant judgement and the use of estimates regarding the outcome of future events.

(v.) Construction work-in-progress

The Company holds inventories stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Such inventories include land, work in progress and completed units. Considering the nature of the activity and, in particular the scale of its developments and the length of the development cycle, the Company has to allocate project-wide development costs between units being built. It also has to forecast the costs to complete on such developments.

In making such assessments and allocations, there is a degree of inherent estimation uncertainty; in particular due to the need to take account of future direct input costs, sales prices and the need to allocate project-wide costs on an appropriate basis to reflect the overall level of development risk, including planning risk. The Company has established internal controls designed to effectively assess and review inventory carrying values and ensure the appropriateness of the estimates made. These assessments and allocations evolve over the life of the development in line with the risk profile, and accordingly the margins reflects these evolving estimates. Similarly, these estimates impact the carrying value of inventory at each reporting date as this is a function of costs incurred in the year and the allocation of inventory to costs of sales on each property sold.

(vi.) Defined benefit plans (gratuity benefits)

The cost of the defined benefit gratuity plan and the present value of the gratuity obligation are determined using actuarial valuations. An actuarial valuation involves making various assumptions that may differ from actual developments in the future. These include the determination of the discount rate, future salary increases and mortality rates. Due to the complexities involved in the valuation and its long-term nature, a defined benefit obligation is highly sensitive to changes in these assumptions. All assumptions are reviewed at each reporting date. The parameter most subject to change is the discount rate. In determining the appropriate discount rate for plans operated in India, the management considers the interest rates of government bonds. The mortality rate is based on publicly available mortality tables for the specific countries. Those mortality tables tend to change only at interval in response to demographic changes. Future salary increases and gratuity increases are based on expected future inflation rates for the respective countries.

(vii.) Fair value measurement of financial instruments

When the fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded in the financial statements cannot be measured based on quoted prices in active markets, their fair value is measured using valuation techniques including the DCF model. The inputs to these models are taken from observable markets where possible, but where this is not feasible, a degree of judgement is required in establishing fair values. Judgements include considerations of inputs such as liquidity risk, credit risk and volatility. Changes in assumptions about these factors could affect the reported fair value of financial instruments.

(i) Property, plant and equipment

The Property, plant and equipment('PPE') of the Company are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any. The cost comprises of the purchase price, borrowing costs if capitalization criteria are met and directly attributable cost of bringing the asset to its current working condition for the intended use. Any trade discounts or rebates are deducted in arriving at the purchase cost. Subsequent expenditure related to an item of PPE is added to its book value only if it increased the future benefits from the existing assets beyond its previously assessed standard performance.

Recognition:

The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognised as an asset if, and only if:

- (i.) it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company, and
- (iii) the cost of the item can be measured reliably.

De-recognition:

Gain/ (losses) arising from the de-recognition of a PPE are measured as the difference between the net proceeds on disposal and the carrying amount of the PPE. The resultant gain/(losses) are recognised in the Profit or Loss statement when the PPE is de-recognised.

(ii) Depreciation

Depreciation is provided under the Straight Line Method after retaining estimated residual value not exceeding 5% of the original cost, except for Leasehold improvements. Depreciation on assets used for the project has been considered as part of construction and development cost. The residual values, useful lives and methods of depreciation of property, plant and equipment are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if considered appropriate.

Upon adoption of Ind AS, the Company has elected to measure all its property plant and equipment at the Previous GAAP carrying amount as its deemed cost on the date of transition to Ind AS i.e., 1st April, 2015.

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The Company has estimated the useful lives detailed as under for each category of PPE:

Name of Assets	Useful Lives	
Office Equipment	5 years	
Plant & Machinery	8 years	
Furniture & Fixtures	10 years	
Computer and servers	5 and 6 years	
Motor Vehicles	10 years	
Leasehold Improvements	Over the primary lease period	
Temporary structure	1 years	

(d.)

(i) Intangible Assets

Intangible assets acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. Subsequent to initial recognition, the intangible assets are stated at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment losses, if any.

Recognition:

The cost of an item of intangible asset is recognised as an asset if, and only if:

- (i) it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company; and
- (ii) the cost of the item can be measured reliably

De-recognition:

Gain/ (losses) arising from the de recognition of intangibles are measured as the difference between the net proceeds on disposal and the carrying amount of the intangibles. The resultant gain/(losses) are recognised in the Profit and Loss statement when the intangible asset is de-recognised.

(ii) Amortisation

The useful lives of intangible assets are assessed as either finite or indefinite. Intangible assets with finite lives are amortized under the Straight Line Method over the useful economic life and assessed for impairment whenever there is an indication that the intangible asset may be impaired. The amortisation period and the amortisation method for an intangible asset with a finite useful life are reviewed at least at the end of each reporting period. The amortisation expense on intangible assets with finite lives is recognised in the statement of profit and loss unless such expenditure forms part of carrying value of another asset. Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives are not amortised, but are tested for impairment annually, either individually or at the cash-generating unit level. The assessment of indefinite life is reviewed annually to determine whether the indefinite life continues to be supportable. If not, the change in useful life from indefinite to finite is made on a prospective basis.

Intangible assets representing computer software is amortised using the straight line method over a period of 5 years.

Upon first-time adoption of Ind AS, the Company had elected to measure all its intangible assets at the Previous GAAP carrying amount as its deemed cost on the date of transition to Ind AS i.e., 1st April, 2015.

(e.) Leases (other than land leases)

Operating Leases as a lessee:

Operating Lease payments are recognised as an expense in the Profit and Loss Statement on a straight line basis with reference to lease terms and other considerations except where:-

- (i) Another systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern of the benefit derived from the asset taken or given on
- (ii) The payments to the lessor are structured to increase in line with expected general inflation to compensate for the lessor's expected inflationary cost increases.

(f.) Impairment

(i) Financial assets (other than at fair value)

The Company assesses at each date of balance sheet whether a financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired. Ind AS 109 requires expected credit losses to be measured through a loss allowance. In determining the allowances for doubtful trade receivables, the Company has used a practical expedient by computing the expected credit loss allowance for trade receivables based on a provision matrix. The provision matrix takes into account historical credit loss experience and is adjusted for forward looking information. The expected credit loss allowance is based on the ageing of the receivables that are due and rates used in the provision matrix. For all other financial assets, expected credit losses are measured at an amount equal to the 12-months expected credit losses or at an amount equal to the life time expected credit losses if the credit risk on the financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition.

(ii) Non-financial assets

Tangible and intangible assets

Property, plant and equipment and intangible assets with finite life are evaluated for recoverability whenever there is any indication that their carrying amounts may not be recoverable. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount (i.e. higher of the fair value less cost to sell and the value-in-use) is determined on an individual asset basis unless the asset does not generate cash flows that are largely independent of those from other assets. In such cases, the recoverable amount is determined for the cash generating unit (CGU) to which the asset belongs. If the recoverable amount of an asset (or CGU) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or CGU) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised in the profit and loss statement.

(g.) Borrowing Costs

Borrowing cost includes interest and amortization of ancillary costs incurred in connection with the arrangement of borrowings. Borrowing cost also includes exchange differences to the extent regarded as an adjustment to the borrowing costs.

Borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the construction of development property are capitalized as part of the cost till such time the property is ready for its intended sale. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the year they occur.

Borrowing costs during an extended period in which it suspends the activities necessary to prepare an asset for its intended use or sale. Such costs are costs of holding partially completed assets and do not qualify for capitalisation. However, the Company does not normally suspend capitalising borrowing costs during a period when it carries out substantial technical and administrative work. The Company also does not suspend capitalising borrowing costs when a temporary delay considering the nature of industry, is a necessary part of the process of getting an asset ready for its intended use or sale.

(h.) Foreign Currency Translation

The Company's financial statements are prepared and presented in Indian Rupees, which is also it's functional currency.

(i.) Initial Recognition:

Foreign currency transactions, if any, are recorded at exchange rate prevailing on the date of transaction/ realisation.

(ii.) Conversion / Reinstatement:

Foreign currency monetary items are translated using the exchange rate prevailing at the reporting date. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost denominated in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rate at the date of the initial transaction. Non-monetary items measured at fair value denominated in a foreign currency are, translated using the exchange rates that existed when the fair value was determined.

(iii.) Exchange Differences:

Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items or on reporting Company's monetary items at rates different from those at which they were initially recorded during the year, or reported in previous financial statements, are recognized as income or as expenses in the year in which they arise

The gain or loss arising on translation of non-monetary items measured at fair value is treated in line with the recognition of the gain or loss on the change in fair value of the item (i.e., translation differences on items whose fair value gain or loss is recognized in other comprehensive income (OCI) or profit and loss are also recognized in OCI or profit and loss, respectively).

(i.) Inventories

The cost of inventories shall comprise all costs of purchase including cost of land, costs of conversion and other costs including borrowing costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition.

Inventories (comprising Land under Development and Construction Work-in-Progress) are stated at lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost includes expenses, net of taxes recoverable, specifically attributable to construction and development of properly intended for sale. The allocation of common costs is based on the normal level of the activities.

(j.) Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Capital Commitments

(i.) Contingent Liabilities

A contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events whose existence will be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events beyond the control of the Company or a present obligation that is not recognized because it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation. A contingent liability also arises in extremely rare cases where there is a liability that cannot be recognized because it cannot be measured reliably. The Company does not recognise a contingent liability but discloses its existence in the financial statements.

(ii.) Provisions

A provision is recognised when the Company has a present obligation as a result of past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

When the Company expects some or all of a provision to be reimbursed, reimbursement is recognised as a separate asset, but only when the reimbursement is virtually certain. The expense relating to a provision is presented in the profit and loss statement net of any reimbursement.

If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects, when appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as a finance cost.

(k.) Revenue Recognition

The Company has applied Ind AS 115 "Revenue from Contracts with Customers" using the cumulative effect method and therefore the comparative information has not been restated and continues to be reported under erstwhile Ind AS 18 "Revenue" read with Guidance Note on Accounting for Real Estate Transactions (for entities to whom Ind AS is applicable) issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (the "ICAI").

The details of accounting policies under Ind AS 18 are disclosed separately if they are different from those under erstwhile revenue standards and the impact of changes is disclosed separately in the financial statements.

Revenue is measured based on the consideration specified in a contract with a customer and excludes amounts collected on behalf of third parties, if any. The Company recognises revenue when it transfers control over a product or service to a customer.

The Company follows a five step model as envisaged in Ind AS 115 given below to determine whether to recognize revenue:

- 1. Identifying the contract with a customer
- 2. Identifying the performance obligations
- 3. Determining the transaction price
- 4. Allocating the transaction price to the performance obligations
- 5. Recognizing revenue when/as performance obligation(s) are satisfied.

Identify the Contract with Customer

The Company evaluates whether a valid contract is satisfying all the following conditions:

- All parties have approved the agreement (may be oral or written)
- All parties are committed to approve their obligations.
- Each party's rights are identifiable.
- The contract has commercial substance.
- Collectability is probable.

Identifying the performance obligations

The Company evaluates the separability of the promised goods or services based on whether they are 'distinct', A promised good or service is 'distinct' if both:

- the customer benefits from the item either on its own or together with other readily available resources, and
- it is 'separately identifiable' (i.e. the Company does not provide a significant service integrating, modifying or customizing it)

Determining the transaction price

The Company considers the terms of the contract and its customary business practices to determine the transaction price. The transaction price excludes amounts collected on behalf of third parties. The consideration promised include fixed amounts, existence of any financial component and any other non-cash consideration, or both.

Where the Company has a right to consideration from a customer in an amount that corresponds directly with the value to the customer of the performance completed to date, the Company recognizes revenue in the amount to which it has a right to invoice.

Allocating the transaction price to the performance obligations

The transaction price is allocated to the separately identifiable performance obligations on the basis of their standalone selling price. For services that are not provided separately, the standalone selling price is estimated using adjusted market assessment approach.

Recognizing revenue when/as performance obligation(s) are satisfied.

Revenue is recognized to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured, regardless of when the payment is being made.

Revenue is recognized either at a point in time or over time, when (or as) the Company satisfies performance obligations by transferring the promised goods or services to its customers

The main revenue streams for Zuari Infraworld India Limited relate are as under

- Residential cum commercial properties (constructed properties)
- Development Management Services
- Sales Commission.

(i) Revenue from sale of residential cum commercial properties (constructed properties)

The Company develops and sells residential cum commercial properties. Revenue is recognised when control over the property has been transferred to the customer. The properties have generally no alternative use for the company due to contractual restrictions. However, an enforceable right to payment does not arise until legal title has passed to the customer. Therefore, revenue is recognised at a point in time when the legal title has been passed to the customer. Each units of the flats or properties are classified as a separate performance obligation and revenue is recognised upon legal transfer of asset to buyer.

The revenue is measured at the transaction price agreed under the contract. In most cases, the consideration is linked with the process of construction and does not involve any significant financial component.

The Company has not adjusted the promised amount of consideration for the effects of a significant financing component. In the view of the Management of the Company contract with a customers would not have a significant financing component as there is no difference between the promised consideration and the cash selling price of the residential units (as described in paragraph 61 and 62 of Ind AS 115) had the same been sold on full cash basis.

(ii) Income from sale of services

Income from service contracts which is in the nature of fees for specified periods are recognised on accrual basis to the extent the services have been rendered and invoices are raised in accordance with the contractual terms with the customers and recoveries are reasonably certain.

(ii) Sales Commission from sale of plots/ residential units

Commission from sale of plots/ residential flats upon sale of the plots/ flats and after receipt of specified sum of consideration as per the terms of contracts.

(iv) Other income

Other income comprises of interest income, dividend income and gain/loss on investments. Interest income is recognized on accrual basis using the effective interest method. Dividend is recognised as and when the right to receive payment is established by the reporting date, which is generally when shareholders approve the dividend.

(I.) Taxes on income

(i) Current income tax

Tax expense comprises current and deferred tax. Current income tax is measured at the amount expected to be paid to the tax authorities using own estimates in accordance with the provisions of Income Tax Act, 1961.

Current income lax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted, at the reporting date.

Current income tax relating to items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised outside profit or loss (either in other comprehensive income or in equity). Management periodically evaluates positions taken in the tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulations are subject to interpretation and establishes provisions where appropriate.



(ii) Deferred tax

Deferred tax is provided using the balance sheet approach on temporary differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes at the reporting date.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the year when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, the carry forward of unused tax credits and any unused tax losses. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilised.

Deferred tax relating to items recognised outside profit or loss statement is recognised outside profit or loss (either in other comprehensive income or in equity).

(m.) Retirement and other Employee Benefits

(i) Provident Fund

Retirement benefit in the form of Provident Fund is a defined contribution scheme and the contributions are charged to the Profit and Loss statement of the year when the contributions to the respective funds are due. There are no other/further obligations other than the contribution payable under the scheme.

(ii) Gratuity

Gratuity liability under the Payment of Gratuity Act 1972, are defined benefit obligations and are provided for on the basis of actuarial valuation on projected unit credit method, made at the end of each financial year. The gratuity liability is not funded.

(iii) Compensated Absences

Short term compensated absences are provided for based on estimates by the Management considering the entitlements outstanding as at the reporting date. Long term compensated absences are provided for based on actuarial valuation made at the end of each financial year. The actuarial valuation is done as per projected unit credit method.

(iv) Remeasurements

Remeasurements, comprising of actuarial gains and losses, the effect of the asset ceiling, excluding amounts included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability and the return on plan assets (excluding amounts included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability), are recognised immediately in the balance sheet with a corresponding debit or credit to retained earnings through OCI in the period in which they occur. Remeasurements are not reclassified to profit or loss statement in subsequent periods. Net interest is calculated by applying the discount rate to the net defined benefit liability or asset.

(n.) Financial Instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are recognised when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial assets and liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value measured on initial recognition of financial asset or financial liability.

(i) Financial assets at amortised cost

Financial assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost if these financial assets are held within a business whose objective is to hold these assets to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual terms of the financial assets give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

(ii) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

Financial assets are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income if these financial assets are held within a business whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows on specified dates are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding and selling financial assets.

The Company has made an irrevocable election to present subsequent changes in the fair value of equity investments not held for trading in other comprehensive income.

(iii) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets are measured at fair value through profit or loss unless they are measured at amortised cost or at fair value through other comprehensive income on initial recognition. The transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are immediately recognised in profit and loss statement.

(iv) Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method

(v) Equity instruments

An equity instrument is a contract that evidences residual interest in the assets of the Company after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments recognised by the Company are recognised at the proceeds received net off direct issue cost.

(vi) Financial guarantee contracts

Financial guarantee contracts issued by the Company are those contracts that require a payment to be made to reimburse the holder for a loss it incurs because the specified debtor fails to make a payment when due in accordance with the terms of a debt instrument.

Financial guarantee contracts are recognised initially as a liability at fair value, adjusted for transaction costs that are directly attributable to the issuance of the guarantee. Subsequently, the liability is measured at the higher of the amount of loss allowance determined as per impairment requirements of Ind AS 109 and the amount recognised less cumulative amortisation.

(o.) Earnings per Share

Basic earnings per share are calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the period attributable to the equity shareholders (after deducting attributable taxes) by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year. For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, net profit or loss for the year attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

(p.) Segment Reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision maker. Chief operating decision maker reviews the performance of the Company according to the nature of business which primarily comprises of development of real estate projects, both residential and commercial.

The Company prepares its segment information in conformity with the accounting policies adopted for preparing and presenting financial statements of the Company as a whole.

(q.)

(i) Equity, reserves and dividend payments

Share capital represents the nominal (par) value of shares that have been issued.

Share premium includes any premiums received on issue of share capital. Any transaction costs associated with the issuing of shares are deducted from share premium, net of any related income tax benefits.

Retained earnings are adjusted for the following:

- Re-measurement of net defined benefit liability-comprises the actuarial losses from changes in demographic and financial assumptions and the return on plan assets

All transactions with owners of the parent are recorded separately within equity.

Dividend distributions payable to equity shareholders are included in other liabilities when the dividends have been approved in a general meeting prior to the reporting date.

(ii) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents in the cash flow statement comprises cash at bank and in hand and short term investments with an original maturity periods of three months or less.

For the purpose of the Statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash and short-term deposits, as defined above, net of outstanding bank overdrafts if any as they are considered an integral part of the Company's cash management.

(r.) Investments

Investments in subsidiary, Joint Ventures and Associates are accounted at their deemed cost in financial statements. Investment in preference shares in Associates and mutual funds are accounted for at fair value through profit and loss (FVTPL) at the reporting date.

(s.) Inventories

The cost of inventories shall comprise of all costs of purchase, cost of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. Inventories are valued at lower of cost and Net Realisable Value (NRV). The cost is determined as under construction work in progress of constructed properties/projects includes the cost of land, internal development cost, external development charges, construction costs, overheads, borrowing costs, construction materials and the same is valued at lower of cost/estimated cost or NRV.

(t.) Recent Accounting pronouncements

(i.) New Accounting Standards not yet adopted:

On 30 March, 2019, the Ministry of Corporate Affairs issued the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) (Amendments) Rules, 2018 notified a new standard, amendments to existing standards and interpretations which are effective for financial year beginning after April 1, 2019, and have not been applied in preparing these standalone financial statements. New standards, amendments to standards and interpretations that could have a potential impact on the financial statements of the Company are:

(a) Ind AS 116 - Leases

Ind AS 116, Leases supersedes the existing standard on leases, Ind AS 17 Lease, and the related interpretations. The new standard introduces a single lessee accounting model for lessee and eliminates the accounting difference between an operating lease and finance lease. Lessee's with operating leases will have a significant impact in accounting under the new standard. The accounting and classification in the books of lessor shall be based on existing operating/finance lease model.

Ind AS 116, Leases sets out the principles for the recognition, measurement, presentation, and disclosure of leases. The objective is to ensure that lessees and lessors provide relevant information in a manner that faithfully represents those transactions. This information gives a basis for users of financial statements to assess the effect that leases have on the financial position, financial performance and cash flows of an entity.

The new standard allows for two methods of transition: the full retrospective approach, under which the effect of adoption of this standard is presented retrospectively to each prior reporting period in accordance with Ind AS 8, Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors or the modified retrospective approach, where the cumulative effect of applying the standard retrospectively is recognized at the date of initial application. The standard is effective for financial year beginning on or after April 1, 2019. The Management is currently assessing the impact of adopting this standard on the Company's financial statements.

- (b.) Amendment to Ind AS 12 Income taxes: On March 30, 2019, Ministry of Corporate Affairs issued amendments to the guidance in Ind AS 12, 'Income Taxes', in connection with accounting for dividend distribution taxes. The amendment clarifies that an entity shall recognise the income tax consequences of dividends in profit or loss, other comprehensive income or equity according to where the entity originally recognised those past transactions or events. Effective date for application of this amendment is annual period beginning on or after April 1, 2019. The Company is currently evaluating the effect of this amendment on the standalone financial statements.
- (c.) Amendment to Ind AS 19 plan amendment, curtailment or settlement- On March 30, 2019, Ministry of Corporate Affairs issued amendments to Ind AS 19, 'Employee Benefits', in connection with accounting for plan amendments, curtailments and settlements. The amendments require an entity: to use updated assumptions to determine current service cost and net interest for the remainder of the period after a plan amendment, curtailment or settlement; and to recognise in profit or loss as part of past service cost, or a gain or loss on settlement, any reduction in a surplus, even if that surplus was not previously recognised because of the impact of the asset ceiling. Effective date for application of this amendment is annual period beginning on or after April 1, 2019. The Company does not have any impact on account of this amendment.

(ii.) New standards adopted by the Company

The Company has adopted Ind AS 115 - Revenue from Contracts with Customers with effect from April 01, 2018. The new revenue recognition standard replaces the existing standards Ind AS 11, Ind AS 18 and all the revenue related interpretations and guidance's.

The new standard envisages single model revenue recognition which requires to recognize revenue when customer has transferred has transferred control of goods or service rather than transfer of risks and rewards. The Company has accordingly changed its accounting policies and made adjustments in opening retained earnings. Refer note 37 for further details.

ZUARI INFRAWORLD INDIA LIMITED NOTES FORMING PART OF THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH, 2019 (All Amounts in Indian Rupees in lakts unless otherwise stated)

	Plant and Equipment	Office Equipment	Improvements	Computers	Furniture and Fixtures	Temporary Structures	Vehicles	Total
Deemed Cost					= 0.0H(9)/2/			
As at April 1, 2017	6:77	40.86	93.35	12.81	47.70	0.85		202.34
Additions		1 46	35.86	3 16	3 84	-	0.65	44 97
Disposel		(1.40)		1.00	(6.32)	-		(7 72
As at March 31, 2018/ April 01, 2018	6.77	40,92	129.21	15.98	45.22	0.85	0.65	239.59
Additions		4.58	3.65		1.29		-1	9 52
Disposal		2.	3		- 1	2		
As at March 31, 2019	6.77	45.49	132.86	15.98	46.51	0.85	0.65	249.11
Accumulated depreciation							A POST GATES IN	
As at April 1, 2017	2.38	18.60	18.68	5,88	12.55	0.00	- 1	58.17
Charge for the year	1 20	673	1# 05	3 25	6 02	- 1	0.05	30 30
Disposals/adjustments		(0.89)		(4)	(2.68)			(3.77
As at March 31, 2018/ April 01, 2018	3.58	24.52	31.73	9.13	15.70	0.00	0.05	84.70
Charge for the year	1 02	6 26	13 97	2.33	5.34		0.08	28 99
Disposals/adjustments	1 1			Tan.		2		
As at March 31, 2019	4.59	30.78	45.70	11.46	21.04	0.00	0.12	113.69
Carrying amount (net)								19/11/20/20/20
As at April 1, 2017	4:40	22.18	74.67	6.93	35.14	0.85		144.17
Additions		1 46	35.86	3 16	3.84	9.	0 65	44 97
Disposal		(0.51)	75	2.5	(3 44)			(3.95)
Depreciation	(1.20)	(673)	(13.05)	(3.25)	(6.02)		(0.05)	(30 30
As at March 31, 2018/ April 01, 2018	3.19	16.40	97.47	6.85	29.52	0,85	0.60	154.89
Additions		4.58	3 65	AL.	1.29		72	9 52
Disposal	1.700	100 Con.	244	.3			- 4	144
Depreciation	(1.02)	(6.26)	(13.97)	(2.33)	(5.34)		(0.08)	(28.99)
As at March 31, 2019	2.18	14.72	87.16	4.52	25.47	0.85	0.52	135.42



ZUARI INFRAWORLD INDIA LIMITED NOTES FORMING PART OF THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH, 2019 (All Amounts in Indian Rupees in Takhs, unless otherwise stated)

Computer Software	Amount
Deemed Cost	
As at April 1, 2017	22.06
Additions	
Disposal	
As at March 31, 2018/ April 01, 2018	22.00
Additions	
Disposal	-
As at March 31, 2019	22.00
Accumulated depreciation	
As at April 1, 2017	16.29
Charge for the year	3 96
Disposals/adjustments	
As at March 31, 2018/ April 01, 2010	20.2
Charge for the year	0.43
Disposals/adjustments	
As at March 31, 2019	20.6
Carrying amount (net)	
As at March 31, 2018/ April 01, 2018	1.80
As at March 31, 2019	1.30



NOTES FORMING PART OF THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH, 2019

	nounts in Indian Rupees in lakhs, unless otherwise stated) estments	As at March 31, 2019	As at March 31, 2018
4.1. N	on-current		
(i)	Investments in equity instruments carried at cost		
	Unquoted equity Instruments		
	Investment in Subsidiaries	4.00	4.00
	Zuari Infra Middle East Limited - wholly owned subsidiary	1,66	1 60
	[10,000 (2018:10,000) Equity Shares of AED 1 each (1 AED = Rs 16.64)]		
	Investment in Associates		
	Brajbhumi Nirmaan Private Limited	1,894.00	1,894.00
	[10,00,000 (2018:10,00,000) Equily Shares of Rs 10 each, issued at a premium of Rs 179.40/-]		
	Darshan Niman Private Limited	0.25	0.25
	[2,500 (2018: 2,500) Equity Shares of Rs 10 each]		
	Pranati Niketan Private Limited	0.25	0.25
	[2,500 (2018:2,500) Equity Shares of Rs 10 each]		
		1,896.16	1,896.16
(ii)	Investments in redeemable non-cumulative optionally convertible preference shares		
	Unquoted Investments in preference shares in associate carried at fair value through Profit	or Loss: (fully paid)	
	Brajbhumi Nirmaan Private Limited (Refer Note 4.4, below)	696 25	654 1
	[5,00,000 (2018:5,00,000) shares of Rs 100 each, fully paid, Date of Maturity 30 November, 2023]		
	(1% Redeemable Non-Cumulative optionally convertible preference shares)		
	(Initial Cost ; Rs.500 lakhs) (2018; Rs.500 lakhs)		
		696.25	654.15
(iii)	Investments in mutual funds (Quoted)		
	Investments at fair value through Profit or Loss:		
	(a.) ICICI Prudential Fixed Maturity plan Series (77-1473 Days Plan C)*	686,65	637.93
	[5,000,000 units at Rs 10 per unit, Date of Maturity 25 May, 2019]		
	(b.) ICICI Prudential Fixed Maturity plan Series (78-1130 Days Plan T)*	1,264.47	1,175.4
	[10,000,000 units at Rs 10 per unit, Date of Maturity 25 April, 2019]		
	(c.) ICICI Prudential Fixed Maturity plan Series (78-1156 Days Plan T)*	628.33	584.0
	[5,000,000 units at Rs 10 per unit, Date of Maturity 29 May, 2019]		000.0
	(d.) SBI Debt Fund Series B-36 (1131 Days)	1,067.19	993.2
	[8,500,000 units at Rs 10 per unit, Date of Maturity 06 May, 2019]	4 005 04	4 530 5
	(e.) SBI Debt Fund Series C-1 (1100 Days)	1,685.04	1,572.5
	[15,000,000 units at Rs 10 per unit, Date of Maturity 26 June, 2020]		4.054.0
	(f.) SBI Debt Fund Series B-17(1100 Days)	7e-	1,254.9
	(f.) SBI Debt Fund Series B-17(1100 Days) [10,000,000 units at Rs 10 per unit, Date of Maturity 22 May, 2018]	2.432.00	
	(f.) SBI Debt Fund Series B-17(1100 Days)[10,000,000 units at Rs 10 per unit, Date of Maturity 22 May, 2018](g.) SBI LD546G SDFC C-23 (1100 Days) Direct Growth	2,123.28	
	 (f.) SBI Debt Fund Series B-17(1100 Days) [10,000,000 units at Rs 10 per unit, Date of Maturity 22 May, 2018] (g.) SBI LD546G SDFC C-23 (1100 Days) Direct Growth [2,00,00,000 units at Rs 10 per unit, Date of Maturity 03 September, 2021] 		
	 (f.) SBI Debt Fund Series B-17(1100 Days) [10,000,000 units at Rs 10 per unit, Date of Maturity 22 May, 2018] (g.) SBI LD546G SDFC C-23 (1100 Days) Direct Growth [2,00,00,000 units at Rs 10 per unit, Date of Maturity 03 September, 2021] (h.) SBI Liquid Mulual Fund-Magnum 	2,123.28 0.25	
	 (f.) SBI Debt Fund Series B-17(1100 Days) [10,000,000 units at Rs 10 per unit, Date of Maturity 22 May, 2018] (g.) SBI LD546G SDFC C-23 (1100 Days) Direct Growth [2,00,00,000 units at Rs 10 per unit, Date of Maturity 03 September, 2021] (h.) SBI Liquid Mulual Fund-Magnum [6.06 units at Rs.3,845/- per unit] 	0.25	
	 (f.) SBI Debt Fund Series B-17(1100 Days) [10,000,000 units at Rs 10 per unit, Date of Maturity 22 May, 2018] (g.) SBI LD546G SDFC C-23 (1100 Days) Direct Growth [2,00,00,000 units at Rs 10 per unit, Date of Maturity 03 September, 2021] (h.) SBI Liquid Mulual Fund-Magnum [6.06 units at Rs.3,845/- per unit] (i.) SBI Debt Fund C-16 Series 1100 Days 		
	 (f.) SBI Debt Fund Series B-17(1100 Days) [10,000,000 units at Rs 10 per unit, Date of Maturity 22 May, 2018] (g.) SBI LD546G SDFC C-23 (1100 Days) Direct Growth [2,00,00,000 units at Rs 10 per unit, Date of Maturity 03 September, 2021] (h.) SBI Liquid Mulual Fund-Magnum [6.06 units at Rs.3,845/- per unit] (i.) SBI Debt Fund C-16 Series 1100 Days [12,670,900 units at Rs.10 per unit, Date of Maturity 01 June, 2021] 	0.25	
	 (f.) SBI Debt Fund Series B-17(1100 Days) [10,000,000 units at Rs 10 per unit, Date of Maturity 22 May, 2018] (g.) SBI LD546G SDFC C-23 (1100 Days) Direct Growth [2,00,00,000 units at Rs 10 per unit, Date of Maturity 03 September, 2021] (h.) SBI Liquid Mulual Fund-Magnum [6.06 units at Rs.3,845/- per unit] (i.) SBI Debt Fund C-16 Series 1100 Days 	0.25	

* Subject to confirmation.

4.2 Summary of Investment and their valuation (Also, refer note 33)

Investment Class	Method of Valuation	As at March 31, 2019	As at March 31, 2018
Unquoted equity Instruments	Carried at cost (deemed cost)	1,896.16	1,896.16
Unquoted preference Instruments	Discounted cash flows method* (fair value)	696.25	654.15
Mutual funds	Market observable inputs (fair value)	8,827.06	9,776.49
	The second secon	11,419.48	12,326.80

* Based on the valuation reports issued by the independent valuer.



12,326.80

11,419.48

4.3. Investments in mutual funds

Investments in mutual funds are pledged in favour of YES Bank Limited (GIFT City) for providing finance facility to Zuari SJM Properties LLC, Dubai, a step down subsidiary. All the investments in mutual funds are carried as non-current as they are expected to either be renewed / reinvested on their maturity. Further, Investment of funds in mutual funds will not meet the contractual cash flow test (i.e. SPPI test) as the contractual cash flows (i.e. Dividends or redemption amount represented by the NAV) will not just be solely interest and principal. Therefore, the same has been classified as Fair Value through profit and loss (FVTPL). (Also refer note 29)

Investments in mutual funds sold during the year are given below:

Descriptions	For the ye	ar ended March	31, 2019	For the year ended March 31, 2018			
	Carrying value	Sale Proceeds	Gain/Income	Carrying value	Sale Proceeds	Gain/Income	
LGD Yes Liquid Fund Direct -							
Growth	1,000.00	1,006.72	6.72	-			
SBI Debt Fund Series B-17							
(1100 days) Direct Growth	1,254.93	1,267.09	12.16				
ICICI Liquid - P8101 Money							
Market Fund - Direct Growth	206.00	206.15	0.15				
SBI Magnum Ultra SDF							
Direct Growth	1,049.75	1,099.09	49.33		*		
SBI Short Term Fund -							
Direct Plan - Growth	3,558.39	3,671.45	113.06				
ICICI Prudential (Liq.) Mutual				CALLED VALUE			
Fund	-	-		395.00	396.37	1,37	
IDFC-Money Mgr. Fd -				95.55		9379	
Treasury Plan				50.00	50.18	0.18	
L&T Liquid Fund		46		25.00	25.23	0.23	
L&T Ultra Short Term Fund				571.32	573.99	2.67	
SBI Mg. Insta Cash Fund	1	-		1,300.00	1,304.64	4.64	
(Daily Div.)							
· · · · · ·	7,069.07	7,250.51	181.44	2,341.32	2,350.41	9.08	

4.4. Investments in Redeemable optionally convertible Non-cumulative Preference Shares:

Company has made investment in 1% Redeemable optionally convertible Non-cumulative Preference Shares of Brajbhumi Nirmaan Private Limited, an associate. These investments in shares does not satisfy contractual cash flow test as they are optionally convertible into equity shares and their dividends are linked to profits earned. Accordingly, the Company has classified these investments in shares as Fair value through profit and loss (FVTPL). The fair valuation was carried by an Independent valuer.

5. Loans	As at March 31, 2019	As at March 31, 2018
Unsecured, Considered Good		
5.1. Non - Current		
Loan to related party (carried at amortised cost) (Refer Note 5.3 below)	2,917.56	860.07
	2,917.56	860.07
5.2. Current		
Advance to Employees	9.44	1.88
	9.44	1.88
	2,927.01	861.95

5.3. Unsecured Loan to Zuari Infraworld Middle East Limited, Dubai, a wholly owned subsidiary is to meet working capital requirements of that company and carries interest rate of 14% per annum. These loans along with interest are repayable in equivalent Indian Currency with three years moratorium for payment of interest and principal from the date of disbursement. For detailed schedule of repayment terms refer table below:

Movement in Loan and their repayment schedule is as under

Details of loan		Loan Amount	Repaid during the year	Accrued Interest	Closing balance	Maturity Date	Amount disbursed (AED)
Loan 2	03 May, 2017	287.14	-	71.85,	358.99	02 May, 2020	18.09
Loan 3	12 July, 2017	35.58	-	7.92	43.49	11 July, 2020	2.00
Loan 4	16 August, 2017	459.90	-	96.08	555.98	15 August, 2020	26.00
Loan 5	25 April, 2018	240.18	-	27.69	267.87	24 April, 2021	13.19
Loan 6	23 May, 2018	187.67		19.77	207,44	22 May, 2021	10.00
Loan 7	25 June, 2018	283.67		26.59	310.26	24 June, 2021	15.20
Loan 8	21 September, 2018	20.00	1 1	1.27	21.27	20 September, 2021	1.00
Loan 9	24 October, 2018	1,095.12		57.15	1,152.27	23 October, 2021	54.00
Total		2,609.26	- /	308.30	2,917.56		139.48

NOTES FORMING PART OF THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH, 2019 (All Amounts in Indian Rupees in lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

6. Other financial assets	As at March 31, 2019	As at March 31, 2018
Unsecured, Considered Good		
6.1. Non-current		
Security deposits (carried at amortised cost)	28.76	26.69
Security deposits (carried at cost)*	2.40	2.40
	31.16	29.09
6.2. Current		
Security deposits - Current (Carried at cost)*	26.04	24.71
Interest accrued and due - Others (refer note 7.7, below)*	33.72	33.72
Interest Accrued but not due	5.09	12
Expenses Recoverable (refer note 6.5, below)	189.23	704.75
Unbilled Revenue - Service Contracts	173.93	14.59
Unbilled Revenue - Project	-	180.72
	428.01	958.49
* Balances are subject to confirmation.		
6.4 Includes service income accrued and not billed to related parties;		
Zuari Infra Middle East Limited, UAE - Commission towards financial guarantee		13.24
Zuari Global Limited, India - Sales and Development Management Commission	57.05	1,35
a	57.05	14.59
6.5 Includes expenses recoverable from related parties:		
6.5 Includes expenses recoverable from related parties; Brajbhumi Nirmaan Private Limited, India	157.33	157.33
Zuari Infra Middle East Limited, UAE	31.91	536.39
	189.23	693.72
7. Other Assets	As at	As at
7. Other Assets	March 31, 2019	March 31, 2018
Unsecured, Considered Good		
7.1. Non-Current		
Advances recoverable in cash or kind (refer note 7.3 & 7.4 below)	846.63	850.17
Capital Advance (towards acquisition of software license)	10.60	727
Goods and Service Tax Refund (refer note 7.5. below)	188.19	(*)
Karnataka VAT - refund receivable	32.01	32.01
Service tax - refund receivable	10.35	10.35
Less: Provision towards service tax refund	(10.35)	(10.35
Prepaid lease (Security deposit paid)	(6)	1.94
	1,077.44	884.12
7.2. Current		
Goods and Service Tax Input Credit (Refer Note 7.6, below)	463.27	447.95
Advance to vendors (refer note 7.7, below)	2,576.84	2,418.30
Prepaid expenses (refer note 7.8 below)	286,70	84.28
Other receivable (Refer Note 7.9, below)	99.30	
Prepaid lease-current (security deposit paid)	1.94	1,93
	3,428.05	2,952.46

7.3. Includes mobilisation advances to a sub-contractor aggregating to Rs 207.02 takhs (2018: Rs 210.56 takhs) in respect of which the sub-contractor vendor has furnished bank guarantee to the extent of Rs 210.56 takhs (2018: Rs 237.13 takhs) which is valid up to 30 June, 2019. These advances shall be adjusted against the subsequent running bills from the subcontractor and these balances are subjected to confirmation from that party.

7.4. Under the Development Management Agreement with an agent, the Agency is entitled to certain percentage of income calculated in the manner specified therein. The Company has made advance payments aggregating to Rs. 639.61 lakhs as at 31 March, 2019 (2018: Rs. 639.61 lakhs). The amount will be adjusted in the year when the agency becomes entitled to share of income as per the agreement. The Management expects to adjust/recover the same in full and hence is of the view that no adjustment is necessary at this stage and these balances are subject to confirmation from that party.



NOTES FORMING PART OF THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH, 2019

(All Amounts in Indian Rupees in lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

- 7.5. Represents Goods and Service Tax paid on export of services to be claimed as refund. The Company is in the process of filing refund application and expects to realise the same in full.
- 7.6. Goods and Service Tax Input credits carried in the books includes input tax credits aggregating to Rs. 36.83 lakhs (2018: Nil) pertaining to advance payments to vendors and unpaid vendors bills beyond time period stipulated under GST Law, which will be claimed in the returns in the subsequent periods when the company will be eligible to claim such credits under the provisions of the GST Law.
- 7.7. Includes recoverable advances paid to a sub-contractor amounting to Rs 2,246,49 lakhs (as at 31 March 2018; Rs 2,246,49 lakhs). The Management is in negotiation with that party for its recovery including interest accrued (as at 31 March 2018;Rs,33,72 lakhs) Rs 33,72 lakhs as disclosed in Note 6.2 and is confident that this advance will be ultimately fully recovered. Hence in the view of the Management no provision is considered necessary at this stage.
- 7.8. Includes Rs.283.22 lakhs (2018: Rs.94.56 lakhs) on account of brokerage & sales commission paid to an agency for services, on gross sale consideration receivable from customers. As per the agreement, in the event of non-completion of sale transaction, such commission is refundable by the agency. The commission paid is charged to the Profit & Loss Statement as and when revenue is recognized. For, adjustment to prepaid expenses account pursuant to adoption of Ind AS 115 refer note no. 37.
- 7.9. Represents amount recoverable from Indian Furniture Product Limited, a subsidiary of the holding company as per the unconditional undertaking given by the said company in respect of sale of residential unit to one of the customer.

8. Inventories (valued at lower of cost or net realizable value)	As at March 31, 2019	As at March 31, 2018
Completed units (Refer Note 8.1 below)	4.392.84	
Construction Work-In-Progress (includes cost of Land, Borrowing Cost and Project Construction) and Development Cost) (Refer Note 8.2. below)	22,113.44	17,408.05
and Development Cost, (Neter Note 0.2. below)	26,506.29	17,408.05

Also refer note 37 for further disclosure on project and adjustment pursuant to adoption of Ind AS 115

- 8.1. Represents residential units in respect of which company has entered into agreement for sale with the respective customers, amounts received against these agreements by the company has been reported as advance from customers in Note No. 18. Pending receipt of balance consideration and execution of absolute sale deed effecting the transfer of legal title, the same is reported as Inventory.
- 8.2. Includes Rs 2,630.63 lakhs (2018: Rs, 2,396.32 lakhs) being cost incurred towards project in Goa managed by M/s, Zuari Global Limited which is pending formalising the terms and conditions. These balances are subject to confirmation from that party however, the Management of the company expects these costs to be recovered in full.
- 8.3. The Management has reviewed the carrying value of its construction work-in-progress by assessing the net realisable value of the project which is determined by forecasting sales rates, expected sale prices and estimated costs to complete (including escalations and cost overrun). This review by the management did not result any loss and thus no adjustments/ provisions to the carrying value of project work-in-progress was required and external valuation was not considered necessary by the Management.

Refer Note 13 for the information on construction work in progress pledged with banks/ financial institutions as security by the company.

9. Trade receivables	As at	As at
	March 31, 2019	March 31, 2018
Unsecured, Considered Good		
Current		
Trade receivables - Related Parties (refer note 9.1, below)	594.35	469,51
Trade receivables - from sale of completed units (refer note 9.5, below)	*	1,390.03
Trade receivables - others	24.17	8.82
Total Trade Receivables	618.52	1,868.36
9.1. Trade Receivables from the related parties;		
Zuari Global Limited	95.02	65.49
Brajbhumi Nirmaan Private Limited	404.02	404.02
Zuari Infra SJM Properties LLC, Dubai	39.86	9
Zuari Infra Middle East Limited, Dubai	55.44	
	594.35	469.51

- 9.2. The Management of the Company expects full realisation of these receivables, accordingly no allowance towards non recovery is considered necessary by the Management at this stage.
- 9.3. No trade or other receivables are due from directors or other officers of the company either severally or jointly with any other person. Nor any trade or other receivable are due from firms or private companies respectively in which any director is a partner, a director or a member.



NOTES FORMING PART OF THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH, 2019

(All Amounts in Indian Rupees in lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

9.4. During the preceeding financial year receivables in respect of the completed projects against which demand notes were raised and pending execution of sale deed were reported as trade receivables. During the current financial year this was reversed pursuant to adoption of Ind AS 115. (Also refer note 37 for further details)

Refer Note No. 13 for the information on trade receivables pledged with banks/financial institutions as security by the Company.

10. Cash and cash equivalents	As at	As at	
	March 31, 2019	March 31, 2018	
Balances held in banks in current account*	185.50	454.88	
	185.50	454.88	

* As per the statement of account obtained from bank and includes 2 accounts with balances aggregating to Rs. 6.94 lakhs held pursuant to requirement of Real Estate Regulatory Authority (RERA) Act, 2016.

10.1 Other bank balances	As at March 31, 2019	As at March 31, 2018
Deposits held with banks with more than 3 months but less that 12 months maturity period	500.00	
	500.00	

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NOTES FORMING PART OF THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH, 2019

(All Amounts in Indian	Rupees in lakhs, unless	othonwise stated
trail Amounts in indian	FULLECT III BRID. UDICSS	OHIGHWISE STREET

11. Sha	re capital	As at March 31, 2019	As at March 31, 2018
11.1 (a	a.) Authorised		
	50,000,000 (2018 : 50,000,000) Equity Shares of Rs. 10 each	5,000.00	5,000.00
	15,000,000 (2018 : 15,000,000) Preference Shares of Rs: 10 each	1,500.00	1,500.00
		6,500.00	6,500.00
(b	o.) <u>Issued</u> , <u>subscribed</u> & <u>paid</u> <u>up</u>		
	4,65,50,000 (2018: 4,65,50,000) Equity Shares of Rs 10 each	4,655.00	4,655,00
	1,14,50,000 (2018: 85,00,000) Non-Convertible Cumulative Redeemable Preference	1,145 00	1,145.00
	Shares of Rs 10 each issued at premium of Rs. 90 each		
	(Also, refer note 13.10. below)		
		5,800.00	5,800.00

11.2 Reconciliation of equity shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the reporting year:

Particulars	As at March 31, 2019		As at March 31, 2018	
(Shares of Rs. 10/- each)	Nos.	Amount (Rs.)	Nos.	Amount (Rs.)
At the beginning of the year	4,65,50,000	4,655.00	4,65,50,000	4,655.00
Issued during the year				
Outstanding at the end of the year	4,65,50,000	4,655.00	4,65,50,000	4,655.00

11.3 Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the Company and share holding by related parties as at March 31,

Name of the Shareholder	As at March 31, 2019		As at March 31, 2018	
	No's.	% holding	No's.	% holding
Zuari Global Limited, the Holding Company	4,65,50,000	100%	4,65,50,000	100.00%
(Including 10,000 equity shares jointly held)				

As per the records maintained by the Company including the registers of members/ shareholders, the above share holding represents both legal and beneficial ownership.

11.4 Rights, preferences and restrictions attached to equity shares:

Company has only one class of equity shares having par value of Rs 10 per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of the equity shares are entitled to receive remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of the equity shares held by the Shareholder.

- 11.5 The company has not issued any securities convertible into equity/preference shares.
- 11.6 For the period of five years immediately preceding the date as at which the Balance Sheel is prepared to

No shares were allotted as fully paid up pursuant to a contract without payment being received in cash.

No shares were allotted as fully paid up by way of bonus shares

No shares were bought back.

- 11.7 There were no shares reserved for issue under options and contracts/commitments for the sale of shares/disinvestment.
- 11.8 There were no calls unpaid or forfeited shares.

Refer Note 13.10, below for details of Cumulative Compulsorily redeemable preference shares issued by the Company

12. 0	ther equity	As at March 31, 2019	As at March 31, 2018
12.1	Deemed equity on fair-value adjustment to Non-convertible cumulative redeemable preference Shares:		
	At the beginning of the year	415.96	424.95
	Equity component of redeemable Preference Shares issued during the year		137.15
	Income tax effect on the interest portion on Preference shares		(146.15)
		415.96	415.96
	Also refer note 13.10, below for detailed disclosure on preference shares.		

NOTES FORMING PART OF THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH, 2019 (All Amounts in Indian Rupees in lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

12.2	Security Premium:		10,305-00	7.650.00
	As at the beginning of the year Add: Security premium received during the year		10,303-00	7,650.00 2,655.00
	As at the end of the year	-	10,305.00	10,305.00
	Premium on issue of cumulative compulsorily redeemable pre	ference shares	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	10,000.00
2.3	Balance in profit & Loss Statement			
	As at the beginning of the year		(135.36)	(121,55)
	Adjustment pursuant to adoption of Ind AS 115		(514.53)	
	Income tax effect on above		133.78	
	Add: Profit for the year		29.52	(18,74)
	Add: Re-measurement gains/(loss) on defined benefit plans, r	not reclassified to profit or loss_	4.00	4.92
	Net deficits in the profit and loss statement		(482.61)	(135.36)
			10,238.35	10,585.59
	* The Remeasurements gains in respect of employee bendered	efits included above are as ur		
	As at the beginning of the year.		14.16	9.24
	Remeasurements gain/(loss) on defined benefit plans		5.40	6.65
	Income tax effect on above	_	(1.40)	(1.73)
	Balance carried forward to next year		18.16	14.16
3. B	orrowings		As at March 31, 2019	As at
			Watch 31, 2019	March 31, 2018
3.1	Long-term borrowings:			
	(a.) Secured Loans			
	Term Loans from banks:			
	Federal Bank Limited (refer note 13.3. below)			12,488.63
	Less: Current maturities of long term borrowings (refer note 1	5.2. below)		(833.33) 11,655.30
	Yes Bank Ltd (refer 13.4. below)		1,010.19	11,000.00
	Term Loans from others:			
	LIC Housing Finance Limited (refer 13.5. below)*		15,425.84	
			16,436.03	11,655
	(b.) Unsecured Loans			
	Inter-Corporate Deposits from related parties (refer note	13.6. below)		
	Zuari Global Limited (carried at Amortised cost)	,	2,309.99	2,208.00
	Adventz Finance Private Limited (carried at Amortised cost)		1,572.69	
	Less: Current maturities of long term borrowings (refer note 1	5.2 below)	(2,309.99)	(2,208.00)
			1,572.69	(40)
	Liability component of compound financial instrument Non-Convertible Cumulative Redeemable Preference Shares		928.51	814.76
	(Also, refer note 13.10; below)	te	40.027.02	
3.2	Short -term borrowings:	-	18,937.23	12,470.06
	(a.) Secured Loans			
	Term Loans from banks:			
	ICICI Bank Limited (refer 13.7. below)			1,500.00
	(b.) Unsecured loans			
	Inter-Corporate Deposits from (refer note 13.9. below)			
	Adventz Finance Private Limited (carried at Amortised cost)		000.00	2,000.00
	Anchor Investment Private Limited (carried at Amortised cost)	,	309.65	30
	Meenakshi Tea Co Limited (carried at Amortised cost) *	in and annuts to	206.44	
	Texmaco Infrastructure & Holdings Limited (carried at Amorti	sea cost) -	542.02	2.000.00
			1,058.11	2,000.00
		1 / / / /	1,058.11	3,500.00
	* Balances are subject to confirmation	o IMMOLLORS *		

^{*} Balances are subject to confirmation...

13.3 Federal Bank Limited

Term loan facility of Rs. 15,000 lakhs (including overdraft facility of Rs. 500 lakhs) as a sub-limit of the overall sanctioned limits, is secured by equitable mortgage on the Land and Building to be constructed under project name "Zuari Garden City" in area admeasuring to 50 Acres and 35 Guntas, Project receivables including all insurance and it is further secured by Corporate Guarantee of Rs., 15,000 lakhs issued by Zuari Global Limited, the holding company. There are other conditions and financial covenants attached to this bank facility, which are in ordinary course of business. This loan was pre-closed during the year, Rs.64.95 lakhs paid as pre-closure charges was debited to profit and loss statement. There is no outstanding dues of Principal or Interest as at 31 March 2019 (As at 31 March 2018, 12,489 lakhs).

13.4 YES bank Limited - Term Loan

Term Loan facility with a sanctioned limit of Rs. 1,000 lakhs to refinance the promoter loans and Inter Corporate deposits with a maximum tenor of 24 months. The said term loan facility was secured by charge on Development fee receivables and Corporate guarantee from Zuari Global Limited, the holding company executed in favour of the bank.

13.5 LIC Housing Finance Limited

Term loan facility of Rs. 20,000 lakhs for takeover of outstanding loan of Rs.13,000 lakhs from Federal bank Limited and as a top up for construction finance for Zuari Garden City Phase I. II & III project is repayable over a period of 60 months with 36 months moratorium for repayment of principal from the date of first disbursement with right to accelerate payment based on the review of cash flows. This loan is secured by equitable mortgage on the Land and Building to be constructed under project name "Zuari Garden City" in area admeasuring to 50 Acres and 35 Guntas(excluding sold units) and Project receivables. Further is secured by Corporate Guarantee issued by Zuari Global Limited, the Holding Company. There are other conditions and financial covenants attached to this bank facility, which are in ordinary course of business. The loan outstanding as at 31 March 2019 is Rs.15,426 lakhs (As at 31 March 2018: Nil). There are no continuing default in repayment of Principal or Interest as at the year end.

13.6 Unsecured Inter-Corporate Deposits from related parties

(a.) Zuari Global Limited, Holding Company

Unsecured term loan from Zuari Global Limited, the holding company to meet the working capital needs of the Company. The unpaid loans which was due for payment during the year was rolled over and renewed for a further period up to 30 June 2019, without any changes to the existing terms and condition detailed as under.

Terms	of	Re	nav	men	t
1 611113	vi	176	μaι	HIGH	ц,

Particulars	Outstanding 01 April, 2018	Loans during the Year	Repaid	Outstanding 31 March, 2019	Due Date
Loan 1-4 at 8% p.a.*	733.00			733.00	30 June, 2019
Loan- 5 at 8% p.a.*	400.00		60.01	339.99	30 June, 2019
Loan 6-8 & 11-18 at 12% p.a.	1,075.00	-	1,075.00		30 June, 2018
Loan 19-21 at 12% p.a.		50.00	50.00		30 June, 2019
Loan 22 at 12% p.a.		500.00		500.00	30 June, 2019
Loan 23-29 at 12% p.a.		1,883.00	1,883.00		30 June, 2019
Loan-30 at 12% p.a.		1,600.00	1,188.00	412.00	30 June, 2019
Loan 31-32 at 12% p.a.	4	325.00	2.	325.00	30 June, 2019
	2,208.00	4,358.00	4,256.01	2,309.99	

^{*} Due dates after considering rollover/ renewal during the year.

(b.) Adventz Finance Private Limited

Unsecured general purpose loan for working capital purposes for Rs. 2,000 lakhs from Adventz Finance Private Limited, a group company carries interest rate of 14% p.a. The unpaid loan which was rolled over during the preceding financial year and was due for repayment during the current financial year was extended for a further period up to 30 June 2020 and accordingly was reclassified as non-current during the year. The loan outstanding including interest accruals as at 31 March 2019 is Rs.1,573 lakhs. As at 31 March 2018: Rs.2,000 lakhs)

13.7 ICICI Bank Limited

Short-term loan facility of Rs.1,500 lakhs to meet working capital requirements of the Company. The facility is secured by the exclusive charge over the Trade Receivables (other than project receivables) of the Company and Equitable Mortgage over the Land at Vrindavan, Uttar Pradesh owned by Brajbhumi Nirman Private Limited ("BNPL"), an associate and by way of an irrevocable and unconditional Corporate Guarantee from BNPL. There are other conditions and financial covenants attached to this bank facility, which are in ordinary course of business. This loan was fully repaid during the year. The amount outstanding as at 31 March 2019 is Nil (As at 31 March 2018; Rs. 1,500 lakhs)

Terms of Repayment

Particulars	Principal Amount	No. of Instalments	Interest Rate	Outstanding Instalments	Outstanding Loan as at 31 March 2019
Short-term loan	1,500.00	Repayable within 180 days of	MCLR Plus	NA	Nil
		drawdown. (Drawdown: 28th March 2018)	spread of 1,25% (9.2%)		(as at 31 March, 2018 Rs 1,500 lakhs)



13.8 HDFC Bank

Unsecured short-term loan facility of Rs.1,000 lakhs (2018: 700 lakhs) to meet working capital requirements of the Company, This loan was availed and repaid during the year.

Terms	~4	Don	211000	~8.
LEHIIS	121	CHIE	HVITIE	11

Particulars	Principal Amount	No. of Instalments	Interest Rate	Outstanding Instalments	Outstanding Loan
Short-term loan	1,000	Rs.500 within 120 days of initial drawdown Rs.500 within 180 days of initial	12% calculated on 365 days basis	NA	:->
		drawdown			

13.9 Other Unsecured Inter-Corporate Deposits

Unsecured short-term inter corporate deposits from the following parties to meet working capital requirements of the Company. The details of the same is given below.

SI. No	Party Name	Amount borrowed during the year	Amount Repaid during the year	Rate of Interest	Due date for Repayment	Interest Accrued and not due	As at 31 March 2019 (including accrued interest)
į	Anchor Investments Private Limited	300		14.50%	01 May, 2019	9,65	309.65
ii	Meenakshi Tea Company Limited	200		14.50%	01 May, 2019	6.44	206.44
iii	Texmaco Infrastructure & Holdings Limited	500		12.00%	Payable on demand	42.02	542 02
ív	Vistaar Financial Services Private Limited	. 500	500	13.00%	Repaid		•

13.10 Non-Convertible Cumulative Redeemable Preference Shares:

(a.) Reconciliation of Shares Outstanding at the beginning and end of the reporting year

As at	As at
31 March 2019	31 March 2018
1,14,50,000	85,00,000
	29,50,000
1,14,50,000	1,14,50,000
	31 March 2019 1,14,50,000

(b.) Shares holding more than 5% as at the beginning and end of the reporting year							
Non-Convertible	Cumulative	Redeemable	As at 31 Ma	rch 2019	As at 31 Mare	ch 2018	
Preference Shares	of Rs 10 each, iss	ued at premium	In No's	In %	In No's	In %	
Mr. Saroj Kumar Pod	dar		85,00,000	74%	85,00,000	74%	
Texmaco Infrastructu	re & Holdings Limi	led	29,50,000	26%	29,50,000	26%	
Outstanding at the	end of the year		1,14,50,000	100%	1,14,50,000	100%	



(c.) Rights, preferences and restrictions attached to Non-Convertible Cumulative Redeemable Preference Shares: The Company has only one class of non-convertible preference share having a par value of Rs 10 per share, carrying coupon rate of 8.5% per annum which are cumulative in nature and redeemable on 31st March 2020 (70,00,000 Shares), 31st March 2021 (15,00,000 Shares) and 31st March 2022 (29,50,000 Shares) respectively. Each holder of preference shares is entitled to one vote per share on resolutions placed before the company. These shares are redeemable at a price band of Rs 125 - Rs 150 per preference share.

(d) Pursuant to Schedule III of the Companies Act 2013 ("the Act"), for companies whose financial statements are drawn up in compliance of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 read with Indian Accounting Standard 32 - Disclosure of Financial Instruments, Non-convertible redeemable preference shares which are settled in cash needs to be classified as 'financial liability' and not 'equity'. Accordingly company has computed the fair value of these preference shares considering the effective interest rate (EIR) at 14% and the portion computed as 'Borrowing' amounting to Rs.928.51 lakhs (2018:Rs.814.75 lakhs) has been classified under 'Long-term Borrowings' and the portion computed as the deemed equity amounting to Rs. 562.11 lakhs (2018:Rs.562.11 lakhs) has been reported under 'Other Equity'.

With respect to premium received on issue as well as the additional premium payable on redemption of preference shares no adjustments/ disclosures has been carried out as contemplated in Ind-AS 32 and Ind-AS 109 read with Schedule III of the Act, since such classification of the 'securities premium account' into 'borrowings' or 'other equity' will be inconsistent with the provisions of section 52 of the Act which stipulates the manner in which the securities premium account can be utilised. Also the additional premium payable on the redemption has not been recognised in the absence of the accumulated profits since recognition of such a liability will be violative of section 55 of the Act.

Considering above, the Company has been legally advised that no further recognition or adjustments to the premium amounts are required in view of the specific provisions of section 52 and 55 of the Act. Accordingly, no adjustments as required under Ind-AS 32 and Ind-AS 109 read with Schedule III of the Act are made in respect of the premium payable on redemption

14. T	rade payables		As at	As at
			March 31, 2019	March 31, 2018
14.1	Non-Current			
	Retention Money - non current (carried at cost) *		39.01	174.08
	Due to others - non current (carried at cost)*	refer note 14.4. below		25.48
			39.01	199.57
14.2	Current			
	Retention Money - current (carried at cost)*	refer note 14.4, below	234.59	145.98
	Dues to related parties (carried at cost)	refer note 14.3. below	39.42	36.93
	Dues to others (carried at cost)*	refer note 14.4. below	843.76	963.61
	Dues to micro & small enterprises(carried at cost)*	refer note 14.5, below	4.56	
			1,122.33	1,146.53
14.3	Due to Related Parties comprises of due to;			
	Simon India Limited		36.93	36.93
	Forte Furniture Products India Private Limited		1.52	2
	Zuari Finserv Private Limited		0.97	
			39.42	36.93

14.4 Includes retention money Rs.131.23 lakhs (as at 31 March 2018: Rs.142.78 lakhs) and other payables Rs.25.48 lakhs (as at 31 March 2018: Rs.25.48 lakhs) to a sub-contractors in respect of which the Management is in negotiation with party for full and the final settlement.

14.5 Details of dues to micro and small enterprises as defined under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 ('MSME Act') based on the information available with the Company are as under:

	Principal amount due to suppliers under MSMED Act.	4.28	
	Interest accrued and due to suppliers on above amount	0.10	_
iii	Payment made to suppliers beyond appointed day during the year	4.31	_
	Interest paid to suppliers during the year	-	a a
V	Interest due and payable to suppliers towards payment already made during the year	0.18	

^{*} Balances are subject to confirmation



ZUARI INFRAWORLD INDIA LIMITED NOTES FORMING PART OF THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH, 2019 (All Amounts in Indian Rupees in lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

	Other Financial Liabilities	As at	As at
		March 31, 2019	March 31, 2018
15.1			
	Other financial liabilities (carried at amortised cost)		
	Rent Deposit	12.93	12.7
	Deferred Rental on security deposits (fair value adjustment) - Non-current	11.99	13.2
15.2	Current	24.92	26.0
13.2			
	Other financial liabilities (carried at cost) Current maturity of long term loans (refer note 13)		
	Other Deposits	2,309.99	3,041.3
	Due to employees	14.96	
	Due to related parties (refer note 15.3 below)	97.14	68.4
	Due to others	11.67	20.0
	Others:	0.91	0.8
	Deferred Rental on security deposits (fair value adjustment)-Current	2.37	2.0
	, (i.a. value dejabilitati, dallett	2,437.06	2.3
		2,407.00	3,133.0
5.3			
	Zuari Global Limited		2.00
	Mr. Alok Banerjee	8.57	2.86
	Mr. Anshul Amil Bansal	2.42	12.40 4.01
	Mr. C G Ramegowda	0.68	0.83
		11.67	20.09
-			20,03
6. P	rovisions	As at	As at
_		March 31, 2019	March 31, 2018
6.1	Non-Current		
0.1	Provision for gratuity obligation		
	Provision for compensated absences	38.59	33.32
	1 Tovision for compensated absences	15.14	6.17
		53.72	39.49
6.2	Current		
	Provision for gratuity obligation	2.04	0.00
	Provision for compensated absences	2.91 2.53	3.29
		5.44	3.73
	Also, refer note 35 for detailed disclosures on employee benefit plans.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	7.02
7. De	eferred tax (Asset)/liability (net)		
		As at March 31, 2019	As at
		March 01, 2019	March 31, 2018
′.1	Tax effect of items constituting deferred tax liabilities		
	Fair valuation of investment in mutual funds	314.58	202.14
	Interest on preference shares	56.29	85.86
	Investment in preference shares	51.03	
	Unwinding of security deposit received	0.53	0.25
	Timing differences on benefit obligations through OCI	1.40	1.73
2	Town office 4 of 19	423.83	289.98
.2	Tax effect of items constituting deferred tax assets		
	Unwinding of security deposit paid	0.08	0.11
	Difference between accounting base and tax base of tangible & Intangible assets Timing differences on benefit obligations	18.23	17,99
	Tay effect on adjustment pursuants and attack of the AO 445	15.38	13.82
	Tax effect on adjustment pursuant to adoption of IND AS 115, Net Others	116.68	
	- Liloto	2.69	2.69
	MAT Entitlement	50.17	41.81
	MAT Entitlement		
	MAT Entitlement	203.23	76.42
		203.23	
	Unused Tax Losses	203.23 271.92	309.54
		203.23	
	Unused Tax Losses	203.23 271.92	
	Unused Tax Losses	203.23 271.92	309.54

ZUARI INFRAWORLD INDIA LIMITED NOTES FORMING PART OF THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH, 2019 (All Amounts in Indian Rupees in lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

- 17.3. The Company offsets tax assets and liabilities if and only if it has a legally enforceable right to set-off current tax assets and current tax liabilities and the deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same tax authority.
- 17.4. Since the management expects that the interest on Non convertible cumulative redeemable Preference shares will not be allowed as a deduction, the deferred tax impact on the same has been recognised in Other Equity, since the initial recognition was in Other Equity.

8. Other current liabilities	As at March 31, 2019	As at March 31, 2018
Statutory dues	89.71	73.67
Advances from Customers	7,835.10	1,564.14
Others (refer note 18.1 below)	593.02	402.77
	8,517.83	2,040.58

18.1 Includes refundable advances of Rs.279.52 lakhs (2018:Rs. 5 lakhs) in respect of cancelled residential units and Rs.313.5 lakhs collected from the buyers towards club membership charges fees which will be transferred to the residential units owners society/organisation on its formation.

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ZUARI INFRAWORLD INDIA LIMITED
NOTES FORMING PART OF THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH, 2019
(Amount in Rupees, except otherwise stated)

19. Revenue from operations	For the year ended March 31, 2019	For the year ended March 31, 2018
Sale of residential units	1.346.57	362.27
Development management fees	632.51	301.01
Sales Commission on sale of plots/residential units	177.37	001101
Other Operating revenue	28.85	
	2,185.30	663.28

20. Other income	For the year ended March 31, 2019	For the year ended March 31, 2018
Interest Income on		
Deposits with Bank	5.72	0.82
Inter-Corporate Deposits to subsidiary	230.85	96.43
Income tax refund	18.76	5.74
Others	10.10	0.32
Rent from sub-lease *	2.97	3.63
Dividend from Mutual funds		4.64
Gains from redemption of Mutual Fund	181.44	4.45
Gain on fair value adjustments to financial assets through Profit and loss	101.44	4.45
Preference Shares	42.10	
Mutual Funds	596.56	485.63
djustment on amortisation of security deposit	2.07	1.92
Inwinding of financial liability, security deposit from sub lease	1.25	2.37
inance Guarantee Commission	62.37	
Balances no longer required	0.45	19.36
/liscellaneous income	-10-	7.50
The second secon	1,144.54	7.53 632.84

^{*} Rent from sub-lease reported above are net of expenses Rs. 36.07 lakhs (2018:Rs. 34.80 lakhs)

21. Project construction and development expenses	For the year ended March 31, 2019	For the year ended March 31, 2018
Architect Fees	9.61	13.13
Consultancy Fee		0.37
Depreciation on assets - Projects	4.82	6.36
Project Approval cost		3.03
Civil Work	144.26	283.39
Landscape Expenses		39.65
Site Office Expenses	0.02	33.00
Project Staff Costs	0.91	
Property Tax	7.56	
Infrastructure Expenses	16.10	123.99
Sub Total	183,27	469.93
Add: Borrowing cost incurred during the year	1,893.36	1,783.33
Add: Employee benefit expenses transferred to construction work in progress	262.41	412.59
Add: Other expenses transferred to construction work in progress	104.15	113.59
Less: Balance no longer required written back		(221.00)
	2,443.19	2,558.44

22. Changes in inventories	For the year ended March 31, 2019	For the year ended March 31, 2018
(a.) Completed units of stock		
Completed units at the beginning of the year pursuant to Ind AS 115	5,639,61	
Completed units at the end of the year (Refer Note 8)	4,392.84	
Changes in completed units during the year	1,246.77	*
(b.) Construction Work-in- progress		
Construction work-in-progress at the beginning of the year (Refer Note 8)	17,408.05	15,302,49
Add: adjustment pursuant to adoption of Ind AS 115	2,307.95	10,002,10
Adjusted Inventory at the beginning of the year	19,716.00	15,302.49
Add: Construction cost incurred during the year	2,443.19	2,558.44
Less: Charged to profit and loss during the year	(45.75)	(452.88)
Construction work-in-progress at the end of the year	22,113.44	17,408.05
Changes in construction work in progress	(2,397.44)	(2,105.56)
Total (Increase) / Decrease (a+b)	(1,150.67)	(2,105.56)

NOTES FORMING PART OF THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH, 2019

(Amount in	Rupees,	except	otherwise	stated)	
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23. Employee benefit expenses	For the year ended March 31, 2019	For the year ended March 31, 2018
Salaries and wages	486.64	504.46
Contribution to provident and other funds	23.80	26.68
Gratuity	13,91	14.34
Compensated absences	8.58	8.18
Staff welfare expenses	3.72	2.17
	536.66	555.82
Less: Employee benefit expenses transferred to construction work in progress	(262.41)	(412.59)
	274.25	143.23

24. Other expenses	For the year ended March 31, 2019	For the year ended March 31, 2018
Rent	100.12	95.14
Travel and conveyance	15.08	30.54
Legal and professional fees	52.30	32.49
Communication and internet charges	12.84	10.24
Office Expenses	67.64	62.68
Repairs and maintenance	6.60	21.08
Auditors remuneration	6.25	6.50
Recruitment expenses	5,37	5.61
Advertising and publicity expense	83.02	38.77
Rates and taxes	12.34	
Commission & Brokerage	214.49	19.36
Maintenance and Security Expenses		23.01
Miscellaneous expenses	97.32	50.00
Provision for service tax refund receivable	27.68	42.38
Balances written-off		10,35
	11.55	1,11
Loss on disposal of Asset	*	2.56
Long Other surrent to the	712.61	451.83
Less: Other expenses transferred to construction work in progress	(104.15)	(113.59)
	608.46	338.23
24.1 Remuneration to Auditors' reported above includes		
Statutory Audit Fees	5.00	5.00
Tax Audit Fees	0.75	0.75
Certification fees	0.50	0.50
Out of pocket expenses		0.25
	6.25	6.50

25. Finance costs	For the year ended March 31, 2019	For the year ended March 31, 2018
Interest expense:		
Interest on borrowings	2,738.33	1,923.39
Interest on delayed payment of Income tax	374	1.43
Interest on delayed payment of tax deducted at source		0.05
Interest on MSME	0.28	0.00
Fair value adjustment pursuant to Ind AS:	0.20	
Fair value adjustment initial recognition of inter corporate loans		4.61
Fair value adjustment on initial recognition of borrowings		-
Interest on security deposits	0.16	1.43
Interest on non-convertible cumulative redeemable preference shares	113.75	95.37
	2,852.52	2,026,27
Less: Borrowing cost transferred to construction work in progress	(1,893.36)	(1,783.33)
	959.17	242.94

25.1. Capitalisation of the Borrowing cost is not required to be suspended when substantial technical and administrative work is carried out or when there is a temporary delay which is a necessary part of the process of getting an asset ready for sale. The Management is of the view that the slow progress of various real estate projects are temporary in nature considering the nature of industry and the economic conditions prevailing across the industry. Accordingly, capitalisation (transfer to inventory) of interest cost is not suspended during the year.

26. Depreciation and amortization expenses	For the year ended March 31, 2019	For the year ended March 31, 2018
Depreciation of tangible assets	28.99	30.30
Amortisation of intangible assets	0.43	3.96
Less: Depreciation on leasehold improvements attributable to sub-lease income adjusted against sublease income.	(4.68)	(3.72)
Less: Depreciation & amortisation transferred to construction work in progress	(4.82)	(6.36)
	19.93	24.18

ZUARI INFRAWORLD INDIA LIMITED NOTES FORMING PART OF THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH, 2019 (Amount in Rupees, except otherwise stated)

27. Income Tax	For the year ended March 31, 2019	For the year ended March 31, 2018
Income tax expense	4.00	6.00
Income tax of earlier year	2.60	4.74
Deferred tax charge/(credit)	139.41	102.65
Total	146.00	113.39
27.1 Reconciliation of Income tax expense for the year with accounting profit	t For the year ended	For the year ended
are as follows:	March 31, 2019	March 31, 2018
Profil before tax	175.52	
Income tax expense calculated at 26% (2018 : 26%) Adjustments for:	45.64	94.65 24.61
Gain on fair value adjustments to preference shares	40.08	
Expenses not considered for tax purposes.		1:15
Gain on fair value adjustments to Mutual funds taxable at differential rate	50.47	(31.29
Interest portion fair value adjustment to preference shares issued	<u> </u>	9.64
Other adjustments	1.27	(11.35)
Tax effect on unused tax losses not recognised	10.32	75.74
Tax expenses of earlier year debited to profit and loss	2,60	4.74
Minimum Alternate Tax (MAT) of earlier year debited to profit and loss	(4.37)	40.15
	146.00	113.39
27.2 The tax effects of timing differences that resulted in changes in deferred tax are as follows:	For the year ended March 31, 2019	For the year ended March 31, 2018
Fair valuation of investment in mutual funds	112.44	94.97
Unwinding of security deposit paid	0.04	0.03
Interest accrued on preference shares issued (adjustment pursuant to Ind-AS)	(29.58)	(15.15)
Difference between accounting base and tax base of tangible & Intangible assets	(0.24)	4.92
Unwinding of security deposit received	0.28	0.25
Temporary differences on benefit obligations	(3.29)	(13.82)
Fair valuation of investment in Preference shares	51.03	
Gain on sale of flats recognised as per IND AS 115	17.10	
Others temporary differences		(2.69)
MAT Credit of the current year	(4.00)	40-15
MAT Credit of the earlier year	(4.37)	(6.00)
	139.41	102.65

27.3. Deferred tax assets arising from the carry forward of unused tax losses not are recognised in these financial statements as there is no convincing evidence that sufficient taxable profit will be available in the future against which the unused tax losses can be utilised by the Company, which is considered appropriate by the Management.

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NOTES FORMING PART OF THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH, 2019 (Amount in Rupees, except otherwise stated)

28. Disclosure of Interest in subsidiaries, joint arrangements and associates:

28.1. Disclosure of Interest in the following subsidiaries:

Name	Country	Ownership Intere	est of ZIIL (%)	Method used to
	of	As at	As at	account for
	Incorporation	31 March 2019	31 March 2018	investments
(i) Zuari Infra Middle East Limited, Dubai	UAE	100%	100%	At Cost

28.2. Disclosure of Interest in the following associates:

Name	Country	Ownership Intere	Method used to	
	of Incorporation	As at 31 March 2019	As at 31 March 2018	account for investments
(i) Brajbhumi Nirmaan Private Limited	India	25%	25%	At Cost
(ii) Darshan Nirman Private Limited	India	25%	25%	At Cost
(iii) Pranati Niketan Private Limited	India	25%	25%	At Cost

As at 31 March, 2019 Brajbhumi Nirmaan Private Limited holds 50% of Darshan Nirman Private Limited and 50% of Pranati Niketan Private Limited. (As at 31 March 2018: Nil)

29. Commitments and Contingencies

29.1. Leases

Operating lease - as lessee

The Company has taken office premises on an eleven year operating lease. The lease rentals recognized in the Profit and Loss account for the year are Rs.122.75 lakhs (2018: Rs.116.41 lakhs). The future lease payments of operating lease are as given below. Lease Rentals charged to the profit and loss statement and obligations on long term non-cancellable operating leases payable as per the rentals stated in the respective lease agreements:

Particulars	As at 31 March 2019	As at 31 March 2018
Lease rentals recognized during the year	122.75	116.41
Lease Obligations due	1221791	119.11
- Within one year	127.63	122.75
- After one year but not more than five years	583.45	553.34
- More than five years	164.22	321.97

29.2. Contingent Liabilities (not provided for)

(i) Dividend on Non Convertible redeemable cumulative preference shares not yet declared	411.94	294.61
(ii) TDS demand under the Income Tax Act, 1961 as per TRACES, not acknowledged as det	6.13	8.22
(iii) Customer claims not acknowledged by the Company	32.68	-

29.3. Capital Commitments

Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on Project construction and development, net of advances aggregates to Rs.3,489.92/- lakhs (2018:Rs.2,587.27/- lakhs).

29.4. Corporate Guarantees and pledge of assets:

Corporate Guarantee

(a.) The Company has executed Corporate Guarantees jointly with the Zuari Global Limited, the holding company in favour of YES Bank Limited for extending financing facility to Zuari SJM Properties LLC, Dubai, a Step-down subsidiary of the Company. The amount of finance facility extended is USD 630 lakhs (In Indian Rupees 44,056 lakhs, considering 1 USD = Rs 69.93 as at the reporting date) (2018: Nil).

(i) The Company's share of the value of Corporate Guarantee is USD 200 lakhs (using closing exchange rate of Rs.69 per USD as at reporting date (2018: Nil))

(ii) The company has also provided security by way of pledge of mutual funds held in the name of the Company (fair value as at reporting date) for the loan referred to in (a) above.

13,986,00

NOTES FORMING PART OF THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH, 2019 (Amount in Rupees, except otherwise stated)

(b.) The Company has furnished Stand-by Letter of Credit (SBLC) with the sanctioned limit of Nil (2018 AED 1050 Lakhs (approximately Rs 17,760 Lakhs)) in favour of National Bank of Fujairah (NBF) and State Bank of India (SBI), Dubai obtained from State bank of India (SBI). This facility is with respect to term loan facilities availed by Zuari Infraworld Middle East Limited, a Wholly owned subsidiary from that bank. This facility is secured by investments held in mutual funds by the Company and further secured by the land owned by the Zuari Global Limited, the holding Company. Guarantee Outstanding as at the reporting date is Nil (2018: AED 419 Lakhs (NBF) and USD 71.88 Lakhs (SBI))

The loan disbursed and remaining outstanding as at 31 March 2019 Nil (as at 31 March 2018 AED 397.20 Lakhs against the above guarantees (urnished)

30. Earnings Per Share ("EPS")

Basic Earnings Per share (EPS) amounts are calculated by dividing the profit for the year attributable to equity holders of the parent by the weighted average number of Equity shares outstanding during the year. There are no dilutive potential equity shares, accordingly the Diluted EPS are also calculated by dividing the profit attributable to equity holders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during as at the end year.

The following reflects the income and share data used in the computation of basic and diluted EPS:

Particulars	(No. of shares in al.	osolute numbers)
	31 March 2019	31 March 2018
Profit / (Loss)before OCI attributable to equity holders of the parent company	29.52	(18.74)
Weighted Average number of equity shares used for computing EPS (Basic & Diluted) Loss Per Share (Basic and Diluted) (Rs.)	4,65,50,000	4,65,50,000
Face value per share (Rs.)	(0.06)	(0.04)
race value per share (RS.)	10.00	10.00

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NOTES FORMING PART OF THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH, 2019 (Amount in Rupees, except otherwise stated)

31. Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Company's principal financial liabilities, comprise of loans and borrowings, trade and other payables. The main purpose of these financial liabilities is to finance the Company's operations and to provide guarantees to support its operations. The Company's principal financial assets include loans, trade and other receivables, and cash and short-term deposits that derive directly from its operations

The Company is exposed to market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The Company's senior management oversees the management of these risks. The Company's senior management is supported by the finance team that advises on financial risks and the appropriate financial risk governance framework for the Company. Further, the company is into the real estate operations which is regulated by the Real Estate (Regulation and Development) Act, 2016 (RERA).

31.1. Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises three types of risk: interest rate risk, currency risk and other price risk, such as equity price risk and commodity risk. Financial instruments affected by market risk include loans and borrowings, deposits and investments in mutual funds.

(i.) Interest rate risk:

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Company's exposure to the risk of changes in market interest rates relates primarily to the Company's long-term debt obligations with floating interest rates.

The Company manages its interest rate risk by having a balanced portfolio of fixed and variable rate loans and borrowings. Term Loan facility from LIC Housing Finance Limited and YES Bank Limited is subject to floating rate of interest based on MCLR, while the borrowings from the related entities carry interest at a fixed rates.

Interest sensitivity analysis	Outstanding Loan facility subject to floating rates	Increase/ decrease in basis points	Effect on profit before tax
For the year ended 31 March 2019	-		
Increase in base points	16,436.03	+50	82.18
Decrease in base points	16,436.03	-50	(82.18)
For the year ended 31 March 2018			(02.10)
Increase in base points	13,988.63	+50	69.94
Decrease in base points	13,988.63	-50	(69,94)

(ii.) Foreign currency risk:

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of an exposure will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Company's exposure to the risk of changes in foreign exchange rates relates primarily to the Company's operating activities (when revenue or expense is denominated in a foreign currency) and the Company's net investments in foreign subsidiaries.

There is no significant currency risk as substantially all financial assets and financial liabilities are denominated in Indian Rupees, except for investment in wholly owned subsidiary which is denominated in foreign currency.

(iii.) Equity price risk

The Company's non-listed equity securities are susceptible to market price risk arising from uncertainties about future values of the investment securities. The Company's Board of Directors reviews and approves all Investment decisions.

31,2. Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that counterparty will not meet its obligations under a financial instrument or customer contract, leading to a financial loss. The Company is exposed to credit risk from its operating activities (primarily trade receivables) and from its financing activities, including deposits with banks and financial institutions, foreign exchange transactions and other financial instruments.

Trade receivables

Sale of units (Villas/ Villament & Apartments):

Customer credit risk is managed by " CRM team " subject to the Company's established policy, procedures and control relating to customer credit risk management. Outstanding customer dues with respect to Customers demands are regularly monitored for proactive actions.

NOTES FORMING PART OF THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH, 2019 (Amount in Rupees, except otherwise stated)

Development Management Fees:

Apart from real estate activities, the Company also provides Project Development services. The Trade Receivables includes dues from these activities aggregated to Rs. 594.35 lakhs (2018: Rs 469.51 lakhs)

An impairment analysis is performed at each reporting date on an individual basis for these entities. The Company does not hold collaterals as security. The Company evaluates the concentration of risk with respect to trade receivables as Nil, as its customers are related and are part of the same group and with respect of sale of flats & villas the sale deed is executed only after the realisation.

31.3. Liquidity risk

The Company monitors its risk of a shortage of funds regularly and is directly monitored by CFO of the company.

The Company's objective is to maintain balance between continuity of funding and flexibility through the use of bank loans and Debt Preference Shares.

The management expects to renew/rollover all of the short term debts/borrowings that are falling due in next 12 months. Further the Company is confident of increased operational cash inflows from bookings of flats/villas/apartments and is also ensured of continued support from its Holding/ Associates Companies and the Promoters of the Group.

The Management also obtained consent from the preference shareholders for extension of the redemption of preference shares which are due for redemption on 31 March 2020.

31.4. Capital Management

For the purpose of the Company's capital management, capital includes issued equity capital, share premium and all other equity reserves attributable to the equity holders of the parent. The primary objective of the Company's capital management is to ensure their ability to continue as going concern and maximise the shareholder value.

The company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments in light of changes in economic conditions and the requirements of the financial covenants. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the company may adjust the dividend payment to shareholders, return capital to shareholders or issue new shares. The company monitors capital using a gearing ratio, which is net debt divided by total capital plus net debt.

The table below summarises the maturity profile of the Company's financial liabilities based on contractual undiscounted payments as at 31 March, 2019:

Particulars	On demand	< 3 month	3 to 12 months	1 to 3 years	> 3 years	Total
Borrowings (Incl. Debt portion of Pre-	542.02 ference Shares	2,826.08	2,140.34	6,369,05	10,427.84	22,305.33
Trade payables	0.65	849.50	244.22	66.97		1,161.34
Other financial liabilities		108.81	0.56	0.33	42.27	151.98
Total	542.66	3,784.40	2,385.13	6,436.36	10,470.11	23,618.66

The table below summarises the maturity profile of the Company's financial liabilities based on contractual undiscounted payments as at 31 March, 2018:

Particulars	On demand	< 3 month	3 to 12 months	1 to 3 years	> 3 years	Total
Borrowings (Incl. Debt portion of Pre	ference Shares	2,733.00	3,808.33	12,470.06	*	19,011.39
Trade payables	- 1	527.19	665.12	143.78	10.00	1,346.09
Other financial liabilities	_	88.52	0.79	0.88	27.57	117.75
Total		3,348.70	4,474.24	12,614.71	37.57	20,475.23

NOTES FORMING PART OF THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH, 2019 (Amount in Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

32. Related Party Disclosures

32.1. List of Related Parties and nature of relationship v Holding Company	Zuari Global Limited
Subsidiary	Zuari Infra Middle East Limited, UAE
Step down Subsidiary	Zuari Infraworld SJM Properties LLC ,UAE (formerly SJM Elysium Properties LLC)
Joint Venture of Step down subsidiary	Burj District Development Limited, Cayman Islands
Subsidiary of the Joint Venture of Step down subsidiar	Burj District One Limited, U.A.E.
Fellow Subsidiaries	Zuari Management Services Limited
	Simon India Limited
	Forte Furniture Products India Private Limited
	Zuari Finserv Private Limited (Erstwhile Zuari Investment Limited demerged w.e.f. 19 November 2017)
Associates	Brajbhumi Nirmaan Private Limited
	Darshan Nirmaan Private Limited
	Pranati Niketan Private Limited
Key Management Personnel	Mr.Narayanan Suresh Krishnan, Director
	Mr. Sunil Sethy, Independent Director
	Mr. Krishan Kumar Gupta, Independent Director
	Mr. Vishwajit Kumar Sinha, Non-Executive Director
	(Resigned w.e.f. 24 March 2018)
	Mr. Alok Banerjee, Chief Executive Officer
	Mr. Anshul Amit Bansal, Chief Financial officer
	Mr, C G Ramegowda, Company secretary
Director of holding company	Mr. Saroj Kumar Poddar

32.2.Transactions with related parties:

Particu	lars	Year ended	Year ended
- 1=-		March 31, 2019	March 31, 2018
Zua	yment made on our behalf by the Company: ari Global Limited	5.77	2.86
ii Sei	rvice Charges / Management Fees Paid ari Finserv Private Limited	0.90	0.05
iii Pui	rchase of furnitures (PPE) te Furniture Products India Private Limited	1,29	0.05
iv Ser Zua	rvice Charges / Management Fees Income ari Global Limited - Development Management Commission ari Infra Middle East Limited- Development Management Commission	93.52 400.00	219.01
Zua Zua	ari Global Limited - Sales Commission ari Infraworld SJM Properties LLC - Finance Guarantee charges ari Infra Middle East Limited - Finance Guarantee charges	45.99 39.86 22.51	-
v Inte Zua - Gi	er-Corporate Deposits Given- Asset ri Infra Middle East Limited	1,826.65	19.36 1,115.83 333.22
Zua - Ac - Re vii Inte	r-Corporate Deposits Taken - Liability ri Global Limited scepted epayment rest on ICD (Expenses)	4,358.00 4,256.01	1,108.00
Zua viii Inte	ri Global Limited rest on ICD given - Income ri Infra Middle East Limited	201.65	120.82
ix Reir Zuar Braji	nbursement of Expenses received/receivable ri Infra Middle East Limited bhumi Nirmaan Private Limited	225.65 111.14	96.43 168.50
x Zua (i) C repo	ri Infra Middle East Limited orporate Guarantee (USD 200 lakhs at closing exchange rate of Rs.69.93 per USD as at rting date)	13,986.00	100.37
(ii) P	ledge of mutual funds held in the name of the Company	8,826.81	

ZUARI INFRAWORLD INDIA LIMITED
NOTES FORMING PART OF THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH, 2019
[Amount in Rupees, unless otherwise stated]

i. Short-term employee benefits Mr. Alok Banerjee, Chief Executive Officer Mr. Anoku Amit Bansal, Chief Fancatal officer Mr. Anoku Amit Bansal, Chief Financial officer Mr. Co Ramegowda, Company secretary i. Sitting fees Directors stiling fees to Non-executive Directors Total compensation I. Trade payable Simon India Limited March 31, 2019 March 31, 201			Year ended	Particulars
I. Short-term employee benefits	ar ended	0 00		
M. Alok Banerjee, Chief Executive Officer 97.37 Mr. Anshul Amil Bansal, Chief Financial officer 23.92 Mr. Co Ramegowda, Company secretary 13.23 II. Sitting fees 1.02 Mr. Anshul Amil Bansal, Chief Financial officer 1.02 Mr. Anshul Amil Bansal, Chief Financial officer 1.02 Mr. Anshul Amil Bansal, Chief Financial officer 1.02 Mr. Co Ramegowda, Company secretary 0.57 II. Sitting fees 1.02 III. Sitting fees 1.03 III. Sitting fees 1.03 III. Trade payable As at March 31, 2019 36.33 III. Trade payable As at March 31, 2019 36.33 III. Trade payable As at March 31, 2019 March 31, 2019 III. Trade receivable As at March 31, 2019 March 31, 2019 III. Trade receivable As at March 31, 2019 As at March 31, 2019 March 31, 2019 III. Trade receivable As at March 31, 2019 March 31, 2019 III. Trade receivable As at March 31, 2019 March 31, 2019 III. Trade receivable As at March 31, 2019 March 31, 2019 III. Trade receivable As at March 31, 2019 March 31, 2019 III. Trade receivable As at March 31, 2019 March 31, 2019 III. Trade receivable As at March 31, 2019 March 31, 2019 III. Trade receivable As at March 31, 2019 March 31, 2019 III. Trade receivable As at March 31, 2019 March 31, 2019 III. Trade receivable As at March 31, 2019 March 31, 2019 III. Trade receivable As at March 31, 2019 March 31, 2019 III. Trade receivable As at March 31, 2019 March 31, 2019 III. Trade receivable As at March 31, 2019 March 31, 2019 III. Trade receivable As at March 31, 2019 March 31, 2019 III. Trade receivable As at March 31, 2019 March 31, 2019 III. Trade receivable As at March 31, 2019 March 31, 2019 III. Trade receivable As at March 31, 2019 March 31, 2019 III. Trade receivable As at March 31, 2019 March 31, 2019 III. Trade receivable As at March 31, 2019 March 31, 2019 III. Trade receivable As at March 31, 2019 M	21.31, 2010	3 191	March 31, 2013	. Short-term employee benefits
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Mr. C G Ramegowda, Company secretary ii. Retirement benefits (Provident fund and Gratuity) Mr. Alok Banerjee, Chief Executive Officer Mr. Anshul Arms Bansal, Chief Financial officer Mr. C G Ramegowda, Company secretary ii. Sitting fees Directors stiling fees to Non-executive Directors Total compensation 32.4. Year-end balances L Trade payable Simon India Limited March 31, 2019 Mr. Alok Banerjee Mr. Alok Banerjee Mr. Alok Banerjee Mr. Alok Banerjee Mr. Anshul Arms March March 31, 2019 Mr. Alok Banerjee Mr. Anshul Arms Bansal Mr. C G Ramegowda Mr. C G Ramegowda Mr. C G Ramegowda Mr. C G Ramegowda Mr. Alok Banerjee Mr.		-		Mr. Anshul Amit Bansal, Chief Financial officer
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Loans to related parties: As at March 31, 2019 March 2,917.56 Loans from related parties: As at March 31, 2019 March 2,309.99 As at March 31, 2019 Exchange rate of Rs.69 per USD as at reporting date) Exchange rate of Rs.69 per USD as at reporting date) Exchange rate of mutual funds held in the name of the Company (fair value as at reporting date) Exchange rate of Rs.69 per USD as at reporting date) Exchange rate of mutual funds held in the name of the Company (fair value as at reporting date) Exchange rate of Rs.69 per USD as at reporting date)	157.33			
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fuari Infra Middle East Ltd. (including interest accrual) I. Loans from related parties: As at March 31, 2019 March 31, 201	A = =4		Anat	Loans to related parties:
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i) The Company's share of the value of Corporate Guarantee is USD 200 lakhs (using closing exchange rate of Rs.69 per USD as at reporting date) ii) Pledge of mutual funds held in the name of the Company (fair value as at reporting date) iii. Other year-end balances As at March 31, 2019 March Included in Project Work-in-Progress Zuari Global Limited. Zuari Infra Middle East Limited.	2,208.00			ari Global Limited
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ii) The Company's share of the value of Corporate Guarantee is USD 200 lakhs (using closing exchange rate of Rs. 69 per USD as at reporting date) Pledge of mutual funds held in the name of the Company (fair value as at reporting date) 8,826.81 Nother year-end balances As at March 31, 2019 March 2019 March 31, 2019	As at	10.		Personal Marie Cast Fillinga
exchange rate of Rs.69 per USD as at reporting date) ii) Piedge of mutual funds held in the name of the Company (fair value as at reporting date) 8,826.81 iii. Other year-end balances As at March 31, 2019 March 31, 2019 March 22,630.63 Zuari Infra Middle East Limited.	131, 2018			The Company's share of the value of Corporate Guarantee is LISD 200 lakbs (using closing
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A) Included in Project Work-in-Progress Zuari Global Limited. Zuari Infra Middle East Limited. American March 31, 2019 March 31, 2019 March 31, 2019			A A	. Other year-end balances
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Zuari Global Limited. 2,630.63 Zuari Infra Middle East Limited.	1 31, 2018	Ivia	marchol, 2018	Included in Project Work-in-Progress
Zuari Infra Middle East Limited	2 200 20		2 630 63	
A Constant Income	2,396.32	,		
Journal accreed and not hilled	45.75	-		Service Income accrued and not billed
Zuari Infra Middle Fact Limited		-		uari Infra Middle East Limited
Zuari Global Limited. 57.05	13.24			

32.5.Terms and conditions
All transactions with related parties are made on terms equivalent to those that prevail in arm's length transactions and in the normal course of business.

33: Fair values
Set out below, is a comparison by class of the carrying amounts and fair value of the financial instruments

Particulars		g value	Fair	value
	As at 31 March 2019	As at 31 March 2018	As at 31 March 2019	As at 31 March 201
(a.) Financial assets				
(i.) FVPL financial instruments:				
Quoted mutual funds	8,827.06	9.776.49	8,827.06	9,776.4
Preference Shares held in Associate Compan	696.25	654-15	696.25	654-1
(ii.) Amortised Cost:				
Interest accrued and due	33.72	33.72	33.72	33.7
Interest accrued and not due	5.09	00.12	5.09	33,1
Expenses Recoverable	0.00		3.08	
- Related parties	189.23	693.72	189,23	000 7
- Others	100.20	11.03	109,23	693.7
Unbilled Revenue - Service contracts		11.03		11.0
- Related parties	57.05	14.60	67.05	
- Others	116.88	14 59	57,05	14.5
Unbilled Revenue - Project Contracts	110.00	100 70	116.88	
Security deposits	20.70	180.72	*	180.7
Loan to Subsidiary	28.76	26.69	28,76	26.6
Trade Receivables	2,917.56	860.07	2,917.56	860 0
- Related parties	594.35	469.51	594.35	469.5
- Others	24.17	1,398.85	24.17	1,398.8
Cash and cash equivalents	185.50	454.88	185.50	454.8
Other bank balances	500.00		500,00	
Advance to employee	9.44	1.88	9.44	1.8
(iii.) Investments carried at cost				
Investment in Associate	1,896.16	1,896.16	1,896,16	1,896.10
Security deposit	28.44	27.12	28-44	27.12
Total	46 400 67	40 400 57		W2 (10) (1)
- Cui	16,109.67	16,499.57	16,109.67	16,499.5
b.) Financial liabilities				
(i.) Amortised Cost:				
LIC Housing Finance Limited	15,425.84	-	15,425.84	
YES Bank Limited	1,010.19		1,010,19	
Federal Bank Ltd-Term Loan	2	12,488.63		12,488.63
ICICI Bank Ltd - Term Loan		1,500.00		1,500.00
Preference shares (debt portion)	928.51	814.76	928.51	814.76
Security deposit towards sub lease	12.93	12.77	12.93	12.77
Inter corporate deposits	2,630.80	2,000.00	2,630.80	
Deferred Rental on security deposits	14.36	15.61	14.36	2,000.00
Current maturity of long term loans	2,309.99	2.208.00	2,309.99	15.61
Other payable to related parties	11.67	20.09		2,208.00
Other deposits	14.96	20.09	11.67	20.09
Dues to employees		C0 42	14.96	
Trade payables	- 97.14 1,162.26	68.42 1,346.94	97.14 1,162.26	68,42 1,346.94
otal				
	23,618.66	20,475.23	23,618.66	20,475.23

Other Notes:

(i.) The management assessed that cash and cash equivalents, other bank balances, trade receivables, retention money, inter corporate deposits, loan to related party and trade payables approximate their carrying amounts largely due to the short-term maturities of these instruments. The fair value of the financial assets and liabilities is included at the amount at which the instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale.

(ii-) The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair values:

(a.) The fair values of the unquoted Preference shares have been estimated using a DCF model and considering the future cash outflow in this regard, based on a independent valuation. The valuation requires management to make certain assumptions about the model inputs, including forecast cash flows, discount rate, credit risk and volatility. The probabilities of the various estimates within the range can be reasonably assessed and are used in management's estimate of fair value for these unquoted Preference shares.

(b.) The fair values of the Company's interest-bearing borrowings and loans approximates to their carrying amounts i.e., cost as at the end of the reporting year. The own non-performance risk as at reporting was assessed to be insignificant.

(c.) The Company has not valued the Financial guarantee that it has extended to its wholly owned subsidiary to its fair value. It is the opinion of the Management that, had the same been valued it would not have any significant impact on these financial statements



ZUARI INFRAWORLD INDIA LIMITED
NOTES FORMING PART OF THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH, 2019
(Amount in Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

34. Fair Value Hierarchy

The following table provides the fair value measurement hierarchy of the Company's assets and liabilities.

Quantitative disclosures of fair value measurement hierarchy for assets:

Assets		Fair value measurement using			
	Total	Quoted prices in active markets (Level 1)	Significant observable inputs (Level 2)	Significant unobservable inputs (Level 3)	
(i.) FVPL financial instruments:			(1.0.1012)	(EGAGL2)	
Investments in Mutual funds	8,827.06	8.827.06			
	(9,776.49)	(9,776.49)	•		
Preference shares held in Associate	696.25			696.25	
	(654.15)	4		(654.15	

(i.) Amounts in the parenthesis represent previous year.

(ii.) There have been no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 during the year.

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ZUARI INFRAWORLD INDIA LIMITED NOTES FORMING PART OF THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH, 2019 (Amount in Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

35. Gratuity (Employment benefit plan)

Particulars	As at 31 March 2019		As at 31 March 2018	
	Current	Non-current	Current	Non-current
Value of Plan - Gratuity (Un-Funded)	2.91	38.59	3.29	33.32
	2.91	38.59	3.29	33.32

Gratuity:

The Company has a defined benefit gratuity plan. Every employee who has completed five years or more of service gets gratuity on departure at 15 days salary (last drawn salary) for each completed year of service.

The following tables summarise the components of net benefit expense recognised in the profit or loss statement and the funded status and amounts recognised in the balance sheet for the respective plans:

(i.) Net employee benefit expense (recognized in Employee Cost) for the year ended:

Particulars	As at 31 March 2019	As at 31 March 2018
Current Service Cost	11.31	10.53
Past Service cost-(non vested benefits)		0.02
Past Service cost-(vested benefits)		1.81
Net Interest Cost	2.60	1.97

(ii.) Amount recognised in Other Comprehensive Income for the year ended:

Particulars	As at 31 March 2019	As at 31 March 2018
(Gain)/loss from change in demographic assumptions		07 111011 2010
(Gain)/loss from change in financial assumptions	(0.05)	(2.27)
Experience (gains) / losses	(5.35)	(4.39)

(iii.) Changes in the present value of the defined benefit obligation are, as follows:

Particulars	As at 31 March 2019	As at 31 March 2018	
Opening defined obligation	36.61	. 30.02	
Current service cost	11.31	10.53	
Past Service cost-(non vested benefits)		0.02	
Past Service cost-(vested benefits)		1.81	
Interest cost	2.60	1.97	
Contribution paid	(3.63)	(1.10)	
Actuarial (gain)/ loss on obligations	(5.40)	(6.65)	
Defined benefit obligation	41.50	36.61	

(iv.) The principal assumptions used in determining gratuity obligations for the Company's plans are shown below:

Particulars	As at 31 March 2019	As at 31 March 2018
Mortality	IALM (2006-08) UIt.	IALM (2006-08) UII.
Interest / Discount Rate	7.50%	7.48%
Rate of increase in compensation	9%	9%
Expected average remaining service	8.7	9.16
Benefit of normal retirement considered as per Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972	Rs. 20 Lakhs	Rs. 20 Lakhs
Employee Attrition Rate (Past Service)	PS: 0 to 40 years: 8%	

NOTES FORMING PART OF THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH, 2019 (Amount in Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

(v.) A quantitative sensitivity analysis for significant assumption as at the reporting date is as shown below:

Gratuity Plan	As at 31 M	arch 2019	As at 31 March 2019			
Assumptions	Discount rate		Future salary increases			
Sensitivity Level	+1% increase -1% decrease		+1% increase			
Impact on defined benefit obligation	39.20	44.11	43.95	39.30		
Gratuity Plan	As at 31 M	As at 31 March 2018		As at 31 March 2018		
Assumptions	Discou	Discount rate		increases		
Sensitivity Level	+1% increase	-1% decrease	+1% increase	-1% decrease		
Impact on defined benefit obligation	34.07	39.52	39.34	34.17		

The sensitivity analyses above have been determined based on a method that extrapolates the impact on defined benefit obligation as a result of reasonable changes in key assumptions occurring at the end of the reporting period.

The following payments are expected contributions to the defined benefit plan in future years:

Particulars	As at 31 March 2019	As at 31 March 2018	
Within the next 12 months	2.91	3.29	
Between 2 and 5 years	28.91	15.20	
Between 5 and 10 years	9.19	24.65	
Total expected payments	41.01	43.14	

Note: The above disclosures are based on the valuation report by the independent actuary.

36. Segment Information

Information regarding Operating Segment Reporting as per Ind AS-108

The Chief Financial Officer monitors the operating results of its business units separately for the purpose of making decisions about resource allocation and performance assessment. Accordingly, the Company has identified only one segment i.e., real estate sector as its reportable segment for the purpose of Ind AS 108.

Real Estate segment (RE) is into development, sale, management and operation of all or any part of townships, housing projects, includes leasing of self owned commercial premises and also rendering development management services and thus entire business has been considered as a single operating component by the Management.

36.1. The following table presents assets and liabilities information for the Company's operating segments as at year end-

Geographical information	Non-curre	nt assets	Revenue from operations		
	As at 31 March 2019	As at 31 March 2018	for the year ended 31 March 2019	for the year ended 31 March 2018	
India	1,170.30	1,156 40	1,785.30	663.28	
Outside India (Dubai)	95.30		400.00		
	1,265.60	1,156.40	2,185.30	663.28	

Note:

Non-current assets disclosed above are excluding Investment in subsidiaries & Associates, financial instruments, deferred tax assets, post-employment benefit assets etc.

36.2. Revenue from the customers contributing more than 10% of the total revenue are given below:

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2019	For the year ended 31 March 2018
Customer A	139.51	219.01
Customer B	270.38	82.00
Customer C	400.00	02.00
Total	809.89	301.01



ZUARI INFRAWORLD INDIA LIMITED NOTES FORMING PART OF THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH, 2019 [Amount in Rupees, except otherwise stated]

37. Disclosure pursuant to adoption of Ind AS 115 - Revenue from contracts with customers.

The company has applied the modified retrospective approach as per para C3(b) to Appendix C of Ind AS 115 to the customer contracts that were not completed as on April 1, 2018 and the cumulative catchup effect of initially applying this standard recognised at the date of initial application i.e., April 1, 2018 in accordance with Ind AS 115 as an adjustment to the opening balance of the retained earnings. The transition effect/adjustment of Rs 380.76 lakhs (net of income tax effect for Rs. 133.77 lakhs) has been adjusted against the opening retained earnings. The above information for the year ended March 31, 2018 have not been restated, hence these are not comparable to that extent.

37.1. The following disclosures summarise the impact of adopting Ind AS 115 on companies financial results for the year ended 31 March, 2019 and it's financial position as on that date.

a. Financial Results	For the year ended March 31, 2019	Impact of adoption of Ind AS 115	Amount without effect of Ind AS 115	For the year ended March 31, 2018
REVENUE:				
Revenue from operations	0.405.00	4 0 4 0 5 7	000 74	
Other income	2,185.30	1,346-57	838 74	663.28
Total Income	1,144.54	4.0.10.00	1,144.54	632.84
Total medine	3,329.84	1,346.57	1,983.27	1,296.13
EXPENSES:				
Purchase of materials, sub contract charges and				
other project costs	2,443.19	*	2,443.19	2,558 44
Changes in Construction Work-in-progress	(1,150.67)	1,246.77	(2,397.44)	(2,105.56)
Employee benefit expenses	274.25		274.25	143.23
Other expenses	608.46	34.02	574.44	338.23
Total expenses	2,175.22	1,280.79	894.43	934.34
Profit Before Interest, Tax and Depreciation & Amo	1,154.62	65.78	1,088.84	361.78
Finance costs	959.17		959.17	242.94
Depreciation and amortization expense	19.93	4	19.93	24.18
Profit before tax expenses	175.52	65.78	109.74	94.66
Tax expenses:				
Current tax expense	4.00		4.00	0:00
Tax Expense of earlier years	2.60			6.00
Deferred tax charge/(credit)	139.40	17.10	2.60	4.74
Tax Expenses for the year (net)	146.00	17.10 17.10	122.29	102.65
Tax Expenses for the year (net)	146.00	17.10	128.89	113.39
Profit/(Loss) for the year before other	29.52	48.68	(19.15)	(18.73)
comprehensive income		70.00	(10.10)	(10.73)
Other comprehensive income / (Loss)				
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss				
Remeasurement of defined benefit plans (Gratuity)	5.40		E 40	0.05
Deferred tax on above defined benefit plans	(1.40)		5.40	6.65
Total Other Comprehensive Income/(Loss)	4.00		(1.40)	(1.73)
rotal other comprehensive mediter(Loss)	4.00	150	4.00	4.92
Total Comprehensive Income/(Loss)	33.51	48.68	(15.15)	(13.80)
Earning/(Loss) per share (in Rs.)				
Basic & Diluted	0.06	0.10	(0.04)	(0.04)
Weighted average number of shares used in				(0.04)
computing Earnings per share	4,65,50,000	4,65,50,000	4,65,50,000	4,65,50,000

ZUARI INFRAWORLD INDIA LIMITED NOTES FORMING PART OF THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH, 2019 (Amount in Rupees, except otherwise stated)

b. Financial Position	As at March 31, 2019	Impact of Ind AS 115	Amount without Ind AS 115 impact	As at March 31, 2018
ASSETS				
Non-current assets				
(a.) Property, plant and equipment	125 12		405.40	
(b) Other intangible assets	135.42	7.5	135.42	154.89
(c) Financial assets:	1.36		1.36	1.80
(i.) Investments	44 440 40			
(ii.) Loans	11,419.48		11,419,48	12,326.80
(iii.) Other financial assets	2,917.56		2,917.56	860.07
(d.) Income tax assets (net)	31.16		31.16	29.09
(e.) Other non current assets	51.38	-	51.38	115.59
(e.) Other hon current assets	1,077.44	-	1,077.44	884.12
Current assets	15,633.80	- 2	15,633.80	14,372.36
(a.) Inventories				
	26,506 29	(6,700:79)	19,805.49	17,408.05
(b.) Financial assets				
(i.) Trade receivables	618 52	1,390.03	2,008.55	1,868.36
(ii.) Cash & Cash equivalents	185.50	(9)	185.50	454.88
(iii) Other bank balances	500.00	2.0	500.00	
(iv.) Loans	9 44	14	9.44	1.88
(v.) Other financial assets	428 01	180,72	608.73	958.49
(c.) Other current assets	3,428 05	(303.07)	3,124.98	2,952,46
	31,675.81	(5,433.11)	26,242.70	23,644.12
	47,309.61	(5,433.11)	41,876.50	38,016.48
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES				
Equity				
(a.) Equity share capital	4,655.00		4,655.00	4,655.00
(b.) Other equity	10,238.35	332.08	10,570,43	10,585.59
Liabilities	14,893.35	332.08	15,225.43	15,240.59
Non-current liabilities				
a.) Financial liabilities				
(i.) Borrowings	(0.007.00			
	18,937.23	-	18,937.23	12,470.06
(ii.) Trade payables				
- dues to micro and small enterprises			-	1,60
- dues to other creditors	39.01	*	39.01	199.57
(iii.) Other financial liabilities	24.92		24.92	26.01
b.) Provisions	53.72		53.72	39.49
c) Deferred tax liability (net)	220.60	116.68	337.27	213.57
	19,275.48	116.68	19,392.16	12,948.69
Current liabilities				
a.) Financial liabilities				
(i.) Borrowings	1,058.11	*	1,058.11	3,500.00
(ii.) Trade payables				
 dues to micro and small enterprises 	4.56	2	4.56	-
 dues to other creditors 	1,117.77		1,117:77	1,146.53
(iii.) Other financial liabilities	2,437.06	-	2,437.06	3,133.07
b.) Other current liabilities	8,517.83	(5,881.87)	2,635.96	2,040.58
c.) Provisions	5.44	(-100,101)	5.44	7.02
	13,140.77	(5,881.87)	7,258.90	9,827.20
	47,309.61	(5,433.11)	41,876.50	
	-1,000,01	(0,700,11)	71,070.00	38,016.48



c. Transition effect on adoption of Ind AS 115 is detailed as under:

Description	Balance as on 31 March 2018	Adjustment as per Ind AS 115	Balance as on 1 April 2018
Equity			
Retained earning	(135.36)	(380.76)	(516.12)
Assets			
Accounts receivable	1,390 03	(1,390.03)	
Inventory	17,408,05	7,947.56	25,355.62
Deferred tax assets		- AS	
Unbilled revenue	180.72	(180.72)	
Prepaid expense (pertaining to commission)	76.45	237.79	314.24
Liabilities			
Advance from customers	(1,564.14)	(7,129.14)	(8,693.28)
Deferred revenue		31.1	(0,000.20)
Deferred tax liabilities	(213.57)	133.78	(79,79)
Club membership deposit	(304.50)		(304.50)
Maintenance deposit	(75.28)		(75.28)

d. Other disclosure relating to contracts with customers

Significant changes in contract assets and liabilities

Advance from customers	Amount
Balance as at 01 April 2018	8,693.28
Less: Amount of revenue recognised against opening contract liabilities	(1,346.57)
Add: Addition in balance of contract liabilities for current year	678.64
Balance as at 31 March 2019	8,025.35

Contract assets - Prepaid expenses	Amount
Opening balance of Contract assets - Prepaid expenses	314.24
Less: Amount of prepaid expense recorded as expense in statement of profit & loss in current year	(34.02)
Add: Addition in balance of Prepaid expenses in current year	
Closing balance of Contract assets - Prepaid expenses	280.22

37.2. Disaggregation of revenue

Particulars	For the year e	nded 31 March	For the year ended 31 March 2018		
	India	Outside India	India	Outside India	
Sale of residential units	1,346.57	-	362.27	(*)	
Development management fees	232.51	400.00	301.01		
Sales Commission on sale of plots/residential units	177.37	-			
Other Operating revenue	28.85	-		-	
Total	1,785.30	400.00	663.28		



NOTES FORMING PART OF THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH, 2019

(Amount in Rupees, except otherwise stated)

38. In the opinion of the Management none of the assets, other than fixed assets, have a value lower on realisation in the ordinary course of business than the amount at which they are stated in these financial statements. Accounts of most of the Trade Payables, Trade Receivables, loans & advances and Customer Advances are subject to confirmations.

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the standalone financial statements

For and behalf of the Board of Directors of

Zuari Infraworld India Limited

N SURESH KRISHNAN

Director DIN: 00021965

ANSHUL A. BANSAL

Chief Financial Officer Place: Gurgaon Date: 20 May 2019 Director DN: 00244104

C G RAMEGOWDA Company Secretary As per our report of the even date attached

For VARMA & VARMA Chartered Accountants FRN 004532S

K P SRINIVAS
Partner
M. No. 208520

Place: Gurgaon Date: 20 May 2019

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ALOK BANERJEE

Chief Executive Officer



CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of, Zuari Infraworld India Limited, Bangalore

Report on the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of Zuari Infraworld India Limited (hereinafter referred to as the 'Holding Company") and its subsidiaries (Holding Company and its subsidiaries together referred to as "the Group") and its associates, which comprise the consolidated Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2019, the consolidated Profit and Loss statement, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated cash flows Statement for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as "the consolidated financial statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid consolidated financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the consolidated state of affairs of the Group and its associates as at March 31, 2019, of consolidated loss, consolidated changes in equity and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Group and its associates in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the consolidated financial statements in India in terms of the Code of Ethics issued by ICAI and the relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements

The Holding Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation and presentation of these consolidated financial statements in term of the requirements of the Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) that give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position, consolidated financial performance and consolidated cash flows of the Group including its associates in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act. The respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group and of its associates are responsible for maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Group and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and the design implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating





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effectively for ensuring accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, which have been used for the purpose of preparation of the consolidated financial statements by the Directors of the Holding Company, as aforesaid.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group and of its associates and jointly controlled entities are responsible for assessing the ability of the Group and of its associates and jointly controlled entities to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board of Directors either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group and of its associates and jointly controlled entities are responsible for overseeing the financial reporting process of the Group and of its associates and jointly controlled entities.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Companies Act, 2013, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.



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- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the ability of the Group and its associates and jointly controlled entities to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group and its associates and jointly controlled entities to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Dotain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group and its associates and jointly controlled entities to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audit of the financial statements of such entities included in the consolidated financial statements of which we are the independent auditors. For the other entities included in the consolidated financial statements, which have been audited by other auditors, such other auditors remain responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audits carried out by them. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance of the Holding Company and such other entities included in the consolidated financial statements of which we are the independent auditors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

Emphasis of Matter

We draw attention to Note 7.7 of the consolidated financial statements regarding the advances paid to a sub-contractor aggregating to Rs. 2,246.49 lakhs and interest accrued on the same Rs. 33.72 lakhs in respect of which the Management is in negotiation with that party for its recovery. The Management of the Company is confident that this advance will be fully recovered and hence no provision is considered necessary at this stage.

Our Opinion is not modified in the respect of this matter.

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Chartered Accountants

Other Matters

We did not audit the consolidated financial statements of one subsidiary, which consists of itself, it's subsidiary, one joint venture and a subsidiary of that joint venture, all of which are incorporated outside India, whose consolidated financial statements reflect total assets of Rs.27,056.04 lakhs as at 31st March, 2019, total revenues of Rs.0.07 lakhs and net cash out flows amounting to Rs.0.12 lakhs for the year ended on that date, as considered in the consolidated financial statements. The consolidated financial statements also include the Group's share of net loss of Rs.20.26 lakhs for the year ended 31st March, 2019, as considered in the consolidated financial statements, in respect of three associates, whose financial statements have not been audited by us. These financial statements have been audited by other auditors whose reports have been furnished to us by the Management and our opinion on the consolidated financial statements, in so far as it relates to the amounts and disclosures included in respect of these subsidiaries and associates, and our report in terms of sub-section (3) of Section 143 of the Act, in so far as it relates to the aforesaid subsidiaries, jointly controlled entities and associates, is based solely on the reports of the other auditors.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements, and our report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements below, is not modified in respect of the above matters with respect to our reliance on the work done and the reports of the other auditors and the financial statements / financial information certified by the Management.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report, to the extent applicable, that:

- (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit of the aforesaid consolidated financial statements.
- (b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law relating to preparation of the aforesaid consolidated financial statements have been kept so far as it appears from our examination of those books and the reports of the other auditors.
- (c) The Consolidated Balance Sheet, the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss, (the consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity) and the Consolidated Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the relevant books of account maintained for the purpose of preparation of the consolidated financial statements.
- (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid consolidated financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.
- (e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors of the Holding Company as on 31st March, 2019 taken on record by the Board of Directors of the Holding Company and the reports of the statutory auditors of its associate companies incorporated in India, none of the directors of the Group companies, its associate companies incorporated in India is disqualified as on 31st March, 2019 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act.

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Chartered Accountants

- (f) With respect to the adequacy of internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Group and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in **Annexure A**.
- (g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of section 197(16) of the Act, as amended:

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the provisions of section 197 of the Act is not applicable to the Group.

- (h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditor's) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - (i) The consolidated financial statements disclose the impact of pending litigations on the consolidated financial position of the Group and its associates—Refer Note 29 to the consolidated financial statements.
 - (ii) Provision has been made in the consolidated financial statements, as required under the applicable law or accounting standards, for material foreseeable losses, if any, on long-term contracts.
 - (iii) There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Holding Company, and its associate companies incorporated in India.

for VARMA & VARMA Chartered Accountants FRN 004532S

> K P SRINIVAS Partner

M. No. 208520

Place: Gurgaon Date: 20th May 2019

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ANNEXURE A TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Annexure referred to in Clause (g) under the heading "Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements" of our Independent Auditors Report of even date on the Consolidated financial statements of Zuari Infraworld India Limited for the year ended 31st March, 2019.

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

In conjunction with our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the Company as of and for the year ended March 31, 2019, We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of Zuari Infraworld India Limited (hereinafter referred to as "the Holding Company") and its associate companies which are companies incorporated in India, as of that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The respective Board of Directors of the of the Holding company and its associate companies, which are companies incorporated in India, are responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to the respective company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") issued by the ICAI and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.





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We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained and the audit evidence obtained by the other auditors in terms of their reports referred to in the Other Matters paragraph below, is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that

- pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company:
- provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and
- (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Holding Company and its associate companies which are companies incorporated in India, have, in all material respects, adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2019, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India"

Other Matters

Our aforesaid reports under Section 143(3)(i) of the Act on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the internal financial controls over financial reporting insofar as it relates to three associate companies, which are companies incorporated in India, is based on the corresponding reports of the statutory auditors of such companies incorporated in India.

for VARMA & VARMA Chartered Accountants FRN 004532S

Schalvan W.F.

K P SRINIVAS Partner M. No. 208520

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Place: Gurgaon Date: 20th May 2019

> # 424, 4th C Main, 6th Cross, OMBR Layout, Banaswadi, Bangalore 560043 Tel: +91+80+42444999, Fax: +91+80+42444900, Email: bangalore@varmaandvarma.com

(All Amounts in Indian Rupees in lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

(All Amounts in Indian Rupees in lakins, unless otherwise stated)	Note	As at	As at
	No.	March 31, 2019	March 31, 2018
ASSETS			
Non-current assets			
(a.) Property, plant and equipment	3.1	234.42	275.09
(b.) Other intangible assets	3.2	1.36	1.80
(c.) Goodwill on consolidation		58.75	58.75
(d.) Financial assets:			
(i.) Investments	4.1	11,810.79	12,738.38
(ii.) Other financial assets	6.1	59.91	56.72
(e.) Income tax assets (net)		51.38	115.59
(f.) Other non current assets	7.1	5,031.21	4,610.57
		17,247.82	17,856.89
Current assets			
(a.) Inventories	8	48,477.42	29,203.17
(b.) Financial assets			
(i.) Trade receivables	9	523.21	1,868.36
(ii.) Cash & Cash equivalents	10	206.40	474.69
(iii.) Other bank balances	10.1	500.00	**
(iv.) Loans	5.1	55.49	50.02
(v.) Other financial assets	6.2	396.10	457.94
(c.) Other current assets	7.2	3,604.57	3,063.88
		53,763.19	35,118.06
		71,011.01	52,974.95
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		ACCHICECTORISM CONTROL	Entration continues of the manufactures biological and adjust approximation of the second sec
Equity			
(a.) Equity share capital	11	4,655.00	4,655.00
(b.) Other equity	12	8,922.35	10,048.62
Liabilities		13,577.35	14,703.62
Non-current liabilities			
(a.) Financial liabilities			
(i.) Borrowings	13.1	39,682.13	17,152.74
(i.) Borrowings (ii.) Trade payables	14.1	39,002.13	17,132.74
• •	121, 1		
 dues to micro and small enterprises dues to other creditors 		39.01	199.57
	15.1	253.68	623.90
(iii.) Other financial liabilities	16.1	253.66 53.72	
(b.) Provisions	16.1		39.49
(c.) Deferred tax liability (net)	17	219.83 40,248.38	212.80 18,228.50
Current liabilities		,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
a.) Financial liabilities			
(i.) Borrowings	13.2	3,909.90	13,518.80
(ii.) Trade payables	14.2		
- dues to micro and small enterprises		4.56	be
- dues to other creditors		1,129.97	1,197.46
(iii.) Other financial liabilities	15.2	3,548.95	3,231.66
b.) Other current liabilities	18	8,546.64	2,067.73
c.) Provisions	16.2	45.26	27.17
•		17,185.28	20,042.83
		71,011.01	52,974.95
		<u> entre production de la constant de</u>	

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the consolidated financial statements

This is the consolidated balance sheet referred to in our report of even date attached. For VARMA & VARMA,

For and behalf of the Board of Directors of

Zuari Infraworld India Limited

SUNIL SETHY

Director DIN 00244104 ALOK BANERJEE

Chief Executive Officer

ANSHUL A. BANSAL Chief Financial Officer

N SURESH KRISHNAN

Director

DIN: 00021965

C G RAMEGOWDA Company Secretary

Sister, J. P. K P SRINIVAS Partner M. No. 208520

Chartered Accountants FRN 004532S

> Place: Gurgaon Date: 20 May 2019

Place: Gurgaon Date: 20 May 2019

CONSOLIDATED PROFIT AND LOSS STATEMENT

(All Amounts in Indian Rupees in lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Note No.	For the year ended March 31, 2019	For the year ended March 31, 2018
REVENUE:			e and the control of
Revenue from operations	40	1 705 00	
Other income	19 20	1.785.30	663.28
Total Income	20	906.56 2,691.86	517.19 1,180.47
EXPENSES:			1,100.47
Purchase of materials, sub-contract charges and other project costs	21	12,619.20	7.00.0.
Changes in Construction Work-in-progress	22	(11,326.68)	7,821.31
imployee benefit expenses	23	130.84	(7,368.43
Other expenses	24	688.85	254.84
otal expenses	En 'I	2,112.21	469.52
Profit Before Interest, Tax and Depreciation & Amortisation		579,65	1,177.24
mance costs	25	1,065.28	3.23
epreciation and amortization expense	26	42.39	150.98
rofit before tax expenses	20	(528.01)	43.15
rofit/(Loss) before share in net profit/(loss) of associates		(20.26)	(190.90)
rofit before tax expenses		(548.27)	(4.39
,		(346.21)	(195.29)
ax expenses:	27		
urrent tax expense		4.00	6.00
ax Expense of earlier years		2.60	6.00
eferred tax charge/(credit)		139.41	4.74
ex Expenses for the year (net)		146.00	102.65 113.39
rofit/(Loss) for the year before other comprehensive income		(694.28)	(308.68)
ther comprehensive income / (Loss)	•		
ems that will be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss			
xchange differences arising on translation of foreign operations		(55.23)	(3.76)
ems that will not be reclassified to profit or loss			
emeasurement of defined benefit plans (Gratuity)		5.40	6.65
eferred tax on above defined benefit plans		(1.40)	(1.73)
tal Other Comprehensive Income/(Loss)		(51.24)	1.16
otal Comprehensive Income/(Loss)	×	(745.51)	(307.52)
rning/(Loss) per share (in Rs.)	30		
isic & Diluted eighted average number of shares used in computing Earnings per sh	are	(1.49) 4,65,50,000	(0.66) 4,65,50,000
		nts	, , - 0,000

This is the consolidated profit & loss statement referred to in our report of even date attached.

For and behalf of the Board of Directors of

Zuari Infraworld India Limited

N SURESH KRISHNAN SUNIL SETHY

Director

DIN: 00021965

Lmhz-ANSHUL A. BANSAL Chief Financial Officer

Place: Gurgaon

ALOK BANERJEE

Chief Executive Officer

C RAMEGOWDA Company Secretary

Director

DIN: 00244104

M. No. 208520

For VARMA & VARMA

Chartered Accountants FRN 004532S

Place: Gurgaon Date: 20 May 2019

K P SRINIVAS

Partner

Date: 20 May 2019

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A. Equity share capital				4,655.00	4,655.00
B. Other equity					
	Securities premium account	Equity Component of convertible preference shares	Retained earnings	OCI Reserve (Foreign Currency Translation reserve)	Total
Balance as at 1 April, 2017 Profit for the year	7,650.00	424.95	(370.44)	5.62	
Income to effect and			(308.68)	0.02.	7,710.13
Income tax effect on the interest on preference shares		(146.15)	()	_	(308.68
Remeasurement of defined benefit obligations Adjustments for the year	-	,	4.92		(146.15
Security promium on the inner (-	-	-	(3.76)	4.92
Security premium on the issue of preference shares	2.655 00	*		(0.70)	(3.76) 2.655.00
Equity component of preference shares issued Balance as at 31 March, 2018		137.15			2,055.00 137.15
Adjustment purcuant to adortion of the training	10,305.00	415.96	(674,19)	1.86	10,048.62
Adjustment pursuant to adoption of Ind AS 115 ncome tax effect on above adjustment		P.	(514.53)		(514.53)
Balance as at 1 April, 2018 after adjustment	Total and the second of the se		133.78	100	133.78
Profit for the year	10,305.00	415.96	(1,054.95)	1.86	9,667.87
Remeasurement of defined benefit obligations		*	(694.28)	10.	(694.28)
Adjustments for the year	-	i.e	4.00	No.	4.00
Balance as at 31 March, 2019				(55.23)	(55.23)
	10,305.00	415.96	(1,745.23)	(53.38)	8,922.35

For and behalf of the Board of Directors of Zuari Infraworld India Limiled

This is the consolidated statement of changes in equity referred to in our report of even date.

For VARMA & VARMA Chartered Accountants FRN 004532S

N SURESH KRISHNAN

Director

DIN: 00021965

ANSHUL A. BANSAL

Chief Financial Officer

SUNIL SETHY

(Director QIN: 00244104

G RAMEGOWDA Company Secretary

ALOK BANERJEE

Chief Executive Officer

Surkman & P K P SRINIVAS

Partner M. No. 208520

Place: Gurgaon Date: 20 May 2019

Place: Gurgaon Date: 20 May 2019 (All Amounts in Indian Rupees in lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

(All Allounts in Indian Aupees in lawis, unless otherwise stateu)	For the year ended 31 March 2019	For the year ended 31 March 2018
A. CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Net Profit before taxation	(548.27)	(195.29)
Adjustments for :		
Depreciation & Amortisation	51.88	53.23
Foreign currency translation reserve	(55.23)	(4.37)
Loss on sale of tangible assets (net)	•	2.56
Interest Income	(24.48)	7.02
Balances written-off	11.55	1.11
Short Term Capital Gain - Mutual Fund	(181.44)	(4.45)
Dividend from Mutual funds	w.	(4.64)
Gain on fair value adjustments to financial assets through profit or loss	(596.56)	(485.63)
Interest expense	7,936.64	2,635.26
Fair value adjustment to security deposits, net.	(1.23)	(0.94)
Provision towards service refund receivable	-	10.35
Adjustment on amortisation of financial assets, net	-	0.01
Re-measurement gains on defined benefit plans through OCI	5.40	6.65
Fair value adjustment to preference shares issued	113.75	95.37
Exchange difference on cash and cash equivalent	(1.20)	
Adjustments for share of (profits)/loss in subsidiary	(20.26)	4.39
Operating Profit/(Loss) before working Capital Changes	6,690.55	2,120.63
Adjustment for changes in :	participation of the processing value of the processing of the contract of the	elección de la composition della composition del
Decrease/(Increase) in trade receivables	1,582.94	(1,465,46)
(Increase) / Decrease in financial and Other assets	7.047.30	285.24
(Increase) / Decrease in Inventories	(19,274.25)	(7,368.43)
(Decrease)/Increase in Trade Payables	(235.04)	(801.30)
(Decrease)/Increase in Provisions	32.33	19.15
(Decrease)/Increase in Financial and other liabilities	(2,599.58)	259.29
Net cash generated from operations	(6,755.75)	(6,950.86)
Direct Taxes Paid (net of refund incl. Interest on refund)	76.38	22.60
Net cash generated from operating activities	(6,679.38)	(6,928.27)
B. CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES :	(40.70)	
Additions to tangible/intangible assets	(10.78)	(45.32)
Proceeds from sale of tangible/intangible assets		1.57
Investments in Mutual Funds	(5,526.25)	(7,295.96)
Proceeds from sale of Investments in Mutual Funds	7,250.51	2,350.41
Fixed deposits with bank	(500.00)	(49.08)
Interest received	0.64	(1.29)
Net cash from Investing activities	1,214.12	(5,039.67)
C. CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Proceeds from Issue of Preference shares (at a premium)	w.	2,950.00
Proceeds from Short term Borrowings (net)	(9,854.78)	6,398.73
Proceeds from Long term Borrowings (net)	21,684.30	5,482.68
Interest Paid	(9,373.32)	(2,635.26)
Net cash used in financing activities	2,456.20	12,196.15
Net Changes in Cash and Cash equivalents during the year	(3,009.05)	228.21
Exchange difference on cash and cash equivalent	1.20	-
Cash and Cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	474.69	246.48
Cash and Cash equivalents at the end of the year (Refer Note 10)	(2,533.16)	474.69

Disclosure pursuant to Ind-AS 7 as amended: Trf. to Securities **Particulars** As at 01 April 2018 Cash Flow Non-Cash Adj. (Fair As at 31 March 2019 Premium Value Adjustments) 113.75 Redeemable Preference 814.76

928.51 Shares (Debt portion)

This is the consolidated cash flow statement referred to in our report of even date attached

For and behalf of the Board of Directors of

Zuari Infraworld India Limited

SUNIL SETHY

ALOK BANERJEE

Chartered Accountants FRN 004532S The occurre

For VARMA & VARMA

N SURESH KRISHNAN Director DIN: 00021965

Director DIN: 00244104 Chief Executive Officer

K P SRINIVAS Partner M. No. 208520

ANSHUL A. BANSAL Chief Financial Officer G RAMEGOWDA Company Secretary

Place: Gurgaon Date: 20 May 2019

Place: Gurgaon Date: 20 May 2019

1. Corporate information:

The Consolidated Ind AS financial statements of Zuari Infraworld India Limited ("the Company") and its Subsidiary ("hereinafter collectively referred as the "Group") and its associates are for the year ended 31 March 2018. The Company is domiciled in India and is incorporated under the provisions of the Companies Act applicable in India.

The Group's primary business is pre-dominantly into the business of developing a residential cum commercial property intended for sale.

The financial statements were approved for issue in accordance with the resolution of the Board of directors at the meeting held on 20th May, 2019.

2. Significant accounting policies:

(a.) i. Basis of preparation

The consolidated financial statements of the group have been prepared under the historical cost convention on the accrual basis except for certain financial instruments which are measured at fair values in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under Section 133 of the Act read with Rule 3 of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and in accordance with the reporting requirement under Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act"), to the extent notified.

These Accounting policies have been consistently applied by the group in the preparation and presentation of these financial statements except where a newly issued/ notified accounting standard is initially adopted or a revision to an existing accounting standard requires a change in the accounting policy which was in use.

Current and Non-current classification

All Assets and liabilities have been classified as current or non-current as per the group's normal operating cycle and other criteria set out in Schedule III of the Companies Act, 2013. As the group is engaged in developing a residential cum commercial project, the normal operating cycle is based on the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realization in cash and cash equivalents. The group has ascertained its operating cycle as one year for the purpose of Current - Non-current classification of assets and liabilities, which is considered appropriate.

The consolidated financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees in lakhs, except when otherwise indicated.

ii. Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements comprise the financial statements of the Parent Company, subsidiaries, and its associates as at 31 March 2019. Control is achieved when the Group has power over the investee, is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the investee.

Specifically, the Group controls an investee if and only if the Group has:

- Power over the investee (i.e., existing rights that give it the current ability to direct the relevant activities of the investee)
- Exposure, or rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee, and
- The ability to use its power over the investee to affect its returns

Consolidated financial statements are prepared using uniform accounting policies for like transactions and other events in similar circumstances. If a member of the Group uses accounting policies other than those adopted in the consolidated financial statements for like transactions and events in similar circumstances, appropriate adjustments are made to that Group member's financial statements in preparing the consolidated financial statements to ensure conformity with the Group's accounting policies.

iii. Consolidation procedure:

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared following the below mentioned procedures:

- (1.) Subsidiary has been consolidated on a line-by-line basis by combining together the book values of the like items of assets, liabilities, income, expenses, and cash flows of the parent with those of its subsidiary, offsetting (eliminating) the carrying amount of the parent's investment in subsidiary and the parent's portion of equity of each subsidiary and after eliminating all significant intra-group balances and intra-group transactions and also unrealized profits or losses.
- (2.) Interests in the assets, liabilities, income and expenses of the Associates over which the Group has significant influence but not control have been consolidated using Equity method. Under the equity method of accounting, the investment in an associate is initially recognised at cost and the carrying amount is increased or decreased to recognise the investor's share of the profit or loss of the investee after the date of acquisition.
- (3.) The difference of the cost to the Group of its investment in Subsidiary over its proportionate share in the equity of the investee Group as at the date of acquisition of stake is recognized in the financial statements as Goodwill or Capital Reserve, as the case may be. While in the case of Associates such Goodwill or Capital Reserve is adjusted to the carrying value of investments.

- (4.) The intragroup assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between entities of the Group (including profits or losses resulting from intragroup transactions that are recognised in assets, such as inventory and fixed assets) are eliminated in full. Intragroup losses indicating an impairment are recognised in the consolidated financial statements. Pursuant to Ind AS12 on Income Taxes the temporary differences that arise from the elimination of profits and losses resulting from intragroup transactions are recognised.
- (5.) Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income (OCI) are attributed to the equity holders of the Parent Company of the Group and to the non-controlling interests, even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance. However the minority interests has been restricted to zero on the transition date i.e. April 1, 2015 using the exemption provided by the Ind AS 101 and the accumulated losses attributable to the minorities in excess of their equity on the transition date, in the absence of the contractual obligation on the minorities, the same has been accounted for by the Parent Company.
- (6.) The financial statements of the group entities used for the purpose of consolidation are drawn up to same reporting date as that of the Group i.e. year ended March 31, 2019.

List of Subsidiaries and Associates considered for consolidation:

(A) Following Subsidiary has been consolidated on line by line basis:

by cooking opposition has been consolidate	o on time by line basis:			
Name of the Group	Country of	Share of Ownership	Share of Ownership	
	Incorporation	Interest as at	Interest as at	
		March 31, 2019	March 31, 2018	
Zuari Infra Middle East Limited	Dubai, UAE	100.00%	100.00%	

The information relating to the subsidiary of Zuari Infra Middle East Limited is given below

	eri iiina middie Last Lii	inted is given below	
Name of the Group	Country of	Share of Ownership	Share of Ownership
	Incorporation	Interest as at	Interest as at
		March 31, 2019	March 31, 2018
Zuari Infraworld SJM Properties LLC		11101011011.2010	MIGICIT 31, 2018
(Formerly known as SJM Elysium Properties LLC)			
(Refer Note 1 below)	UAE	100.00%	100.00%

Note 1: Shareholding includes 51% held by a nominee shareholder as per the Shareholders Agreement dated 18.08.2014. As per this agreement Zuari Infra Middle East Limited has complete control over the management. Hence, this Company has been considered as a subsidiary with 100% interest and accordingly consolidated. The paid up share capital corresponding to the 51% interest has been included under other current liabilities.

(B) Following Investments in Associates have been consolidated using Equity Method of Accounting:

Country of	Share of Ownership	Share of Ownership	
Incorporation	Interest as at	Interest as at	
	March 31, 2019	March 31, 2018	
India	25%	25%	
India	25%	25%	
India	25%	25%	
	Country of Incorporation India	Incorporation Interest as at March 31, 2019 India 25% India 25%	

* As at 31 March 2019, Brajbhumi Nirmaan Private Limited holds 50% each in Pranati Niketan Private Limited and Darshan Nirmaan Private Limited respectively.

The information relating to the subsidiaries of Brajbhumi Nirman Private Limited are given below:

Name of the Group	Country of Incorporation	Share of Ownership Interest as at	Share of Ownership Interest as at
Rosewood Agencies Private Limited		March 31, 2019	March 31, 2018
	India	100.00%	100.00%
Neobeam Agents Private Limited	India	100.00%	100.00%
Mayapur Commercial Private Limited	India	100.00%	100.00%
Nexus Vintrade Private Limited	India	100.00%	100.00%
Bahubali Tradecomm Private Limited	India	100.00%	100.00%
Hopeful Sales Private Limited	India	100.00%	100.00%
Divine Realdev Private Limited	India	100.00%	100.00%
Kushal Infraproperty Private Limited	India	100.00%	100.00%
Beatle Agencies Private Limited	India	100.00%	100.00%
Suhana Properties Private Limited	India	100.00%	100.00%
Saket Mansions Private Limited	India	100.00%	100.00%



(b.) Use of accounting estimates, accounting judgements, and assumptions:

Preparation of these financial statements in conformity with Ind AS which requires the management to make estimates, judgments and assumptions. Such estimates, judgments and assumptions affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the year.

The application of accounting policies that require critical accounting estimates involving complex and subjective judgments and the use of such assumptions in these financial statements have been disclosed in the ensuing notes. Accounting estimates could change from year to year and also actual results could differ from those estimates. Appropriate changes in estimates are made as Management becomes aware of changes in circumstances surrounding these estimates. Changes in estimates are reflected in the financial statements in the year in which changes are made and their effects, if material, are disclosed by way of notes to the financial statements

Significant accounting judgements, estimates and assumptions:

(i) Useful life of Property, plant & equipment:

The determination of estimated useful lives and expected residual values are based on the technical evaluation carried by the Company and these are reviewed by the Management of the Company at each reporting date

(ii) Impairment of financial assets and evaluation of impairment indicators:

The evaluation of applicability of impairment indicators for an assets requires assessment of several external and internal factors which could result in deterioration of recoverable amount of the assets. As at the balance sheet date based on the historical default rates absorbed over the expected useful life, the Management assess the fair value of various financial assets and liabilities and their resultant fair values.

(iii) Impairment of non-financial assets:

Impairment exists when the carrying value of an asset or cash generating unit exceeds its recoverable amount, which is the higher of its fair value less cost of disposal and its value in use. The calculation of fair value less costs of disposal is based on available data from binding sales transaction conducted at arms' length for similar assets or observable market prices less incremental cost for disposing of the asset. The value in use calculation is based on a DCF model. The cash flows are derived from budget for the future years and do not include any restricting activities not committed for or significant future investments that will enhance the performance of the assets of the CGU being tested. The recoverable amount is sensitive to the discount rates used for the DCF model as well as the expected future cash flows and the growth rate used for extrapolation purposes. These estimates are most relevant to the goodwill and other intangibles with indefinite useful lives recognised in the financial statements.

(iv) Contingencies:

Contingent liabilities may arise from the ordinary course of business in relation to claims against the Company, including legal. By their nature, contingencies will be resolved only when one or more uncertain future events occur or fail to occur. The assessment of the existence, and potential quantum, of contingencies inherently involves the exercise of significant judgement and the use of estimates regarding the outcome of future events.

(v.) Construction work-in-progress

The Company holds inventories stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Such inventories include land, work in progress and completed units. Considering the nature of the activity and, in particular the scale of its developments and the length of the development cycle, the Company has to allocate project-wide development costs between units being built. It also has to forecast the costs to complete on such developments.

In making such assessments and allocations, there is a degree of inherent estimation uncertainty; in particular due to the need to take account of future direct input costs, sales prices and the need to allocate project-wide costs on an appropriate basis to reflect the overall level of development risk, including planning risk. The Company has established internal controls designed to effectively assess and review inventory carrying values and ensure the appropriateness of the estimates made. These assessments and allocations evolve over the life of the development in line with the risk profile, and accordingly the margins reflects these evolving estimates. Similarly, these estimates impact the carrying value of inventory at each reporting date as this is a function of costs incurred in the year and the allocation of inventory to costs of sales on each property sold.

(vi.) Defined benefit plans (gratuity benefits)

The cost of the defined benefit gratuity plan and the present value of the gratuity obligation are determined using actuarial valuations. An actuarial valuation involves making various assumptions that may differ from actual developments in the future. These include the determination of the discount rate, future salary increases and mortality rates. Due to the complexities involved in the valuation and its long-term nature, a defined benefit obligation is highly sensitive to changes in these assumptions. All assumptions are reviewed at each reporting date. The parameter most subject to change is the discount rate. In determining the appropriate discount rate for plans operated in India, the management

considers the interest rates of government bonds. The mortality rate is based on publicly available mortality tables for the specific countries. Those mortality tables tend to change only at interval in response to demographic changes. Future salary increases and gratuity increases are based on expected future inflation rates for the respective countries.



(vii.) Fair value measurement of financial instruments

When the fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded in the batance sheet cannot be measured based on quoted prices in active markets, their fair value is measured using valuation techniques including the DCF model. The inputs to these models are taken from observable markets where possible, but where this is not feasible, a degree of judgement is required in establishing fair values. Judgements include considerations of inputs such as liquidity risk, credit risk and volatility. Changes in assumptions about these factors could affect the reported fair value of financial instruments.

(c.)

(i) Property, plant and equipment

The Property, plant and equipment('PPE') of the group are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any. The cost comprises of the purchase price, borrowing costs if capitalization criteria are met and directly attributable cost of bringing the asset to its current working condition for the intended use. Any trade discounts or rebates are deducted in arriving at the purchase cost. Subsequent expenditure related to an item of PPE is added to its book value only if it increased the future benefits from the existing assets beyond its previously assessed standard performance.

Recognition:

The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognised as an asset if, and only if:

- (i.) it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the group; and
- (ii.) the cost of the item can be measured reliably.

De-recognition:

Gain/ (losses) arising from the de-recognition of a PPE are measured as the difference between the net proceeds on disposal and the carrying amount of the PPE. The resultant gain/(losses) are recognised in the Profit or Loss statement when the PPE is de-recognised.

(ii) Depreciation

Depreciation is provided under the Straight Line Method after retaining estimated residual value not exceeding 5% of the original cost, except for Leasehold improvements. Depreciation on assets used for the project has been considered as part of construction and development cost. The residual values, useful lives and methods of depreciation of property, plant and equipment are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if considered appropriate.

Upon adoption of Ind AS, the group has elected to measure all its property, plant and equipment at the Previous GAAP carrying amount as its deemed cost on the date of transition to Ind AS i.e., 1st April, 2015.

The group has estimated the useful lives detailed as under for each category of PPE:

Name of Assets	Useful Lives
Office Equipment	5 years
Plant & Machinery	8 years
Furniture & Fixtures	10 years
Computer and servers	5 and 6 years
Motor Vehicles	10 years
Leasehold Improvements	Over the primary lease period
Temporary structure	1 years

(d.)

(i) Intangible Assets

Intangible assets acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. Subsequent to initial recognition, the intangible assets are stated at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment losses, if any.

Recognition

The cost of an item of intangible asset is recognised as an asset if, and only if:

- (i.) it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the group; and
- (ii.) the cost of the item can be measured reliably.

De-recognition

Gain/ (losses) arising from the de recognition of intangibles are measured as the difference between the net proceeds on disposal and the carrying amount of the intangibles. The resultant gain/(losses) are recognised in the Profit and Loss statement when the intangible asset is de-recognised.



(ii) Amortisation

The useful lives of intangible assets are assessed as either finite or indefinite. Intangible assets with finite lives are amortized under the Straight Line Method over the useful economic life and assessed for impairment whenever there is an indication that the intangible asset may be impaired. The amortisation period and the amortisation method for an intangible asset with a finite useful life are reviewed at least at the end of each reporting period. The amortisation expense on intangible assets with finite lives is recognised in the statement of profit and loss unless such expenditure forms part of carrying value of another asset. Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives are not amortised, but are tested for impairment annually, either individually or at the cash-generating unit level. The assessment of indefinite life is reviewed annually to determine whether the indefinite life continues to be supportable. If not, the change in useful life from indefinite to finite is made on a prospective basis

Intangible assets representing computer software is amortised using the straight line method over a period of 5 years

Upon first-time adoption of Ind AS, the group had elected to measure all its intangible assets at the Previous GAAP carrying amount as its deemed cost on the date of transition to Ind AS i.e., 1st April, 2015.

(e.) Leases (other than land leases)

Operating Leases as a lessee:

Operating Lease payments are recognised as an expense in the Profit and Loss Statement on a straight line basis with reference to lease terms and other considerations except where:-

(i) Another systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern of the benefit derived from the asset taken or given on (ii) The payments to the lessor are structured to increase in line with expected general inflation to compensate for the lessor's expected inflationary cost increases

(f.) Impairment

(i) Financial assets (other than at fair value)

The group assesses at each date of balance sheet whether a financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired. Ind AS 109 requires expected credit losses to be measured through a loss allowance. In determining the allowances for doubtful trade receivables, the group has used a practical expedient by computing the expected credit loss allowance for trade receivables based on a provision matrix. The provision matrix takes into account historical credit loss experience and is adjusted for forward looking information. The expected credit loss allowance is based on the ageing of the receivables that are due and rates used in the provision matrix. For all other financial assets, expected credit losses are measured at an amount equal to the 12-months expected credit losses or at an amount equal to the life time expected credit losses if the credit risk on the financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition.

(ii) Non-financial assets

Tangible and intangible assets

Property, plant and equipment and intangible assets with finite life are evaluated for recoverability whenever there is any indication that their carrying amounts may not be recoverable. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount (i.e. higher of the fair value less cost to sell and the value-in-use) is determined on an individual asset basis unless the asset does not generate cash flows that are largely independent of those from other assets. In such cases, the recoverable amount is determined for the cash generating unit (CGU) to which the asset belongs. If the recoverable amount of an asset (or CGU) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or CGU) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

(g.) Borrowing Costs

Borrowing cost includes interest and amortization of ancillary costs incurred in connection with the arrangement of borrowings Borrowing cost also includes exchange differences to the extent regarded as an adjustment to the borrowing costs.

Borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the construction of development property are capitalized as part of the cost till such time the property is ready for its intended sale. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the year they occur.

Borrowing costs during an extended period in which it suspends the activities necessary to prepare an asset for its intended use or sale. Such costs are costs of holding partially completed assets and do not qualify for capitalisation. However, the group does not normally suspend capitalising borrowing costs during a period when it carries out substantial technical and administrative work. The group also does not suspend capitalising borrowing costs when a temporary delay considering the nature of industry, is a necessary part of the process of getting an asset ready for its intended use or sale.

(h.) Foreign Currency Translation

The group's financial statements are prepared and presented in Indian Rupees, which is also it's functional currency.

(i.) Initial Recognition:

Foreign currency transactions, if any, are recorded at exchange rate prevailing on the date of transaction/ realisation.



(ii.) Conversion / Reinstatement:

Foreign currency monetary items are translated using the exchange rate prevailing at the reporting date. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost denominated in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rate at the date of the initial transaction. Non-monetary items measured at fair value denominated in a foreign currency are, translated using the exchange rates that existed when the fair value was determined.

(iii.) Exchange Differences:

Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items or on reporting group's monetary items at rates different from those at which they were initially recorded during the year, or reported in previous financial statements, are recognized as income or as expenses in the year in which they arise

The gain or loss arising on translation of non-monetary items measured at fair value is treated in line with the recognition of the gain or loss on the change in fair value of the item (i.e., translation differences on items whose fair value gain or loss is recognized in other comprehensive income (OCI) or profit and loss are also recognized in OCI or profit and loss, respectively).

(i.) Inventories

The cost of inventories shall comprise all costs of purchase including cost of land, costs of conversion and other costs including borrowing costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition.

Inventories (comprising Land under Development and Construction Work-in-Progress) are stated at lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost includes expenses, net of taxes recoverable, specifically attributable to construction and development of property intended for sale. The allocation of common costs is based on the normal level of the activities.

(j.) Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Capital Commitments

(i.) Contingent Liabilities

A contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events whose existence will be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events beyond the control of the group or a present obligation that is not recognized because it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation. A contingent liability also arises in extremely rare cases where there is a liability that cannot be recognized because it cannot be measured reliably. The group does not recognise a contingent liability but discloses its existence in the financial statements.

(ii.) Provisions

A provision is recognised when the group has a present obligation as a result of past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

When the group expects some or all of a provision to be reimbursed, reimbursement is recognised as a separate asset, but only when the reimbursement is virtually certain. The expense relating to a provision is presented in the profit and loss statement net of any reimbursement.

If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects, when appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as a finance cost

(k.) Revenue Recognition

The group has applied Ind AS 115 "Revenue from Contracts with Customers" using the cumulative effect method and therefore the comparative information has not been restated and continues to be reported under erstwhile Ind AS 18 "Revenue" read with Guidance Note on Accounting for Real Estate Transactions (for entities to whom Ind AS is applicable) issued by the Institute of Charlered Accountants of India (the "ICAI").

The details of accounting policies under Ind AS 18 are disclosed separately if they are different from those under erstwhile revenue standards and the impact of changes is disclosed separately in the financial statements.

Revenue is measured based on the consideration specified in a contract with a customer and excludes amounts collected on behalf of third parties, if any. The group recognises revenue when it transfers control over a product or service to a customer

To determine whether to recognize revenue, the group follows a five step model as envisaged in Ind AS 115 given below:

- 1. Identifying the contract with a customer
- 2. Identifying the performance obligations
- 3. Determining the transaction price
- 4. Allocating the transaction price to the performance obligations
- 5. Recognizing revenue when/as performance obligation(s) are satisfied



Identify the Contract with Customer

The group evaluates whether a valid contract is satisfying all the following conditions:

- All parties have approved the agreement (may be oral or written)
- All parties are committed to approve their obligations.
- · Each party's rights are identifiable.
- The contract has commercial substance.
- · Collectability is probable.

Identifying the performance obligations

The group evaluates the separability of the promised goods or services based on whether they are 'distinct'. A promised good or service is 'distinct' if both:

- the customer benefits from the item either on its own or together with other readily available resources, and
- · it is 'separately identifiable' (i.e. the group does not provide a significant service integrating, modifying or customizing it)

Determining the transaction price

The group considers the terms of the contract and its customary business practices to determine the transaction price. The transaction price excludes amounts collected on behalf of third parties. The consideration promised include fixed amounts, existence of any financial component and any other non-cash consideration, or both.

Where the group has a right to consideration from a customer in an amount that corresponds directly with the value to the customer of the performance completed to date, the group recognizes revenue in the amount to which it has a right to invoice.

Allocating the transaction price to the performance obligations

The transaction price is allocated to the separately identifiable performance obligations on the basis of their standalone selling price. For services that are not provided separately, the standalone selling price is estimated using adjusted market assessment approach.

Recognizing revenue when/as performance obligation(s) are satisfied.

Revenue is recognized to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the group and the revenue can be reliably measured, regardless of when the payment is being made.

Revenue is recognized either at a point in time or over time, when (or as) the group satisfies performance obligations by transferring the promised goods or services to its customers.

The main revenue streams for Zuari Infraworld India Limited relate are as under:

- Residential cum commercial properties (constructed properties)
- Development Management Services.
- Sales Commission.

(i) Revenue from sale of residential cum commercial properties (constructed properties)

The group develops and sells residential cum commercial properties. Revenue is recognised when control over the property has been transferred to the customer. The properties have generally no alternative use for the group due to contractual restrictions. However, an enforceable right to payment does not arise until legal title has passed to the customer. Therefore, revenue is recognised at a point in time when the legal title has been passed to the customer. Each units of the flats or properties are classified as a separate performance obligation and revenue is recognised upon legal transfer of asset to

The revenue is measured at the transaction price agreed under the contract. In most cases, the consideration is linked with the process of construction and does not involve any significant financial component.

The Company has not adjusted the promised amount of consideration for the effects of a significant financing component. In the view of the Management of the Company contract with a customers would not have a significant financing component as there is no difference between the promised consideration and the cash selling price of the residential units (as described in paragraph 61 and 62 of Ind AS 115) had the same been sold on full cash basis.

(ii) Income from sale of services

Income from service contracts which is in the nature of fees for specified periods are recognised on accrual basis to the extent the services have been rendered and invoices are raised in accordance with the contractual terms with the customers and recoveries are reasonably certain.

(iii) Sales Commission from sale of plots/ residential units

Commission from sale of plots/ residential flats upon sale of the plots/ flats and after receipt of specified sum of consideration as per the terms of contracts.

(iv) Other income

Other income comprises of interest income, dividend income and gain/loss on investments. Interest income is recognized on accrual basis using the effective interest method. Dividend is recognised as and when the right to receive payment is established by the reporting date, which is generally when shareholders approve the dividend.

(L) Taxes on income

(i) Current income tax

Tax expense comprises current and deferred tax. Current income tax is measured at the amount expected to be paid to the tax authorities using own estimates in accordance with the tax laws prevalent in the respective country. Current income tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted, at the reporting date.

Current income tax relating to items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised outside profit or loss (either in other comprehensive income or in equity). Management periodically evaluates positions taken in the tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulations are subject to interpretation and establishes provisions where appropriate

(ii) Deferred tax

Deferred tax is provided using the balance sheet approach on temporary differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes at the reporting date.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the year when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, the carry forward of unused tax credits and any unused tax losses. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilised.

Deferred tax relating to items recognised outside profit or loss statement is recognised outside profit or loss (either in other comprehensive income or in equity).

(m.) Retirement and other Employee Benefits

(i) Provident Fund

Retirement benefit in the form of Provident Fund is a defined contribution scheme and the contributions are charged to the Profit and Loss statement of the year when the contributions to the respective funds are due. There are no other obligations other than the contribution payable under the scheme.

(ii) Gratuity

Gratuity liability under the Payment of Gratuity Act 1972, are defined benefit obligations and are provided for on the basis of actuarial valuation on projected unit credit method, made at the end of each financial year. The gratuity liability is not funded.

(iii) Compensated Absences

Short term compensated absences are provided for based on estimates by the Management considering the entitlements outstanding as at the reporting date. Long term compensated absences are provided for based on actuarial valuation made at the end of each financial year. The actuarial valuation is done as per projected unit credit method.

(iv) Remeasurements

Remeasurements, comprising of actuarial gains and losses, the effect of the asset ceiling, excluding amounts included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability and the return on plan assets (excluding amounts included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability), are recognised immediately in the balance sheet with a corresponding debit or credit to retained earnings through OCI in the period in which they occur. Remeasurements are not reclassified to profit or loss statement in subsequent periods.

Net interest is calculated by applying the discount rate to the net defined benefit liability or asset.

(n.) Financial Instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are recognised when the group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial assets and liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value measured on initial recognition of financial asset or financial liability.

(i) Financial assets at amortised cost

Financial assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost if these financial assets are held within a business whose objective is to hold these assets to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual terms of the financial assets give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest (i.e SPPI Test) on the principal amount outstanding.

(ii) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

Financial assets are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income if these financial assets are held within a business whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows on specified dates are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding and selling financial assets.

The group has made an irrevocable election to present subsequent changes in the fair value of equity investments not held for trading in other comprehensive income.

(iii) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets are measured at fair value through profit or loss unless they are measured at amortised cost or at fair value through other comprehensive income on initial recognition. The transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are immediately recognised in statement of profit and loss.

(iv) Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

(v) Equity instruments

An equity instrument is a contract that evidences residual interest in the assets of the group after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments recognised by the group are recognised at the proceeds received net off direct issue cost.

(vi) Financial guarantee contracts

Financial guarantee contracts issued by the group are those contracts that require a payment to be made to reimburse the holder for a loss it incurs because the specified debtor fails to make a payment when due in accordance with the terms of a debt instrument.

Financial guarantee contracts are recognised initially as a liability at fair value, adjusted for transaction costs that are directly attributable to the issuance of the guarantee. Subsequently, the liability is measured at the higher of the amount of loss allowance determined as per impairment requirements of Ind AS 109 and the amount recognised less cumulative

(o.) Earnings per Share

Basic earnings per share are calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the period attributable to the equity shareholders (after deducting attributable taxes) by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year. For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, net profit or loss for the year attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity

(p.) Segment Reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision maker. Chief operating decision maker reviews the performance of the group according to the nature of business which primarily comprises of development of real estate projects, both residential and commercial.

The group prepares its segment information in conformity with the accounting policies adopted for preparing and presenting financial statements of the group as a whole.

(q.) (i) Equity, reserves and dividend payments

Share capital represents the nominal (par) value of shares that have been issued.

Share premium includes any premiums received on issue of share capital. Any transaction costs associated with the issuing of shares are deducted from share premium, net of any related income tax benefits.

Retained earnings are adjusted for the following:

- Re-measurement of net defined benefit liability-comprises the actuarial losses from changes in demographic and financial assumptions and the return on plan assets

All transactions with owners of the parent are recorded separately within equity.

Dividend distributions payable to equity shareholders are included in other liabilities when the dividends have been approved in a general meeting prior to the reporting date.

(ii) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents in the cash flow statement comprises cash at bank and in hand and short term investments with an original maturity periods of three months or less.

For the purpose of the Statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash and short-term deposits, as defined above, net of outstanding bank overdrafts if any as they are considered an integral part of the Company's cash

(r.) Investments

Investments in subsidiary, Joint Ventures and Associates are accounted at their deemed cost in financial statements. Investment in preference shares in Associates and mutual funds are accounted for at fair value through profit and loss (FVTPL) at the reporting date

(t.) Recent Accounting pronouncements

(i.) New Accounting Standards not yet adopted:

On 30 March, 2019, the Ministry of Corporate Affairs issued the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) (Amendments) Rules, 2018 notified a new standard, amendments to existing standards and interpretations which are effective for financial year beginning after April 1, 2019, and have not been applied in preparing these financial statements. New standards. amendments to standards and interpretations that could have a potential impact on the financial statements of the Company

(a) Ind AS 116 - Leases

Ind AS 116, Leases supersedes the existing standard on leases, Ind AS 17 Lease, and the related interpretations. The new standard introduces a single lessee accounting model for lessee and eliminates the accounting difference between an operating lease and finance lease. Lessee's with operating leases will have a significant impact in accounting under the new standard. The accounting and classification in the books of lessor shall be based on existing operating/finance lease model.

Ind AS 116, Leases sets out the principles for the recognition, measurement, presentation, and disclosure of leases. The objective is to ensure that lessees and lessors provide relevant information in a manner that faithfully represents those transactions. This information gives a basis for users of financial statements to assess the effect that leases have on the financial position, financial performance and cash flows of an entity.

The new standard allows for two methods of transition: the full retrospective approach, under which the effect of adoption of this standard is presented retrospectively to each prior reporting period in accordance with Ind AS 8, Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors or the modified retrospective approach, where the cumulative effect of applying the standard retrospectively is recognized at the date of initial application. The standard is effective for financial year beginning on or after April 1, 2019. The Management is currently assessing the impact of adopting this standard on the group's financial statements.

- (b.) Amendment to Ind AS 12 Income taxes : On March 30, 2019, Ministry of Corporate Affairs issued amendments to the guidance in Ind AS 12, 'Income Taxes', in connection with accounting for dividend distribution taxes. The amendment clarifies that an entity shall recognise the income tax consequences of dividends in profit or loss, other comprehensive income or equity according to where the entity originally recognised those past transactions or events. Effective date for application of this amendment is annual period beginning on or after April 1, 2019. The group is currently evaluating the effect of this amendment on the financial statements.
- (c.) Amendment to Ind AS 19 plan amendment, curtailment or settlement- On March 30, 2019, Ministry of Corporate Affairs issued amendments to Ind AS 19, 'Employee Benefits', in connection with accounting for plan amendments, curtailments and settlements. The amendments require an entity. • to use updated assumptions to determine current service cost and net interest for the remainder of the period after a plan amendment, curtailment or settlement; and • to recognise in profit or loss as part of past service cost, or a gain or loss on settlement, any reduction in a surplus, even if that surplus was not previously recognised because of the impact of the asset ceiling. Effective date for application of this amendment is annual period beginning on or after April 1, 2019. The group does not have any impact on account of this amendment.

(ii.) New standards adopted by the group

The group has adopted Ind AS 115 - Revenue from Contracts with Customers with effect from April 01, 2018. The new revenue recognition standard replaces the existing standards Ind AS 11, Ind AS 18 and all the revenue related interpretations.

The new standard envisages single model revenue recognition which requires to recognize revenue when customer has transferred has transferred control of goods or service rather than transfer of risks and rewards. The group has accordingly changed its accounting policies and made adjustments in opening retained earnings. Refer note 37 for further details.



ZUARI INFRAWORLD INDIA LIMITED NOTES FORMING PART OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2019 (Au Amounts in Indian Rupees in Bakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Deemed Cost	Plant and Equipment	Office Equipment	Leasehold Improvements	Computers	Furniture and Fixtures	Temporary Structures	Vehicles	Total
As at April 1, 2017 Additions	6.77	43.11	93.35	16,51	47.70	0.85	131.18	
Disposal		14 99	35 86	3 16	3.84	0.05 (339,47
Foreign currency transition differences		(1.40) 0.51		(3.70)	(6 32)		0 65	:58 50 (11 42)
As at March 31, 2018/ April 01, 2018	6.77	56.70			*		0.40	0.90
Additions		5.83 ¹	129.21	15.98	45.22	0.85	131.83	387.45
Disposal		0.00	3 65		1 29			10.78
Foreign currency transition differences						- 1		
As at March 31, 2019	6.77	62,53	420.00		*			
Accumulated depreciation		Ģ	132.86	15.98	46.51	0.85	131.83	398.23
As at April 1, 2017	2.38	18.91	18.68	6.44				
Charge for the year	1.20	9.42	13.05	9.41 3.25	12.55	0.00	8.32	70.25
Disposals/adjustments	-	(0.89)	15.05	(3.53)	6.02	-	16.32	49.27
Foreign currency transition differences	- 1	0.20		(3.53)	(2.88)		- [(7.29)
As at March 31, 2018/ April 01, 2018	3.58	27.44	31.73	9.13	46.70		(0.06)	0.14
Charge for the year	1.02	11.85	13 97	2.33	15.70 5.34	0.00	24.64	112.36
Disposals/adjustments	-			2.00	3.34	* :	16.94	51 45
Foreign currency transition differences	. 1				•		* '	
As at March 31, 2019 Carrying amount (net)	4.59	39,29	45.70	11.46	21.04	0.00	41,59	163,81
As at March 31, 2018/ April 01, 2018	3.19						4 1.00	163,61
As at March 31, 2019	i i	29.26	97.47	6,85	29.52	0.85	107.18	275.09
	2.18	23.24	87.16	4.52	25.47	0.85	90.24	234.42



ZUARI INFRAWORLD INDIA LIMITED NOTES FORMING PART OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2019 (All Amounts in Indian Ropers in Takhs, unless otherwise stated)

3.2 : Other Intangible Assets Computer Software	Amount
Deemed Cost	
As at April 1, 2017	22.06
Additions	
Disposal	
As at March 31, 2018/ April 01, 2018	22.06
Additions	
Disposal	
As at March 31, 2019	22.06
Accumulated depreciation	1
As at April 1, 2017	16.29
Charge for the year	3 96
Disposals/adjustments	-
As at March 31, 2018/ April 01, 2018	20.26
Charge for the year	0.43
Disposals/adjustments	
As at March 31, 2019	20.69
Carrying amount (net)	
As at March 31, 2018/ April 01, 2018	1.80
As at March 31, 2019	1.36



		commission to the thirther of
(All Amounts in Indian	Rupees in lakhs,	untess otherwise stated)

4. Ir	ivestments	As at March 31, 2019	As at March 31, 2018
4.1.	Non-current		- Produktive - Patrick College
(i)	Investments in equity instruments carried at cost		
	Investment in Associates		
	Brajbhumi Nirmaan Private Limited		
	[10,00,000 (2018:10,00,000) Equity Shares of Rs 10 each, issued at a premium of Rs 1	79.467.1	
	As at the beginning of the year	717.75	704.00
	Adjustment for share of profit/(loss) in Associates	(20.26)	721.98
	The second of promotions in resources	697.49	(4.23
	Adjustment for Goodwill on Consolidation		717.75
	- Mysterion Consolidation	1,590.01	1,590.01
	Darshan Nirman Private Limited	2,287.49	2,307.76
	[2,500 (2018:2,500) Equity Shares of Rs 10 each]		
	As at the beginning of the year	(0.40)	(0.29
	Adjustment for share of profit/(loss) in Associates		(0.11
		(0.40)	(0.40
	Adjustment for Goodwill on Consolidation	0.36	0.36
	*natur	(0.04)	(0.04
	Pranati Niketan Private Limited		(0.0)
	[2,500 (2018:2,500) Equity Shares of Rs 10 each]		
	As at the beginning of the year	(0.34)	(0.30
	Adjustment for share of profit/(loss) in Associates	(0.54)	•
	number of the state of the stat	(0.34)	(0.04
	Adjustment for Goodwill on Consolidation		(0.34)
	· isjacilitati of Cottonidi(io)	0.36	0.36
		0.02	0.02
		2,287.48	2,307.74
ince i	The interest in associates is the carrying amount of the investment in the associate determined the entity's share of losses of two associates equals or exceeds its interest in the associate the of further losses.	ne entity has discontinu	 d. During the year led recognising its
,	Investments in redeemable non-cumulative optionally convertible preference shares Unquoted Investments in preference shares in associate carried at fair value through Properties (Refer Note 4.4, below) [5.00,000 (2018:5,00,000) shares of Rs 100 each, fully paid, Date of Maturity 30 November, 20 (1% Redeemable Non-Cumulative optionally convertible preference shares) (Initial Cost : Rs.500 lakhs)	rofit or Loss: (fully paid 696.25	d) 654,15
	·	696.25	654.15
	* As per the audited consolidated financial statement of the associate entity the investment shares are been considered as compound financial instrument.	in optionally convertible	
ii)	Investments in mutual funds (Quoted)		
	Investments at fair value through Profit or Loss:		
	(a.) ICICI Prudential Fixed Maturity plan Series (77-1473 Days Plan C) [5,000,000 units at Rs 10 per unit, Date of Maturity 25 May, 2019]	686.65	637.93
	(b.) ICICI Prudential Fixed Maturity plan Series (78-1130 Days Plan T) [10,000,000 units at Rs 10 per unit, Date of Maturity 25 April, 2019]	1,264.47	1,175.45
	(c.) ICICI Prudential Fixed Maturity plan Series (78-1156 Days Plan T) [5,000,000 units at Rs 10 per unit, Date of Maturity 29 May, 2019]	628.33	584.06
	(d.) SBI Debt Fund Series B-36 (1131 Days) [8,500,000 units at Rs 10 per unit, Date of Maturity 06 May, 2019]	1,067.19	993.24
	(e.) SBI Debt Fund Series C-1 (1100 Days) [15,000,000 units at Rs 10 per unit, Date of Maturity 26 June, 2020]	1,685.04	1,572.50
	(f.) SBI Debt Fund Series B-17(1100 Days) [10,000,000 units at Rs 10 per unit. Date of Maturity 22 May, 2018)	n	1,254.93



[10,000,000 units at Rs 10 per unit, Date of Maturity 22 May, 2018]

[12,670,900 units at Rs.10 per unit, Date of Maturity 01 June, 2021]

[2,00,00,000 units at Rs 10 per unit, Date of Maturity 03 September, 2021]

(g.) SBI LD546G SDFC C-23 (1100 Days) Direct Growth

(h.) SBI Liquid Mutual Fund-Magnum

(j.) SBI Short Term Debt Fund

[6.06 units at Rs.3,845/- per unit]
(i.) SBI Debt Fund C-16 Series 1100 Days

[1,73,57,242.175 units at Rs.10 per unit]



3,558.39

9,776.49

2,123.28

1,371.85

8,827.06

11,810.79

0.25

NOTES FORMING PART OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2019

(All Amounts in Indian Rupees in takhs, unless otherwise stated)

4.2 Summary of Investment and their valuation (Also, refer note 33): Investment Class Method of Valuation As at As at March 31, 2019 March 31, 2018 Unquoted equity Instruments Carried at cost (deemed cost) 2.287.48 2.307.74 Unquoted preference Instruments Discounted cash flows method* (fair value) 696.25 654.15 Mutual funds Market observable inputs (fair value) 8,827.06 9,776.49 11,810.79 12,738.38

4.3. Investments in mutual funds

Investments in mutual funds are pledged in favour of YES bank Limited (GIFT City) for providing banking facility to Zuari SJM Properties LLC, Dubai, a step down subsidiary. All the investments in mutual funds are carried as non-current as they are expected to either be renewed / re-invested on their maturity. Further, Investment of funds in mutual funds will not meet the contractual cash flow test (i.e. SPPI test) as the contractual cash flows (i.e.dividends or redemption amount represented by the NAV) will not just be solely interest and principal. Therefore, the same has been classified as Fair Value through profit and loss (FVTPL), (Also refer note 29)

Investments in mutual funds sold during the year are given below:

Descriptions	For the ye	ar ended March	31, 2019	For the	31, 2018	
	Carrying value	Sale Proceeds	Gain/Income	Carrying value	Sale Proceeds	Gain/Income
LGD Yes Liquid Fund Direct						
Growth	1,000.00	1,006.72	6.72		*;	
SBI Debt Fund Series B-17						
(1100 days) Direct Growth	1,254.93	1,267.09	12.16	*·	-	
ICICI Liquid - P8101 Money						
Market Fund - Direct Growth	206.00	206.15	0.15		-	
SBI Magnum Ultra SDF						* * . ********************************
Direct Growth	1,049.75	1,099,09	49.33	-	-	
SBI Short Term Fund - Direct						
Plan - Growth	3,558.39	3,671.45	113.06			,
ICICI Prudential (Liq.) Mutual						
Fund				395.00	396.37	1.37
IDFC-Money Mgr. Fd						
Treasury Plan		-		50.00	50.18	0.18
L&T Liquid Fund	•	-	-	25.00	25.23	0.23
L&T Ultra Short Term Fund	**			571.32	573.99	2.67
SBI Mg. Insta Cash Fund		**		1,300.00	1,304.64	4.64
(Daily Dív.)						
	7,069.07	7,250,51	181.44	2,341.32	2,350.41	9.09

4.4. Investments in Redeemable optionally convertible Non-cumulative Preference Shares:

Company has made investment in 1% Redeemable optionally convertible Non-cumulative Preference Shares of Brajbhumi Nirmaan Private Limited, an associate. These investments in shares does not satisfy contractual cash flow test as they are optionally convertible into equity shares and their dividends are linked to profits earned. Accordingly, the Company has classified these investments in shares as Fair value through profit and loss (FVTPL). The fair valuation was carried by an Independent valuer.

4.5. Investment by Zuari Infraworld SJM Properties LLC, Dubai.

During the financial year ended 31 March 2019, the step down subsidiary company has made subscription for 50% share in the issued share capital of Burj District Development Ltd ("JV Company"), Cayman Islands made up of 25,000 shares of B class of US\$ 1 each.

The share capital amount is not yet contributed by the subsidiary company.

The Joint Venture is engaged to carry out any activities which is not prohibited by the Companies Law (2011 revision).

The Joint Venture Company holds 1 share in Burj District One Limited which owns a plot of land on which the project "St Regis Residencies" is being developed by the subsidiary company. Post completion of the project, profitability and its sharing between the JV partners will be separately determined extracting qualifying costs and revenue from that company's account.

The subsidiary company's interest in an joint venture is accounted for using the equity method in the financial statements.



^{*} Based on the valuation reports issued by the independent valuer.

NOTES FORMING PART OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2019 (All Amounts in Indian Rupees in lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

5. Loans	1911 (1911 до 1914) на боло во порежени у режени у прети пред се поделен 1914 (1914) до 1914 година до 1914 година порежени и пред се под делега д	As at	As at
	innikkinikki keeniko moka saan einsikkinissa kalisaan ana ana pankiejen jerkiska, jerke jergassa sa	March 31, 2019	March 31, 2018
Unsecured, Considered Good			
5.1. Current			
Advance to Employees		66 AO	50.00
, y		55.49 55.49	50.02 50.02
5.2. Includes expenses recoverable from related parties;		50,40	20.02
Ms. Puja Poddar , Key Managerial Personnel of Subsidairy Company a of the Holding Company	nd relative of a director	36.01	33.94
6. Other financial assets		As at	As at
Unsecured, Considered Good	industrials or year to unsystem the interest of the contract o	March 31, 2019	March 31, 2018
6.1. Non-current			
Security deposits (carried at amortised cost)		28.76	26.69
Security deposits (carried at cost)*		31.15	30.03
	•	59.91	56.72
C.2. Comment	•		
6.2. Current Security deposits - Current (Consist at a cons			
Security deposits - Current (Carried at cost)* Other Bank deposits (DSRA)		26.04	24.71
Interest accrued and due - Others (refer note 7.6, below)*		•	49.08
Interest Accrued but not due		33.72	33.72
Expenses Recoverable (refer note 6.4. below)		5.09	
Unbilled Revenue on service contracts (Refer Note 6.5 below)		157.33	168.36
Unbilled Revenue on project contracts		173.93	1.35
		396.10	180.72
' Balances are subject to confirmation.	960	390.10	457,94
5.4 Includes expenses recoverable from related parties.			
6.4 Includes expenses recoverable from related parties; Brajbhumi Nirmaan Private Limited, India			
Diajonami Mimaan Pilvate Limiteo, moia	•	157.33	157.33
	80	157.33	157.33
.5 Includes service income accrued and not billed to related p	arties.		
Zuari Global Limited, India - Sales and Development Managem	ent Commission	57.05	3.25
		57.05	1.35 1.35
	Rece		
7. Other Assets		As at	As at
Unsecured, Considered Good		March 31, 2019	March 31, 2018
onsectied, Considered Good			
7.1. Non-Current			4
Advances recoverable in cash or kind (refer note 7.3 & 7.4 below)		846.63	850 17
Capital Advance (refer note 7.10, below)		3,964.38	850.17
Goods and Service Tax Refund (refer note 7.6, below)		188.19	•
Karnataka VAT - refund receivable		32.01	32.01
Advance for Investment (refer note 7.10, below)			3,726.45
Service tax - refund receivable		10.35	10.35
.ess: Provision towards service tax refund		(10.35)	(10.35)
Prepaid lease (Security deposit paid)		. ,	1.94
	90-ji	5,031.21	4,610.57
.2. Current			
Soods and Service Tax Input Credit (Refer Note 7.6, below)			
dvance to vendors (refer note 7.7, below)		463.27	447.95
Credit of Input VAT		2,576.84	2,418.55
repaid expenses (refer note 7.8. below)		79.28	5.76
other receivable (Refer Note 7.9. below)		327.90	119.81
		155.34	69.87
Tepaid lease-current (security denosit haid)			
repaid lease-current (security deposit paid)	W-coal	1.94	1.93
repaid lease-current (security deposit paid)	**************************************		

^{7.3.} Includes mobilisation advances to a sub-contractor aggregating to Rs 207.02 lakhs (2018: Rs 210.56 lakhs) in respect of which the sub-contractor vendor has furnished bank guarantee to the extent of Rs 210.56 lakhs (2018: Rs 237.13 lakhs) which is valid upto 30 June, 2019. These advances shall be adjusted against the subsequent running bills from the subcontractor and these balances are subjected to confirmation from that party.

- 7.4. Under the Development Management Agreement with the Agency, the Agency is entitled to certain percentage of income calculated in the manner specified therein. The Company has made advance payments aggregating to Rs. 639.61 lakhs as at 31 March, 2019 (2018; Rs. 639.61 lakhs). The amount will be adjusted in the year when the agency becomes entitled to share of income as per the agreement. The Management expects to adjust/recover the same in full and hence is of the view that no adjustment is necessary at this stage and these balances are subject to confirmation from that party.
- 7.5. Represents Goods and Service Tax paid on export of services which is expected to claimed as refund. The Company is in the process of filing refund application and expects to realise the same in full.
- 7.6. Goods and Service Tax Input credits carried in the books includes input tax credits aggregating to Rs. 36.83 lakhs (2018, Nil) pertaining to advance payments to vendors and unpaid vendors bills beyond time period stipulated under GST Law, which will be claimed in the returns in the subsequent periods when the company is eligible to claim such credits under the provisions of the GST Law.
- 7.7. Includes recoverable advances paid to a sub-contractor amounting to Rs 2,246.49 lakhs (as at 31 March 2018; Rs 2,246.47 lakhs). The Management is in negotiation with party for its recovery including interest accrued Rs 33.72 lakhs as disclosed in Note 6.2 and is confident that this advance will be ultimately fully recovered. Hence in the view of the Management no provision is considered necessary at this stage.
- 7.8. Includes Rs.283.22 lakhs (2018, Rs.94.56 lakhs) on account of brokerage & sales commission paid to an agency for services, on gross sale consideration receivable from customers. As per the agreement, in the event of non-completion of sale transaction, such commission is refundable by the agency. The commission paid is charged to the Profit & Loss Statement as and when revenue is recognized. For, adjustment to prepaid expenses account pursuant to adoption of Ind AS 115 refer note no. 37
- 7.9. Represents amount recoverable from Indian Furniture Product Limited, a subsidiary of the holding company as per the unconditional undertaking given by the said company in respect of sale of residential unit to one of the customer.
- 7.10. Includes advance amount paid to a related party (party to Joint venture) towards purchase of land on which the project is being developed by the company. The balance amount of Rs22,404.73 lakhs (AED 119 million considered at rate of Rs.18.8275 / AED as at the reporting date) will be paid on completion of the project. The total value of the land is taken at Rs.26,358.50 lakhs (AED 140 million considered at rate of Rs.18.8275 / AED as at the reporting date) as per the valuation. The land value will be accounted in the books on registration of the project with RERA in Quarter 1 of 2019-20. During the previous year this amount was disclosed as advance for investment.

8. Inventories	As at	As at
(valued at lower of cost or net realizable value)	March 31, 2019	March 31, 2018
Completed units (Refer Note 8.1. below)	4,392.84	
Construction Work-In-Progress (includes cost of Land , Borrowing Cost and Project Construction and Development Cost) (Refer Note 8.2. below)	44,084.57	29,203.17
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	48,477.42	29,203.17

Also refer note 37 for further disclosure on project and adjustment pursuant to adoption of Ind AS 115

- 8.1. Represents residential units in respect of which company has entered into agreement for sale with the respective customers, amounts received against these agreements by the company has been reported as advance from customers in Note No. 18. Pending receipt of balance consideration and execution of absolute sale deed effecting the transfer of legal title, the same is reported as Inventory.
- 8.2. Includes Rs. 2,630.63 lakhs (2018: Rs. 2,396.32 lakhs) being cost incurred towards project in Goa managed by M/s. Zuari Global Limited which is pending formalising the terms and conditions. These balances are subject to confirmation from that party however, the Management of the company expects these costs to be recovered in full.
- 8.3. The Management has reviewed the carrying value of its construction work-in-progress by assessing the net realisable value of the project which is determined by forecasting sales rates, expected sale prices and estimated costs to complete (including escalations and cost overrun). This review by the management did not result any loss and thus no adjustments/ provisions to the carrying value of project work-in-progress was required and external valuation was not considered necessary by the Management.

Refer Note No. 13 for the information on construction work in progress pledged as security by the company.



NOTES FORMING PART OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2019

(All Amounts in Indian Rupees in lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

9. Trade receivables	As at	As at	
1832 DAVINGO TO STANDARD CONTRACTOR AND	March 31, 2019	March 31, 2018	
Unsecured, Considered Good	PAPENTANIA PERINANDAN MENANDAN MENANDAN PERINANDAN PERI	nerit virinum en exemente annomal emilian exemple.	
Current			
Trade receivables - Related Parties (refer note 9.1, below)	499.04	469.51	
Trade receivables - from sale of completed units (refer note 9.5, below)		1.390.03	
Trade receivables - others	24.17	8.82	
Total Trade Receivables	523.21	1,868.36	
9.1. Receivables from the related parties;			
Zuari Global Limited	95.02	65.49	
Brajbhumi Nirmaan Private Limited	404.02	404.02	
	499,04	469.51	

- 9.2. The Management of the Company expects full realisation of these receivables, accordingly no allowance towards non recovery is considered necessary by the Management at this stage.
- 9.3. No trade or other receivables are due from directors or other officers of the company either severally or jointly with any other person. Nor any trade or other receivable are due from firms or private companies respectively in which any director is a partner, a director or a member.
- 9.4. During the previous financial year receivables in respect of the completed projects against which demand notes were raised and pending execution of sale deed were reported as trade receivables. During the current financial year this was reversed pursuant to adoption of Ind AS-115 (Also refer note 37 for further details)

Refer Note No. 13 for the information on trade receivables pledged as security by the Company.

10. Cash and cash equivalents	As at	As at
	March 31, 2019	March 31, 2018
Cash on hand	0.51	0.45
Balances held in banks in current account*	205.89	474.24
	206.40	474.69

* As per the statement of account obtained from bank and includes 2 accounts woth balances aggregating to Rs. 6.94 lakhs held pursuant to requirement of Real Estate Regulatory Authority (RERA) Act, 2016.

10.1 Other bank balances	As at	As at
	March 31, 2019	March 31, 2018
Deposits held with banks with more than 3 months but less that 12 months maturity period	500.00	-
	500.00	

This space has been intentionally left blank

(All Amounts in Indian Rupees in takhs, unless otherwise stated)

11. Sh	pare capital	As at	As at	
ental processing to a second		March 31, 2019	March 31, 2018	
11.1	(a.) Authorised			
	50,000,000 (2018 : 50,000,000) Equity Shares of Rs. 10 each	5,000.00	5,000.00	
	15,000,000 (2018 : 15,000,000) Preference Shares of Rs. 10 each	1,500.00	1,500.00	
		6,500.00	6,500.00	
	(b.) Issued, subscribed & paid up			
	4.65.50,000 (2018: 4,65,50.000) Equity Shares of Rs 10 each	4,655.00	4,655.00	
	1.14,50,000 (2018: 85,00.000) Non-Convertible Cumulative Redeemable	1,145.00	1,145.00	
	Preference Shares of Rs 10 each issued at premium of Rs. 90 each. (Also, refer note 13.10, below)			
		5,800.00	5,800.00	

11.2 Reconciliation of equity shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the reporting year:

Particulars	As at Marc	ch 31, 2019	As at March	31, 2018
(Shares of Rs. 10/- each)	Nos.	Amount (Rs.)	Nos.	Amount (Rs.)
At the beginning of the year	4.65,50,000	4,655,00	4,65,50.000	4,655.00
Issued during the year	-		-	-
Outstanding at the end of the year	4,65,50,000	4,655.00	4,65,50,000	4,655.00

11.3 Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the Company as at March 31, 2019

Name of the Shareholder	As at March 31, 2019		As at March 31, 2018	
40May 2000	No's.	% holding	No's.	% holding
Zuari Global Limited, the Holding Company	4,65,50,000	100%	4,65,50,000	100.00%
(Including 10,000 equity shares jointly held)				

As per the records maintained by the Company including the registers of members/ shareholders, the above share holding represents both legal and beneficial ownership.

11.4 Rights, preferences and restrictions attached to equity shares:

Company has only one class of equity shares having par value of Rs 10 per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of the equity shares are entitled to receive remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of the equity shares held by the Shareholder.

- 11.5 The company has not issued any securities convertible into equity/preference shares.
- 11.6 For the period of five years immediately preceding the date as at which the Balance Sheet is prepared;

No shares were allotted as fully paid up pursuant to a contract without payment being received in cash.

No shares were allotted as fully paid up by way of bonus shares.

No shares were bought back.

- 11.7 There were no shares reserved for issue under options and contracts/commitments for the sale of shares/disinvestment.
- 11.8 There were no calls unpaid or forfeited shares.

Refer Note 13.10. below for details of Cumulative Compulsarily redeemable preference shares issued by the Company.

12. O	ther equity	As at	As at	
\$		March 31, 2019	March 31, 2018	
12.1	Deemed equity on fair-value adjustment to Non-convertible cumulative redeemable preference Shares:			
	At the beginning of the year	415.96	424.95	
	Equity component of redeemable Preference Shares issued during the year		137.15	
	Income tax effect on the interest portion on Preference shares		(146.15)	
		415.96	415.96	
	Also refer note 13.10, below for detailed disclosure on preference shares.		ellemilitärinko vootakassi kiiborsa, josta kirjaista ja	
12.2	Security Premium Account:			
	As at the beginning of the year	10,305.00	7,650.00	
	Add: Security premium received during the year	т.	2,655.00	
	As at the end of the year	10,305.00	10,305.00	
	Premium on issue of cumulative compulsarily redeemable preference shares.	**************************************	**************************************	



NOTES FORMING PART OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2019 (All Amounts in Indian Rupees in takins, unless otherwise stated)

	Amounts in Indian Rupees in takhs, unless otherwise stated)		,
12.3	The state of the s		en y de grant de décide de de l'instant en engan l'engan de miner est précionne d'ambié de condensances
	As at the beginning of the year. Adjustment pursuant to adoption of Ind AS 115	(674.19)	(370.44
	lucome tax effect ou above	(514.53)	-
	Add: Profit for the year	133.78	.0.00
	Add: Re-measurement gains/(loss) on defined benefit plans, not reclassified to profit or to	(694.28)	(308.68
	Net deficits in the profit and loss statement	(1,745.23)	4.92
		(1,140,20)	(674.19
2.4	Foreign currency translation reserve		
	As at the beginning of the year.	1.86	5 62
	Exchange differences on translating the financial statements of foreign subsidiary	(65.23)	(3.76
		(53.38)	1.86
		8,922.35	10,048.62
	* The Remeasurements gains in respect of employee benefits included above are as	under:	
	As at the beginning of the year.	14.16	9.24
	Remeasurements gain/(loss) on defined benefit plans	5.40	6.65
	Income tax effect on above	(1.40)	(1.73
	Balance carried forward to next year	18.16	14.16
3. B	orrowings	As at	As at
No. Albandon de la Constantia de la Cons		March 31, 2019	March 31, 2018
3.1	Long-term borrowings:		
	(a.) Secured Loans		
	Term Loans from banks: Federal Bank Limited (refer note 13.3. below)		
	Less: Current maturities of long term borrowings (refer note 15.2. below)		12,488.63
	State Bank of India, Dubai (refer note 13.13)		(833.33)
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		4,682.68 16,337.98
	W . 6	·	10,337.96
	Yes Bank Ltd (refer 13.4, below)	1,010.19	-
	Yes Bank Ltd, IFSC Banking Unit (refer 13.4, below)	20,744.89	
	Term Loans from others:	21,755.08	•
	LIC Housing Finance Limited (refer 13.5. below)*	15,425.84	м.
		37,180.93	16,337.98
	(b.) Unsecured Loans	01,100.00	10,007.00
	Inter-Corporate Deposits from related parties (refer note 13.6, below)		
	Zuari Global Limited (carried at Amortised cost)	2,309.99	2,208.00
	Adventz Finance Private Limited (carried at Amortised cost)	1,572.69	-
	Less: Current maturities of long term borrowings (refer note 15.2, below)	(2,309.99)	(2,208.00)
	Liebilla.	1,572.69	*
	Liability component of compound financial instrument		
	Non-Convertible Cumulative Redeemable Preference Shares (Also, refer note 13.10, below)	928.51	814.76
	· ·	39,682.13	17,152.74
.2	Short -term borrowings:	na republica de la contractiva de la c	es and an international contraction of English Contraction Contraction (Contraction Contraction)
	(a.) Secured Loans		
	Term Loans from banks:		
	ICICI Bank Limited (refer 13.7. below)		1,500.00
	Real Estate loan from National bank of Fujairah (refer note 13.11, below)	A)	7,048.31
	Short-term loan from National bank of Fujairah (refer note 13.12, below)	·	266.18
	Vehicle Loan	117.22	153.77
	(b.) Unsecured loans	117.22	8,968.26
	Inter-Corporate Deposits from (refer note 13.9, below) Adventy Finance Private Limited (corried at Amedica descrip		
	Adventz Finance Private Limited (carried at Amortised cost) Anchor Investment Private Limited (carried at Amortised cost)		2,000.00
	Meenakshi Tea Co Limited (carried at Amortised cost) *	309.65	-
	Texmaco Infrastructure & Holdings Limited (carried at Amortised cost) *	206.44	-
	Other unsecured loans (refer note 13.14 below)	542.02 2.734.68	O PPO PP
	- The second (10.11 Dollary)	2,734.58 3,792.69	2,550.53 4,550.53
	·		
	* Balances are subject to confirmation.	3,909.90	13,518.80
	woolow to committation,		



13.3 Federal Bank Limited

Term loan facility of Rs. 15,000 takhs including overdraft facility of Rs. 500 takhs as a sub-limit of the overall sanctioned limits, is secured by equitable mortgage on the Land and Building to be constructed under project name "Zuari Garden City" in area admeasuring to 50 Acres and 35 Guntas, Project receivables including all insurance and it is further secured by Corporate Guarantee of Rs. 15,000 takhs issued by Zuari Global Limited, the holding company. There are other conditions and financial covenants attached to this bank facility, which are in ordinary course of business. This loan was pre-closed during the year and Rs.64.95 takhs was paid as pre-closure charges. There is no outstanding dues of Principal or Interest as at 31 March 2019 (As at 31 March 2018; 12,489 takhs).

13.4 (a.) YES bank Limited - Term Loan

Term Loan facility with a sanctioned limit of Rs. 1,000 lakhs to refinance the promoter loans and Inter Corporate deposits with a maximum tenor of 24 months. The said term loan facility was secured by charge on Development fee receivables and Corporate guarantee from Zuari Global Limited, the holding company executed in favour of the bank.

(b.) Yes Bank Ltd, IFSC Banking Unit

Finance facility avialed by Zuari SJM Properties LLC, Dubai step down subsidiary comprising of term loan facility with the total sanctioned limit of Rs.41,420.50 lakhs [AED 220 million at rate at the reporting date of Rs.18.8275 per AED (USD 60 million)] and Treasury (swaps) upto Rs.207.10 lakhs [AED 11 million at rate at the reporting date of Rs.18.8275 per AED (USD 3 million)] by Yes Bank Limited, IFSC banking unit, GIFT city, Gujarat, India towards project development related expense.

Term loans are secured as described herein below and bear interest of 6 months USD LIBOR plus 4.95% p.a.. The loan amount is repayable after 72 months in one bullet payment from the total draw down.

- Charge on current assets both present and future owned by Zuari Infraworld S J M Properties L.L.C.
- Charge on share of project cash flow including reimbursement and surplus.
- Mortgage of land in Goa owned by Zuari Global Ltd ("Ultimate parent company") amounting to USD 62,000,000 F
- Pledge of figuid debt mutual funds unit owned by group companies amounting to USD 13,200,000 /-
- Pledge of listed India shares held by New Eros TradeCom Limited amounting to USD 7,300.000 /-
- Corporate guarantee provide by group Indian holding companies amounting to USD 40,000,000/-

In addition, there are various conditions and financial covenants attached to the bank facilities, which are in the normal course of business.

13.5 LIC Housing Finance Limited

Term loan facility of Rs. 20,000 lakhs for takeover of outstanding loan of Rs.13,000 lakhs from Federal bank Limited and as a top up for construction fianance for Zuari Garden City Phase I, II & III project which is repayable over a period of 60 months with 36 months moratorium for repayment of principal from the date of first disbursement with right to accelerate payment based on the review of cash flows. This loan is secured by equitable mortgage on the Land and Building to be constructed under project name "Zuari Garden City" in area admeasuring to 50 Acres and 35 Guntas(excluding sold units), Project receivables and further secured by Corporate Guarantee issued by Zuari Global Limited, the Holding Company. There are other conditions and financial covenants attached to this bank facility, which are in ordinary course of business. The loan outstanding as at 31 March 2019 is Rs.15,426 lakhs (As at 31 March 2018: Nil). There are no continuing default in repayment of Principal or Interest as at the year end.

13.6 Unsecured Inter-Corporate Deposits from related parties

(a.) Zuari Global Limited, Holding Company

Unsecured term loan from Zuari Global Limited, the holding company to meet the working capital needs of the Company. The unpaid loans which was due for payment during the year was rolled over and renewed for a further period upto 30 June 2019, without any changes to the existing terms and condition detailed as under.

۲.		6	FX
ł	erms	OI	Repayment:

Particulars	Outstanding 01 April, 2018	Loans during the Year	Repaid	Outstanding 31 March, 2019	Due Date
Loan 1-4 at 8% p.a.*	733.00	e		733.00	30 June, 2019
Loan- 5 at 8% p.a.*	400.00	-	60.01	339.99	30 June, 2019
Loan 6-8 & 11-18 at 12% p.a.	1,075.00	- 1	1,075.00	- 1	30 June, 2018
Loan 19-21 at 12% p.a.		50.00	50.00	-	30 June, 2019
Loan 22 at 12% p.a.	-	500.00		500.00	30 June, 2019
Loan 23-29 at 12% p.a.	2	1,883.00	1,883.00	-	30 June, 2019
Loan-30 at 12% p.a.	+	1,600.00	1,188.00	412.00	30 June, 2019
Loan 31-32 at 12% p.a.	2,208.00	325.00 4,358.00	4,256.01	325.00 2,309.99	30 June, 2019

^{*} Due dates after considering rollover/ renewal during the year.

(b.) Adventz Finance Private Limited

Unsecured general purpose loan for working capital purposes for Rs. 2,000 lakhs from Adventz Finance Private Limited, a group company carries interest rate of 14% p.a. The unpaid loan which was rolled over during the preceding financial year and was due for repayment during the current financial year was extended for a further period upto 30 June 2020 and accordingly was reclassified as non-current during the year. The loan outstanding including interest accruals as at 31 March 2019 is Rs.1,573 lakhs.



13.7 ICICI Bank Limited

Short-term foan facility of Rs.1,500 lakhs to meet working capital requirements of the Company. The facility is secured by the exclusive charge over the Trade Receivables (other than project receivables) of the Company and Equitable Mortgage over the Land at Vrindavan, Ultar Pradesh owned by Brajbhumi Nirman Private Limited ("BNPL"), an associate and by way of an irrevocable and unconditional Corporate Guarantee from BNPL. There are other conditions and financial covenants attached to this bank facility, which are in ordinary course of business. This toan was fully repaid during the year. The amount outstanding as at 31 March 2018: Rs. 1,500 lakhs)

rerms of Repayment:					
Particulars	Principal Amount	No. of Instalments	Interest Rate	Outstanding Instalments	Outstanding Loan as at 31 March
Short-term toan	1,500,00	Repayable within 180 days of	MCLR Plus	NA	2019 Nil
		drawdown, (Drawdown; 28th March 2018)	spread of 1.25% (9.2%)		(as at 31 March, 2018 Rs. 1,500

13.8 HDFC Bank

Unsecured short-term loan facility of Rs.1,000 lakhs (2018: 700 lakhs) to meet working capital requirements of the Company. This loan was availed and repaid during the year.

Terms of Repayment:					
Particulars	Principal	No. of Instalments	Interest Rate	Outstanding	Outstanding Loan
A section of the device of the section of the secti	Amount			Instalments	Ouistanding Loan
Short-term toan	1,000	Rs.500 within 120 days of initial drawdown	12% calculated on 365 days	NA	menten et dissi janor historia sussi como colo del messioni se solo del messioni el escrivir cosso colo colo c
		Rs.500 within 180 days of initial drawdown	basis. [*]	,,,,	

13.9 Other Unsecured Inter-Corporate Deposits

Unsecured short-term inter corporate deposits from the following parties to meet working capital requirements of the Company. The details of the same is given below.

SI. No	Party Name	Amount borrowed during the year	Amount Repaid during the year	Rate of Interest	Due date for Repayment	Interest Accrued and not due	As at 31 March 2019 (including acrrued interest)
i	Anchor						
1	Investments Private Limited	300	-	14.50%	01 May, 2019	9.65	309.65
ii					····		000.03
1 1	Meenakshi Tea						
1 2	Company Limited	200		14.50%	01 May, 2019	6.44	206 44
	Texmaco			*** * * **********************		V.77	200.44
	Infrastructure &			90.11			1
	Holdings Limited	500		12.00%	On demand	42.02	5 (0.00)
lv	Vistaar Financial				On demand	42.02	542.02
	Services Private			5			
	Limited	500	500	13.00%	Repaid		

13.10 Non-Convertible Cumulative Redeemable Preference Shares:

(a.) Reconciliation of Shares Outstanding at the beginning and end of the reporting	lost.	
Non-Convertible Cumulative Redeemable Preference Shares of Rs	As at	As at
10 each, issued at premium Rs 90 per share	31 March 2019	31 March 2018
At the beginning of the year	1.14.50.000	85.00.000
Issued during the year	.,.,,00,000	29.50.000
Outstanding at the end of the year	1,14,50,000	1,14,50,000

0-101 1 10						
(b.) Shares holding	more than 5% as	at the beginning	and end of the r	eporting year		
Non-Convertible	Cumulative	Redeemable	As at 31 Ma		As at 31 Mar	ch 2018
Preference Shares	of Rs 10 each, iss	ued at	In No's	In %	In No's	
Mr. Saroj Kumar Pod		Photocompropersion of the Control of	85.00.000			In %
		• •		74%	85,00,000	74%
Texmaco Infrastructure & Holdings Limited			29,50,000	26%	29,50,000	26%
Outstanding at the o	end of the year		1,14,50,000	100%	1,14,50,000	100%
	The second secon	anne de santa de la companya del la companya de la	PARTICULAR CONTRACTOR	Colombia de la colombia del colombia del colombia de la colombia del la colombia de la colombia del la colombia de la colombia	.,, , 0	10070

(c.) Rights, preferences and restrictions attached to Non-Convertible Cumulative Redeemable Preference Shares:
The Company has only one class of non-convertible preference share having a par value of Rs 10 per share, carrying coupon rate of 8.5% per annum which are cumulative in nature and redeemable on 31st March 2020 (70,00,000 Shares), 31st March 2021 (15.00,000 Shares) and 31st March 2022 (29,50.000 Shares) respectively. Each holder of preference shares is entitled to one vote per share on resolutions placed before the company. These shares are redeemable at a price band of Rs 125 - Rs 150 per preference share.

(d) Pursuant to Schedule III of the Companies Act 2013 ("the Act"), for companies whose financial statements are drawn up in compliance of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 read with Indian Accounting Standard 32 - Disclosure of Financial Instruments, Non-convertible redeemable preference shares which are settled in cash needs to be classified as "financial liability" and not 'equity'. Accordingly company has computed the fair value of these preference shares considering the effective interest rate (EIR) at 14% and the portion computed as 'Borrowing' amounting to Rs.8.14,75,750/-(2017;Rs. 5,61.54,238/-) has been classified under 'Long-term Borrowings' and the portion computed as the deemed equity amounting to Rs.5,62.10,576/-(2017;Rs. 4,24,95,328) has been reported under 'Other Equity'.

With respect to premium received on issue as well as the additional premium payable on redemption of preference shares no adjustments/ disclosures has been carried out as contemplated in Ind-AS 32 and Ind-AS 109 read with Schedule III of the Act since such classification of the 'securities premium account' into 'borrowings' or 'other equity' will be inconsistent with the provisions of section 52 of the Act which stipulates the manner in which the securities premium account can be utilised. Also the additional premium payable on the redemption has not been recognised in the absence of the accumulated profits since recognition of such a liability will be violative of section 55 of the Act.

Considering above, the Company has been legally advised that no further recognition or adjustments to the premium amounts are required in view of the specific provisions of section 52 and 55 of the Act. Accordingly, no adjustments as required under Ind-AS 32 and Ind-AS 109 read with Schedule III of the Act are made in respect of the premium payable on redemption

13.11 Real estate loan

This represents real estate loan taken from National Bank of Fujairah of AED 39,720,000/-.The toan is fully repaid during the year,

13.12 Short-term loan

This represents short term recurring loan taken from National Bank of Fujairah of AED 1,500,000/. The loan is fully repaid during the

13.13 Long term loan

This represents long term loan taken for State Bank of India of AED 165 million. The loan is fully repaid during the year,

13.14 Unsecured loans

This represents unsecured and 12% (0 to 12%) per annum interest bearing loans availed from unrelated parties which are repayable within a period of 2 years.

14. Ti	rade payables		As at March 31, 2019	As at March 31, 2018
Electronic conte		ki dikinara (Kibaca) heroncama na incana kana kana kana muu dane uu mineri va maa maa kana maa ayaa in muunin	THU OIL US. E.O. I.	March 51, 2010
14.1	Non-Current			
	Retention Money - non current (carried at cost) *		39.01	174.09
	Due to others - non current (carried at cost)*	refer note 14.4, below	-	25.48
			39.01	199.57
14.2	Current		жине соото иссорония жили соот до устория от полительной и подать	Market des de la companie de la comp
	Retention Money - current (carried at cost)*	refer note 14.4, below	234.59	145.98
	Dues to related parties (carried at cost)	refer note 14.3, below	39.42	36.93
	Dues to others (carried at cost)*	refer note 14.4, below	855.96	1,014.55
	Dues to micro & small enterprises(carried at cost)*	refer note 14.5, below	4.56	
			1,134.53	1,197.46
14.3	Due to Related Parties comprises of due to;			
	Simon India Limited		36.93	36.93
	Forte Furniture Products India Private Limited		1.52	,
	Zuari Finserv Private Limited		0.97	w
			39.42	36.93

14.4 Includes retention money Rs.131.23 lakhs (as at 31 March 2018 : Rs.142.78 lakhs) and other payables Rs.25.48 lakhs (as at 31 March 2018 : Rs.25.48 lakhs) to one of the sub-contractors in respect of which the Management is in negotiation with party for full and the final settlement.

Details of dues to micro and small enterprises as defined under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 based on the information available with the Company are as under:

	or the members are made that the company are as under.		
į	Principal amount due to suppliers under MSMED Act	4.28	
ii	Interest accrued and due to suppliers on above amount	0.10	
iii	Payment made to suppliers beyond appointed day during the year	4.31	
iv	Interest paid to suppliers during the year	•	9
V	Interest due and payable to suppliers towards payment already made during the year	0.18	

^{*} Balances are subject to confirmation



Less: Not considered for deferred tax purposes

Also, refer note 27 for other tax related disclosures.

15.	Amounts in Indian Rupees in lakhs, unless otherwise stated) Other Financial Liabilities	As at	As at
BWW/selections		March 31, 2019	March 31, 2018
15.1	Non-Current		
	Other financial liabilities (carried at amortised cost)		
	Rent Deposit	12.93	12.7
	Deferred Rental on security deposits (fair value adjustment) - Non-current	11.99	13.2
	Payables for capital purchases	228.76	597.8
15.2	Current	254	62
	Other financial liabilities (carried at cost)		
	Current maturity of long term loans (refer note 13)	2 200 00	
	Other Deposits	2,309.99 14.96	3,041.3
	Due to employees	97.14	68.4
	Due to related parties (refer note 15.3 below)	66.57	47.7
	Interest accruals on loans (refer note 15.4, below)	1,056.99	70.9
	Due to others	0.91	0.8
	Others:		0.0
	Deferred Rental on security deposits (fair value adjustment)-Current	2.37	2.3
r n		3,548.95	3,231.60
5.3	Due to related parties comprises of dues to:	The second secon	di Antonia da punta propinsi da kanta-karanakan na da kantanakan da kantanakan da kantanakan da kantanakan da Baranakan da kantanakan da
	Zuari Global Limited	39.83	16.3
	Mr. Alok Banerjee Mr. Anshul Amit Bansal	8.57	12.4
	Mr. C G Ramegowda	2.42	4.0
	Mr. Vinay Varma, Key Managerial Personnel of Subsidiary	0.68	0.83
	with viriby varitia, ricey interragenal Personnel of Subsidiary	15.06	14.20
5.4	Inculdes interest payable to related parties of subsidiary company;	66.57	47.7
	Akshay Poddar, Key Managerial Personnel and relative of a Director of Holding Company	25.40	
	Adventz properties Limited, UAE	25.42 - 3.77	•
	Globalware Trading & Holdings Limited, UAE	48.34	~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~
		77.52	7.79
6. Pr	ovisions	As at	As at
TAMONO AND		March 31, 2019	March 31, 2018
6.1	Non-Current		
	Provision for gratuity obligation	38.59	33.32
	Provision for compensated absences	15.14	6.17
		53.72	39.49
.2	Current		
	Provision for gratuity obligation	2.91	3.29
	Provision for compensated absences	2.53	3.73
	Staff end of service benefits	39.82	20.16
	Also refer note 35 for detailed disclosures and the second	45.26	27.17
	Also, refer note 35 for detailed disclosures on employee benefit plans.		
. De	erred tax (Asset)/liability (net)	As at	As at
		March 31, 2019	March 31, 2018
	Tax effect of items constituting deferred tax liabilities		
.1	E		
. 1	Fair valuation of investment in mutual funds	314.58	202,14
. 1	Fair valuation of investment in mutual funds Interest on preference shares	314.58 56.29	202.14 85.86
. 1	Fair valuation of investment in mutual funds Interest on preference shares Investment in preference shares		
. 1	Fair valuation of investment in mutual funds Interest on preference shares Investment in preference shares Unwinding of security deposit received	56.29	
.11	Fair valuation of investment in mutual funds Interest on preference shares Investment in preference shares	56.29 51.03 0.53 1.40	85.86 0.25 1.73
	Fair valuation of investment in mutual funds Interest on preference shares Investment in preference shares Unwinding of security deposit received Timing differences on benefit obligations through OCI	56.29 51.03 0.53	85.86 0.25 1.73
	Fair valuation of investment in mutual funds Interest on preference shares Investment in preference shares Unwinding of security deposit received Timing differences on benefit obligations through OCI Tax effect of items constituting deferred tax assets	56.29 51.03 0.53 1.40 423.83	85.86 0.25 1.73 289.98
	Fair valuation of investment in mutual funds Interest on preference shares Investment in preference shares Unwinding of security deposit received Timing differences on benefit obligations through OCI Tax effect of items constituting deferred tax assets Unwinding of security deposit paid	56.29 51.03 0.53 1.40 423.83	85.86 0.25 1.73 289.98
	Fair valuation of investment in mutual funds Interest on preference shares Investment in preference shares Unwinding of security deposit received Timing differences on benefit obligations through OCI Tax effect of items constituting deferred tax assets Unwinding of security deposit paid Difference between accounting base and tax base of tangible & Intangible assets	56.29 51.03 0.53 1.40 423.83 0.08 18.23	85.86 0.25 1.73 289.98 0.11 17.99
	Fair valuation of investment in mutual funds Interest on preference shares Investment in preference shares Unwinding of security deposit received Timing differences on benefit obligations through OCI Tax effect of items constituting deferred tax assets Unwinding of security deposit paid Difference between accounting base and tax base of tangible & Intangible assets Timing differences on benefit obligations	56.29 51.03 0.53 1.40 423.83 0.08 18.23 15.38	85.86 0.25 1.73 289.98 0.11 17.99 13.82
	Fair valuation of investment in mutual funds Interest on preference shares Investment in preference shares Unwinding of security deposit received Timing differences on benefit obligations through OCI Tax effect of items constituting deferred tax assets Unwinding of security deposit paid Difference between accounting base and tax base of tangible & Intangible assets	56.29 51.03 0.53 1.40 423.83 0.08 18.23 15.38 116.68	85.86 0.25 1.73 289.98 0.11 17.99 13.82
	Fair valuation of investment in mutual funds Interest on preference shares Investment in preference shares Unwinding of security deposit received Timing differences on benefit obligations through OCI Tax effect of items constituting deferred tax assets Unwinding of security deposit paid Difference between accounting base and tax base of tangible & Intangible assets Timing differences on benefit obligations Tax effect on adjustment pursuant to adoption of IND AS 115. Net	56.29 51.03 0.53 1.40 423.83 0.08 18.23 15.38 116.68 0.76	85.86 0.25 1.73 289.98 0.11 17.99 13.82 0.76
	Fair valuation of investment in mutual funds Interest on preference shares Investment in preference shares Unwinding of security deposit received Timing differences on benefit obligations through OCI Tax effect of items constituting deferred tax assets Unwinding of security deposit paid Difference between accounting base and tax base of tangible & Intangible assets Timing differences on benefit obligations Tax effect on adjustment pursuant to adoption of IND AS 115, Net Unrealised Profit on DMC fees	56.29 51.03 0.53 1.40 423.83 0.08 18.23 15.38 116.68 0.76 2.69	85.86 0.25 1.73 289.98 0.11 17.99 13.82 0.76 2.69
	Fair valuation of investment in mutual funds Interest on preference shares Investment in preference shares Unwinding of security deposit received Timing differences on benefit obligations through OCI Tax effect of items constituting deferred tax assets Unwinding of security deposit paid Difference between accounting base and tax base of tangible & Intangible assets Timing differences on benefit obligations Tax effect on adjustment pursuant to adoption of IND AS 115, Net Unrealised Profit on DMC fees Others MAT Entitlement	56.29 51.03 0.53 1.40 423.83 0.08 18.23 15.38 116.68 0.76 2.69 50.17	85.86 0.25 1.73 289.98 0.11 17.99 13.82 0.76 2.69
2	Fair valuation of investment in mutual funds Interest on preference shares Investment in preference shares Unwinding of security deposit received Timing differences on benefit obligations through OCI Tax effect of items constituting deferred tax assets Unwinding of security deposit paid Difference between accounting base and tax base of tangible & Intangible assets Timing differences on benefit obligations Tax effect on adjustment pursuant to adoption of IND AS 115, Net Unrealised Profit on DMC fees Others	56.29 51.03 0.53 1.40 423.83 0.08 18.23 15.38 116.68 0.76 2.69	85.86 0.25 1.73 289.98 0.11 17.99 13.82 0.76 2.69



(309.54)

212.80

(449.00)

219.83

NOTES FORMING PART OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2019 (All Amounts in Indian Rupees in lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

17.3. The Company offsets tax assets and liabilities if and only if it has a legally enforceable right to set-off current tax assets and current tax flabilities and the deferred tax assets and deferred tax flabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same tax authority.

17.4. Since the management expects that the interest on Non convertible cumulative redeemable Preference shares will not be allowed as a deduction, the deferred tax impact on the same has been recognised in Other Equity, since the initial recognition was in Other Equity.

8. Other current liabilities	As at	As at
	March 31, 2019	March 31, 2018
Statufory dues	89.71	73.67
Advances from Customers	7,835.10	1.966.91
Others adavnces (refer note 18.1 below)	593.02 -	**
Others	28.81	27.15
	8,546.64	2,067.73

18.1. Includes refundable advances of Rs.279.52 lakhs (2018:Rs. 5 lakhs) in respect of cancelled residential units and Rs.313.5 lakhs collected from the buyers towards club membership charges fees which will be transferred to the residential units owners society/organisation on its formation.

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NOTES FORMING PART OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2019 (Amount in Rupees, except otherwise stated)

19. Revenue from operations	For the year ended	For the year ended
	March 31, 2019	March 31, 2018
Sale of residential units	1,346.57	362.27
Development management fees	232.51	301.01
Sales Commission on sale of plots/residential units	177.37	
Other Operating revenue	28.85	
	1,785.30	663.28

20. Other income	For the year ended March 31, 2019	For the year ended March 31, 2018
Interest Income on; Deposits with Bank Income tax refund Others Rent from sub-lease * Dividend from Mutual funds Gains from redemption of Mutual Fund Gain on fair value adjustments to financial assets through Profit and loss - Preference Shares - Mutual Funds Adjustment on amortisation of security deposit Unwinding of financial liability, security deposit from sub lease Finance Guarantee Commission Exchange Gain Balances no longer required Miscellaneous income	5.72 18.76 2.97 181.44 42.10 596.56 2.07 1.25 55.17 0.45 0.07 906.56	0.82 5.74 0.47 3.63 4.64 4.45 - 485.63 1.92 2.37
	to the contract of the contrac	517.19

^{*} Rent from sub-lease reported above are net of expenses Rs. 36.07 lakhs (2018:Rs. 34.80 lakhs)

21. Project construction and development expenses	For the year ended March 31, 2019	For the year ended	
Architect Fees		March 31, 2018	
Consultancy Fee	385.72	13.13	
Depreciation on assets - Projects	-	1,195.08	
Project Approval cost	4.82	6.36	
Land Development	-	3.03	
Civil Work	400.00	994	
Rent project office	433.28	283.39	
Managerial remuneration and expenses	151.46		
Landscape Expenses	120.08	н	
Site Office Expenses		39.65	
Site Security Expenses	0.02	No	
Project Staff Costs	_	***	
Contribution to Provident & Other funds	0.91	607.89	
Marketing Expenses	-		
Property Tax	73.84		
Infrastructure Expenses	7.56	29.47	
Miscellaneous project Expenses	2,199.44	2,406.98	
Foreign exchange translations eliferate and the second sec	130.19	43.56	
Foreign exchange translations differences to inventories Sub Total	1,080.49	90.13	
	4,587.81	4,718.68	
Add: Employee hareft arranged to the year	6,985.56	2,797.45	
Add: Other pureases (see Expenses transferred to construction work in progress	822.20	412.59	
Add: Other expenses transferred to construction work in progress	223.63	113.59	
Less: Balance no longer required written back		(221.00)	
	12,619.20	7,821.31	

ZUARI INFRAWORLD INDIA LIMITED NOTES FORMING PART OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2019

22. Changes in inventories	For the year ended March 31, 2019	For the year ended March 31, 2018
	Watch Jt, 2015	Watch 31, 2018
(a.) Completed units of stock		
Completed units at the beginning of the year pursuant to Ind AS 115	5,639.61	•
Completed units at the end of the year	4,392.84	•
Changes in completed units during the year	1,246.77	
(b.) Construction Work-in- progress		
Construction work-in-progress at the beginning of the year	29,203.17	03.00% %
Add: adjustment pursuant to adoption of Ind AS 115	2,307.95	21,834.74
Adjusted Inventory at the beginning of the year	31,511.12	21,834.74
Add: Construction cost incurred during the year	12,619.20	7.821.31
Less: Charged to profit and loss during the year	(45.75)	(452.88
Construction work-in-progress at the end of the year	44,084.57	29,203.17
Changes in construction work in progress	(12,573.45)	(7,368.43
Total (Increase) / Decrease (a+b)	the file was an experience of the contraction of th	
Total (micrease) / Decrease (a+D)	(11,326.68)	(7,368.43
23. Employee benefit expenses	For the year ended March 31, 2019	For the year ended March 31, 2018
Salaries and wages	903.03	555.99
Contribution to provident and other funds	23.80	26.68
Gratuity	13.91	14.34
Compensated absences	8.58	8.18
Staff welfare expenses	3.72	62.24
	953.04	667.43
Less: Employee benefit expenses transferred to construction work in progress	(822.20)	(412.59
	130.84	254.84
24. Other expenses	For the year ended	For the year ended
Rent	March 31, 2019	March 31, 2018
Travel and conveyance	100.12	95.14
Legal and professional fees	70.10	52.75
Communication and internet charges	78.18	43.81
Office Expenses	26.44	26.43
Repairs and maintenance	105.34	64.90
Auditors remuneration	10.84	36.51
Recruitment expenses	10.80 5.37	10.80
Advertising and publicity expense	5.37 89.97	5.61
Rates and taxes		43.23
Commission & Brokerage	12.34	33.09
Maintenance and Security Expenses	214.49	37.24
Exchange Loss	97.32	50.00
Miscellaneous expenses	70.00	16.64
Provision for service tax refund receivable	79.63	52.96
Balances written-off		10.35
oss on disposal of Asset	11.55	1.11
•	912,48	2.56 583.12
ess: Other expenses transferred to construction work in progress	(223.63)	
The state of the s	688.85	(113.59) 469.52
	- Control of the Cont	n na
4.4 Pamunaration to Auditoral reported about 1.11		
4.1 Remuneration to Auditors' reported above includes Statutory Audit Fees	5.00	5.00
Statutory Audit Fees Fax Audit Fees	0.75	0.75
Statutory Audit Fees Fax Audit Fees Certification fees	0.75 0.50	0.75 0.50
Statutory Audit Fees Fax Audit Fees	0.75	0.75

6.50

6.25

ZUARI INFRAWORLD INDIA LIMITED NOTES FORMING PART OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2019 (Amount in Rupees, except otherwise stated)

25. Finance costs	For the year ended March 31, 2019	For the year ended March 31, 2018
Interest expense:		March 31, 2016
Interest on borrowings	7.0000	
Other borrowing cost	7,936.64	2,635.26
Interest on delayed payment of Income tax		214.89
Interest on delayed payment of tax deducted at source	*	1.43
Interest on MSME	•	0.05
Fair value adjustment pursuant to Ind AS:	0.28	v
Fair value adjustment on initial recognition of borrowings		34
Interest on security deposits	0.16	1.43
Interest on non-convertible cumulative redeemable preference shares	113.75	95.37
ess: Rorrowing and Investor 1	8,050.83	2,948.42
Less: Borrowing cost transferred to construction work in progress	(6,985.56)	(2,797.45)
	1,065.28	150.98

25.1. Capitalisation of the Borrowing cost is not required to be suspended when substantial technical and administrative work is carried out or when there is a temporary delay which is a necessary part of the process of getting an asset ready for sale. The Management is of the view that the slow progress of various real estate projects are temporary in nature considering the nature of industry and the economic conditions prevailing across the industry. Accordingly, capitalisation (transfer to inventory) of interest cost is not suspended during the year.

iarch 31, 2019	March 31, 2018
51.45 0.43 (4.68)	42.92 3.95 (3.72)
(4.82)	43.15
_	(4.82) 42.39

ZUARI INFRAWORLD INDIA LIMITED NOTES FORMING PART OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2019 (Amount in Rupees, except otherwise stated)

27. Income Tax	For the year ended March 31, 2019	For the year ended March 31, 2018
Income tax expense	4.00	6.00
Income tax of earlier year	2.60	4.74
Deferred tax charge/(credit)	139.41	102 65
Total	146.00	113.39
27.1 Income tax expense for the year reconciled to the accounting profit	For the year ended March 31, 2019	For the year ended March 31, 2018
Profit before tax	(528.01)	(190.90)
Income tax expense calculated at 26% (2018 : 26%) Adjustments for:	(137.28)	(49.63)
Gain on fair value adjustments to preference shares	40.08	
Expenses not considered for tax purposes.	70.00	1 15
Gain on fair value adjustments to Mutual funds taxable at differential rate	50.47	(31.29)
Interest portion fair value adjustment to preference shares issued		9.64
Other adjustments	7.11	(11.35)
Tax effect on unused tax losses not recognised	187.40	149.99
Tax expenses of earlier year debited to profit and loss	2.60	4.74
Minimum Alternate Tax (MAT) of earlier year debited to profit and loss	(4.37)	40.15
	146.00	113.39

27.2 The tax effects of timing differences that resulted in changes in deferred tax are as follows:	For the year ended March 31, 2019	For the year ended March 31, 2018
Fair valuation of investment in mutual funds	112.44	94.97
Unwinding of security deposit paid	0.04	0.03
Interest accrued on preference shares issued (Adjustment pursuant to Ind-AS)	(29.58)	(15.15)
Difference between accounting base and tax base of tangible & Intangible assets	(0.24)	4.92
Unwinding of security deposit received	0.28	0.25
Temporary differences on benefit obligations	(3.29)	(13.82)
Fair valuation of investment in Preference shares	51.03	(10.02)
Gain on sale of flats recognised as per IND AS 115	17.10	
Others temporary differences	*	(2.69)
MAT Credit of the current year	(4.00)	40.15
MAT Credit of the earlier year	(4.37)	(6.00)
	139.41	102.65

27.3. Deferred tax assets arising from the carry forward of unused tax losses not are recognised in these financial statements as there is no convincing evidence that sufficient taxable profit will be available in the future against which the unused tax losses can be utilised by the Company, which is considered appropriate by the Management.

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NOTES FORMING PART OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2019 (Amount in Rupees, except otherwise stated)

28. Disclosure of Interest in subsidiaries, joint arrangements and associates:

28.1. Disclosure of Interest in the following subsidiaries:

Name	Country	Ownership Interest of ZIIL (%)		Method used to
	of	As at	As at	account for
	Incorporation	31 March 2019	31 March 2018	investments
(i) Zuari Infra Middle East Ltd	UAE	100%	100%	Line by line
				consolidation
28.2. Disclosure of Interest in the following associates:				
Name	Country	Ownership Interest of ZIIL (%)		Method used to
	of	As at	As at	account for
	Incorporation	31 March 2019	31 March 2018	investments
(i) Brajbhumi Nirmaan Private Limited	India	25%	25%	Equity Accounting
(ii) Darshan Nirman Private Limited	India	25%	25%	Equity Accounting
(iii) Pranati Niketan Private Limited	India	25%	25%	Equity Accounting

Also, refer Note 2(a)(iii) for detailed disclosure and accounting treatment.

(b.) Information regarding Associates:

i. Carrying amount of investment in Associates	As at	As at
	31 March 2019	31 March 2018
Darshan Nirmaan Private Limited	(0.04)	(0.04)
Pranati Nirmaan Private Limited	0.02	0.02
Brajbhumi Nirmaan Private Limited	2,287,49	2,307.76
ii. Share of Profit/(loss) of Associates	As at	As at
To commission of the commissio	31 March 2019	31 March 2018
Darshan Nirmaan Private Limited	**	(0.11)
Pranati Nirmaan Private Limited		(0.04)
Brajbhumi Nirmaan Private Limited	(20.26)	(4.23)

Summarised financial information of the joint ventures, based on its Ind AS financial statements and reconciliation with the carrying amount of the investment in consolidated financial statements are set out below:

(a) DARSHAN NIRMAAN PRIVATE LIMITED

i. Summarised Balance Sheet	As at	As at	
	31 March 2019	31 March 2018	
Current assets, including cash and cash equivalents	277.42	276.53	
Non-current financial liabilities	(279.53)	(278.14)	
Equity	(2.11)	(1.60)	
Proportion of the Group's ownership	25%	25%	
Group's Share in Net Assets	(0.53)	(0.40)	
Value of Goodwill on consolidation	0.36	0.36	
Carrying amount of the investment	(0.17)	(0.04)	

ii. Summarised Profit and Loss Statement	-	For the year ended
	March 31, 2019	March 31, 2018
Other Expenses	(0.51)	(0.45)
Profit/(loss) before tax	(0.51)	(0.45)
Income tax (expense)/credit	· ·	(00)
Profit/(loss) for the year	(0.51)	(0.45)
Other Comprehensive Income	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(0.10)
Total comprehensive income	(0.51)	(0.45)
Proportion of the Group's share	25%	25%
Group's share of profit/(loss) for the year	(0.13)	(0.11)

(b) PRANATI NIRMAAN PRIVATE LIMITED

i. Summarised Balance Sheet	As at	As at
	31 March 2019	31 March 2018
Current assets, including cash and cash equivalents	217.95	216,94
Non-current financial liabilities	(219.48)	(218.30)
Equity	(1.53)	(1.36)
Proportion of the Group's ownership	25%	25%
Group's Share in Net Assets	(0.38)	(0.34)
Value of Goodwill on consolidation	0.36	0.36
Carrying amount of the investment	(0.02)	0.02



Suppose of Death and Death		Major may at an an an an ann an an an an an an an an
ii. Summarised Profit and Loss Statement	For the year ended	For the year ended
Other Expenses	March 31, 2019	March 31, 2018
Order Expenses Profit/(loss) before tax	0 17	(0.18)
Income tax (expense)/credit	0.17	(0.18)
Profit/(loss) for the year	-	,
Other Comprehensive Income	0.17	(0.18)
Total comprehensive income	0.45	<u>N</u>
Proportion of the Group's share	0.17	(0.18)
Group's share of profit/(loss) for the year	25%	25%
	0.04	(0.04)

(c) BRAJBHUMI NIRMAAN PRIVATE LIMITED

i. Summarised Balance Sheet	As at	As at
	March 31, 2019	March 31, 2018
Current assets, including cash and cash equivalents Rs. 34,75,504/-	16,814.74	15,736.82
Non-current assets	47.58	51.13
Current liabilities including financial liabilities Non current financial liabilities	(11,050.28)	(10,172.67)
	(2,529.91)	(2,250.28)
Less: Deemed Equity Equity	(421.54)	(421.54)
• •	2,860.60	2,943.46
Proportion of the Group's ownership	25%	25%
Group's Share in Net Assets	715.15	735.87
Value of Goodwill on consolidation	1,599.01	1.599.01
Adjustments for unrealised profits	(27.12)	(27.12)
Carrying amount of the investment	2,287.04	2,307.76

Summarised Profit and Loss Statement	For the year ended March 31, 2019	For the year ended March 31, 2018
Revenue	115.98	65.84
Other Income	0.21	1.59
Durahan // Ct., L. i. i.	116.19	67.43
Purchase of Stock in trade	(1,675.10)	(1,411.19)
Change in inventories of finished goods, work in progress and stock in trade)	1,512.46	1,346,54
Employee Benefits Expense Finance Cost	(0.45)	
	(20.47)	
Depreciation and amortization expense	(2.14)	
Other Expenses	(11.14)	
Des (IAIII - c -) b of c	(196.84)	
Profit/(loss) before tax	(80.65)	(16.05)
Income tax (expense)/credit	(0.52)	(0.89)
Profit for the year	(81.17)	
Other Comprehensive Income		, , , , ,
Total comprehensive income	(81.17)	(16.94)
Proportion of the Group's share	25%	AND RESIDENCE PROPERTY OF THE
Group's share of profit/(loss) for the year	(20.29)	(4.23)

NOTES FORMING PART OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2019 (Amount in Rupees, except otherwise stated)

Development Management Fees:

Apart from real estate activities, the Company also provides Project Development services. The Trade Receivables includes dues from these activities aggregated to Rs. 499.04 (akhs (2018: Rs 469.51 lakhs)

An impairment analysis is performed at each reporting date on an individual basis for these entities. The Company does not hold collaterals as security. The Company evaluates the concentration of risk with respect to trade receivables as Nil, as its customers are related and are part of the same group and with respect of sale of flats & villas the sale deed is executed only after the realisation.

31.3. Liquidity risk

The Group monitors its risk of a shortage of funds regularly and is directly monitored by CFO of the company. The Group 's objective is to maintain balance between continuity of funding and flexibility through the use of bank loans and Debt Preference Shares.

The management expects to renew/rollover all of the short term debts/borrowings that are falling due in next 12 months. Further the Group is confident of increased operational cash inflows from bookings of flats/villas/apartments and is also ensured of continued support from its Holding/ Associates Companies and the Promoters.

The Management of the parent company has obtained consent for the redemption of preference shares which are due for redemption on 31 March 2020.

31.4. Capital Management

For the purpose of the Group's capital management, capital includes issued equity capital, share premium and all other equity reserves attributable to the equity holders of the parent. The primary objective of the Group's capital management is to ensure their ability to continue as going concern and maximise the shareholder value.

The Group manages its capital structure and makes adjustments in light of changes in economic conditions and the requirements of the financial covenants. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the company may adjust the dividend payment to shareholders, return capital to shareholders or issue new shares. The company monitors capital using a gearing ratio, which is net debt divided by total capital plus net debt.

The table below summarises the maturity profile of the Company's financial liabilities based on contractual undiscounted payments as at 31 March, 2019:

Particulars	On demand	< 3 month	3 to 12 months	1 to 3 years	> 3 years	Total
Borrowings (Incl. Debt portion of Pre	526.93 ference Shares)	2,826.08	2,140.34	6,169.05	10,427.84	22,090.24
Trade payables	0.65	849.50	244.22	99.64		1,194.01
Other financial liabilities	- 1	163.71	0.56	0.33	255.16	419.76
Total	527.57	3,839.29	2,385.13	6,269.02	10,683.00	23,704.02

The table below summarises the maturity profile of the Company's financial liabilities based on contractual undiscounted payments as at 31 March, 2018:

Particulars	On demand	< 3 month	3 to 12	1 to 3 years	> 3 years	Total
Borrowings		0.722.00	months	40,000,55		
(Incl. Debt portion of Pre	eference Shares)	2,733.00	5,292.98	18,638.57	•	26,664.55
Trade payables		527.19	1,050.52	143.78	10.00	1,731,49
Other financial liabilities	-	88.51	85.18	598.77	27.58	800.04
Total	- 1	3,348.69	6,428.69	19,381.12	37.58	29,196.08



ZUARI INFRAWORLD INDIA LIMITED NOTES FORMING PART OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2019 (Amount in Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

32. Related Party Disclosures

32.1. List of Related Parties and nature of relationship	Zuari Global Limited
Holding Company	AND
Subsidiary	Zuari Infra Middle East Limited
Step down Subsidiary	Zuari Infraworld SJM Properties LLC (formerly SJM Elysium Properties LLC)
Entities having common management control with	
subsidairy	Globalware Trading & Holdings Ltd, U.A.E
Joint Venture of Step down subsidiary	Burj District Development Limited, Cayman Islands
Party to Joint Venture of Step down subsidiary	Green Tree Property Management Co. LLC. U.A.E.
Subsidairy of the Joint Venture of Step down subsidiar	, ,
Fellow Subsidiaries	Zuari Management Services Limited
	Simon India Limited
	Forte Furniture Products India Private Limited
	Zuari Finserv Pvt. Ltd. (erst. Zuari Investment Ltd. demerged w.e.f. 19.11.2017)
Associates	Brajbhumi Nirmaan Private Limited
	Darshan Nirmaan Private Limited
	Pranati Niketan Private Limited
Key Management Personnel	Mr.Narayanan Suresh Krishnan, Director
	Mr. Sunil Sethy, Independent Director
	Mr. Krishan Kumar Gupta, Independent Director
	Mr. Vishwajit Kumar Sinha, Non-Executive Director (Resigned w.e.f. 24.03.2018)
	Mr. Alok Banerjee, Chief Executive Officer
	Mr. Anshul Amit Bansal, Chief Financial officer
	Mr. C G Ramegowda, Company secretary
Key Management Personnel of subsidiary	Mr. Vinay Varma
Person having significant influence	Mr. Saroj Kumar Poddar
	Mr. Akshay Poddar
	Ms. Puja Poddar

32.2. Transactions with related parties:

Par	ticulars	Year ended March 31, 2019	Year ended March 31, 2018	
ii	Payment made on our behalf by the Company:		er en	
	Zuari Global Limited	5.77	2.86	
ii	Service Charges / Management Fees Paid			
	Zuari Finserv Pvt. Ltd. (erstwhile Zuari Investment Ltd. demerged w.e.f. 19.11.2017)	0.90	0.05	
iii	Purchase of furnitures (PPE)	i		
	Forte Furniture Products India Private Limited	1.29		
iv	Service Charges / Management Fees Income			
	Zuari Global Limited - Development Management Commission	93.52	219.01	
	Zuari Global Limited - Sales Commission	45.99	_	
٧	Inter-Corporate Deposits Taken - Liability			
	Zuari Global Limited			
	- Accepted	4,358.00	1,108.00	
	- Repayment	4,256.01	148.00	
vi	Interest on ICD (Expenses)			
	Zuari Global Limited	201.65	120.82	
vii	Interest on loans taken from entities having common management control			
	Adventz properties Limited	3.64		
	Globalware Trading & Holdings Ltd	46.71	7,79,006	
viii	Reimbursement of Expenses received/receivable			
	Brajbhumi Nirmaan Private Limited	-	100.37	
ix	Guarantee Commission	1		
	Zuari Global Limited	42.86	31.05	
Х	Interest on loan taken from person having significant influence			
	Akshay Poddar	24.56		
хì	Remuneration and other allowances paid			
	Puja Poddar	117.71	135.83	



NOTES FORMING PART OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2019 (Amount in Rupees, except otherwise stated)

29. Commitments and Contingencies

29.1. Leases

Operating lease - as lessee

The Parent company has taken office premises on an eleven year operating lease. The lease rentals recognized in the Profit and Loss account for the year are. Rs.122.75 lakhs (2018: Rs.116.41 lakhs). The future lease payments of operating lease are as given below. Lease Rentals charged to the profit and loss statement and obligations on long term non-cancellable operating leases payable as per the rentals stated in the respective lease agreements:

Particulars	As at 31 March 2019	As at 31 March 2018
Lease rentals recognized during the year	122.75	116.41
Lease Obligations due		
Lease Obligations due - Within one year - After one year but not more than five years	127.63	122.75
- After one year but not more than five years	583.45	
- More than five years	164.22	321.97
29.2. Contingent Liabilities (not provided for)		
(i) Dividend on Non Convertible redeemable cumulative preference shares not yet declared	411 94	294.61
(ii) TDS demand under the Income Tax Act, 1961 as per TRACES, not acknowledged as del	6.13	8.22
(iii) Customer claims not acknowledged by the Parent Company	32.68	*
(iv) As per the audited consolidated Financial statements of Brajbhumi Nirmaan Private Limited an associate entity, disputed tax demands to the extent not provided for is as under:		
a. Income Tax demand pertaining to AY.2015-16 (FY 2014-15) pending before Commissioner Income Tax (Appeals) Kolkata. Against this demand, Parent Company has deposited Rs.25,00,000/-	427.66	427.66
b. Value added Tax demands for period 2015-16 and 2014-15 pending before Additional Commissioner, Mathura	9.24	-

(v.) As per the audited Standalone Financial statements of Darshan Nirmaan Private Limited an associate entity some cases have been filed in the Court of Tehsildar, Mathura; in respect of some of the land purchased by the Company. The Company's management believes that the impact of these Cases will be insignificant and will not affect ownership of that Company's Landholdership.

29.3. Capital Commitments

Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on Project const	ruction and development, net of adavnces ago	gregates to
Zuari Infraworld India Limited	3,489.92	2,587.27
Zuari Infra Middle East Limited	23,795.51	1,535.72
	27,285.43	4,122,99

30. Earnings Per Share ("EPS")

Basic Earnings Per share (EPS) amounts are calculated by dividing the profit for the year attributable to equity holders of the parent by the weighted average number of Equity shares outstanding during the year. There are no dilutive potential equity shares, accordingly the Diluted EPS are also calculated by dividing the profit attributable to equity holders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during as at the end year.

The following reflects the income and share data used in the computation of basic and diluted EPS:

Particulars	3	11 March 2019 3	11 March 2018
Profit before OCI attributable to equity holders of the parent company	- 1	(694.28)	(308.68)
Weighted Average number of equity shares used for computing EPS (Basic & Diluted)		4,65,50,000	4,65,50,000
Earning/(Loss) Per Share (Basic and Diluted) (Rs.)		(1.49)	(0.66)
Face value per share (Rs.)		10.00	10.00



NOTES FORMING PART OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2019 (Amount in Rupees, except otherwise stated)

31. Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Group's principal financial liabilities, comprise of loans and borrowings, trade and other payables, security deposits, and employee dues. The main purpose of these financial liabilities is to finance the Company's operations and to provide guarantees to support its operations. The Company's principal financial assets include loans, trade and other receivables, and cash and short-term deposits that derive directly from its operations.

The Group is exposed to market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The Group's senior management oversees the management of these risks. The Group's senior management is supported by the finance team that advises on financial risks and the appropriate financial risk governance framework for the Company. Further, the company is predominantly into the real estate sector which is subject to The Real Estate (Regulation and Development) Act, 2016 (RERA).

31.1. Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises three types of risk; interest rate risk, currency risk and other price risk, such as equity price risk and commodity risk. Financial instruments affected by market risk include loans and borrowings, deposits and investments in mutual funds.

(i.) Interest rate risk:

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Company's exposure to the risk of changes in market interest rates relates primarily to the Company's long-term debt obligations with floating interest rates.

The Company manages its interest rate risk by having a balanced portfolio of fixed and variable rate loans and borrowings. Term Loan facility from LIC Housing Finance Limited and YES Bank Limited is subject to floating rate of interest based on MCLR, while the borrowings from the related entities carry interest at a fixed rates.

Interest sensitivity analysis	Outstanding Loan facility subject to floating rates	Increase/ decrease in basis points	Effect on profit before tax
For the year ended 31 March 2019	noaung rates		
Increase in base points	16.436.03	+50	82 18
Decrease in base points	16,436.03	-50	(82.18)
For the year ended 31 March 2018			1
Increase in base points	13,988.63	+50	69.94
Decrease in base points	13,988.63	-50	(69.94)

(ii.) Foreign currency risk:

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of an exposure will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Company's exposure to the risk of changes in foreign exchange rates relates primarily to the Company's operating activities (when revenue or expense is denominated in a foreign currency) and the Company's net investments in foreign subsidiaries.

There is no significant currency risk as substantially all financial assets and financial liabilities are denominated in Indian Rupees, except for investment in wholly owned subsidiary which is denominated in foreign currency.

(iii.) Equity price risk

The Company's non-listed equity securities are susceptible to market price risk arising from uncertainties about future values of the investment securities. The Company's Board of Directors reviews and approves all Investment decisions.

31.2. Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that counterparty will not meet its obligations under a financial instrument or customer contract, leading to a financial loss. The Company is exposed to credit risk from its operating activities (primarily trade receivables) and from its financing activities, including deposits with banks and financial institutions, foreign exchange transactions and other financial instruments.

Trade receivables

Sale of units (Villas/ Villaments & Appartments):

Customer credit risk is managed by " CRM team " subject to the Company's established policy, procedures and control relating to customer credit risk management. Outstanding customer dues with respect to Customers demands are regularly monitored for proactive actions.



ZUARI INFRAWORLD INDIA LIMITED NOTES FORMING PART OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2019 (Amount in Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

32.3. Key management personnel compensation: Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2019	Year ended March 31, 2018
i. Short-term employee benefits	97.37	99.78
Mr. Alok Banerjee, Chief Executive Officer	23.92	22.40
Mr. Anshul Amit Bansal, Chief Financial officer Mr. C G Ramegowda, Company secretary	13.23	12.63
Mr. Vinay Varma	32.74	31.61
ii. Retirement benefits (Provident fund and Gratuity)		-
Mr. Alok Banerjee, Chief Executive Officer	4.51	5 85
Mr. Anshul Amit Bansal, Chief Financial officer	1.02	1.32
Mr. C G Ramegowda, Company secretary	0.57	0.74
ii. Sitting fees		
Directors sitting fees to Non-executive Directors	5.35	5.35
Total compensation	178.72	179.68
32.4. Year-end balances		
i. Trade payable	Year ended	Year ended
: 	March 31, 2019	March 31, 2018
Simon India Limited	36.93	36.93
Forte Furniture Products India Private Limited	1.52	
Zuari Finsery Private Limited	0.97	40.40
Zuari Global Limited	39,83	13.49
27 Others and the	Year ended	Year ended
ii. Other payable	March 31, 2019	March 31, 2018
Mr. Alok Banerjee	8,57	12.40
Mr. Anshul Amit Bansal	2.42	4.01
Mr. C G Ramegowda	0.68	0.83
Zuari Global Limited		2.86
iii. Trade receivable	Year ended March 31, 2019	Year ended March 31, 2018
Brajbhumi Nirmaan Private Limited	404.02	404.02
Zuari Global Limited	95.02	65.49
iv. Expenses Recoverable	Year ended	Year ended
W. Expended Newsonable	March 31, 2019	March 31, 2018
Brajbhumi Nirmaan Private Limited	157.33	157.33
v. Loans from related parties:	As at	As at March 31, 2018
	March 31, 2019 2,309.99	2,208.00
Zuari Global Limited Adventz Properties Ltd	188.28	2,200.00
Globalware Trading & Holdings Ltd	376.55	324.59
Akshay poddar	761.40	451.45
v. Interest payable on Loans from related parties:	As at	As at
e. Interest payable on Loans from related parties.	March 31, 2019	March 31, 2018
Adventz Properties Ltd	3.64	
Globalware Trading & Holdings Ltd	46.71	7.79
Akshay Poddar	25.42	·
A A decrease food and	As at	As at
vi. Advance for Land	March 31, 2019	March 31, 2018
Party to Joint Venture of Step down subsidiary		
Green Tree Property Management Co. LLC. U.A.E.	3,964.38	-
in the second se		
viii. Remuneration payable	As at	As at
	March 31, 2019	March 31, 2018
Mr. Vinay Varma	15.06	14.20

ZUARI INFRAWORLD INDIA LIMITED NOTES FORMING PART OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2019 (Amount in Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

(Attrount in Topees, others enterwise states)		
viii. Other year-end balances	As at	As at
	March 31, 2019	March 31, 2018
(a) Included in Project Work-in-Progress		
Zuari Global Limited	2,630.63	2,396.32
(b) Service Income accrued and not billed		
Zuari Global Limited.	57.05	1.35
(c) Others		
Puja Poddar	36.01	33.94

32.5. Terms and conditions

All transactions with related parties are made on terms equivalent to those that prevail in arm's length transactions and in the normal course of business.

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33: Fair values

Set out below, is a comparison by class of the carrying amounts and fair value of the financial instruments

Particulars	Carrying va	lue	Fair value	31 March 2018
	As at 31 March 2019 As	at 31 March 2016	AS at 31 maich 2013 - A3 at	3) Major 2010
a.) Financial assets				
(i.) FVPL financial instruments: Quoted mutual funds	8,827.06	9,776.49	8,827.06	9,776.49
Preference Shares held in Associate Compan	696.25	654.15	696.25	654.15
Meterence Shares held in Associate Comban	0,00,20			
(ii.) Amortised Cost:			0.00	00.70
Interest accrued and due	33.72	33.72	33.72	33.72
Interest accrued and not due	5.09	-	5.09	
Expenses Recoverable				4.57.00
- Related parties	157.33	157.33	157.33	157.33
- Others	-	11.03	**	11.03
Accrued Service Income				
- Related parties	57.05	1.35	57.05	1.35
- Others	116.88	*:	116.88	
Unbilled Revenue	-	180.72		180.72
Security deposits	28.76	26.69	28.76	26.69
Trade Receivables	523.21	1,868.36	523.21	1,868.36
Cash and cash equivalents	206.40	474.69	206.40	474.69
Other bank balances	500.00	m !	500.00	
Advance to employee	55.49	50.02	55.49	50.02
		9		
(iii.) Investments carried at cost	0.007.40	2,307.74	2,287.48	2,307.74
Investment in Associate	2,287.48	54.74	57.19	54.74
Security deposit	57.19		37.13	49.08
Other Bank deposits (DSRA)		49.08	_	70.00
Total	13,551.90	15,646.11	13,551.90	15,646.11
(b.) Financial liabilities	• •			
(i.) Amortised Cost:				
LIC Housing Finance Limited	15,425.84	· • 1	15,425.84	
State Bank of India, Dubai		4,682.68		4,682.68
YES Bank Limited	1,010.19	•	1,010.19	
Federal Bank Ltd-Term Loan	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	12,488.63	W.	12,488.6
ICICI Bank Ltd - Term Loan		1,500.00		1,500.0
Yes Bank Ltd, IFSC Banking Unit	20,744.89	-	20,744.89	
Vehicle Loan	117.22	153.77	117.22	153.7
Real Estate Ioan		7,048.31		7,048.3
Short-term loan	1 1	266.18		266.1
Preference shares (debt portion)	928.51	814.76	928.51	814.7
Security deposit towards sub lease	12.93	12.77	12.93	12.7
Inter corporate deposits	5,365.38	4,550.53	5,365.38	4,550.5
•	14.36	15.61	14.36	15.6
Deferred Rental on security deposits Current maturity of long term loans	2,309.99	2,208.00	2,309.99	2,208.0
and the second s	66.57	47.77		47.7
Other payable to related parties	14.96	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	14.96	
Other deposits	97.14	68.42	97.14	68.4
Dues to employees	228.76	597.89	228.76	597.8
Payables for capital purchases	1,056.99	70.91	1,056.99	70.9
Interest accruals on loans Trade payables	1,174.46	1,397.87		1,397.8

Other Notes:

⁽i) The management assessed that cash and cash equivalents, other bank balances, trade receivables, retention money, inter corporate deposits, loan to related party and trade payables approximate their carrying amounts largely due to the short-term maturities of these instruments. The fair value of the financial assets and liabilities is included at the amount at which the instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale.

- (ii.) The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair values:
- (a.) The fair values of the unquoted Preference shares have been estimated using a DCF model and considering the future cash outflow in this regard, based on a independent valuation. The valuation requires management to make certain assumptions about the model inputs, including forecast cash flows, discount rate, credit risk and volatility. The probabilities of the various estimates within the range can be reasonably assessed and are used in management's estimate of fair value for these unquoted Preference shares.
- (b.) The fair values of the Company's interest-bearing borrowings and loans approximates to their carrying amounts i.e., cost as at the end of the reporting year. The own non-performance risk as at reporting was assessed to be insignificant
- (c.) The Company has not valued the Financial guarantee that it has extended to its wholly owned subsidiary to its fair value. It is the opinion of the Management that, had the same been valued it would not have any significant impact on these financial statements.

34, Fair value Hierarchy

The following table provides for the fair value measurement hierarchy of the Company's assets and liabilities.

Quantitative disclosures fair value measurement hierarchy for assets. Fair value measurement using Quoted prices in active Significant observable Significant Total Assets: unobservable inputs inouts markets (Level 3) (Level 2) (Level 1) (i.) FVPL financial instruments: 8,827.06 8.827.06 Investments in Mutual funds (9,776.49)(9,776.49)696.25

696.25

(654.15)

(i.) Amounts in the parenthesis represent previous year.

Preference shares held in Associate

(ii.) There have been no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 during the year.

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(654.15)

35. Gratuity (Employment benefit plan)

Darticulars		As at 31 March	2019	As at 31 N	harch 2018
1 alticums	Cur	rent No	on-current	Current	Non-current
Value of Plan - Gratuity (Un-Funded)		2.91	38.59	3.29	33.32
7. (1.11)		2.91	38.59	3.29	33.32

Gratuity:

The Company has a defined benefit gratuity plan. Every employee who has completed five years or more of service gets gratuity on departure at 15 days salary (last drawn salary) for each completed year of service.

The following tables summarise the components of net benefit expense recognised in the statement of profit or loss and the funded status and amounts recognised in the balance sheet for the respective plans:

(i.) Net employee benefit expense (recognized in Employee Cost) for the year ended:

Particulars		As at	As at
		31 March 2019	31 March 2018
Current Service Cost		11.31	10.53
Past Service cost-(non vested benefits)			0.02
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		1.81
Past Service cost-(vested benefits)		2.60	1.97
Net Interest Cost	:		

(ii.) Amount recognised in Other Comprehensive Income for the year ende Particulars	As at 31 March 2019	As at 31 March 2018
(Gain)/loss from change in demographic assumptions	(0.05)	(2.27)
(Gain)/loss from change in financial assumptions Experience (gains) / losses	(5.36)	(4.39)

(iii.) Changes in the present value of the defined benefit obligation are, as follows:

Particulars	As at	As at	
, artivation	31 March 2019	31 March 2018	
	36.61	30.02	
Opening defined obligation Current service cost	11.31	10.53	
Dayl Carrier and (non-yested bandita)		0.02	
() and () and () and ()	-	1.81	
Interest cost	2.60	1.97	
Contribution noid	(3.63)	(1.10)	
Actuarial (gain)/ loss on obligations	(5.41)	(6.65)	
Defined has off obligation	41.49	36.61	

(iv.) The principal assumptions used in determining gratuity obligations for the Company's plans are shown below:

Particulars	As at 31 March 2019	As at 31 March 2018
Mortality	IALM (2006-08) UII.	IALM (2006-08) Ult.
Interest / Discount Pata	7.50%	7.48%
Bata of increase in companyation	9%	9%
Expected average remaining service	8.7	9.16
Renefit of normal retirement considered as per Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972	Rs. 20 Lakhs	Rs. 20 Lakhs
Employee Attrition Rate (Past Service)	PS: 0 to 40 years: 8%	PS: 0 to 40 years: 8%



NOTES FORMING PART OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2019 (Amount in Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

(v.) A quantitative sensitivity analysis for significant assumption as at the reporting date is as shown below:

Gratuity Plan	As at 31 M	arch 2019	As at 31 Ma	irch 2019
Assumptions	Discou	int rate	Future salary	increases
Sensitivity Level	+1% increase	-1% decrease	+1% increase	-1% decrease
Impact on defined benefit obligation	39.20	44.11	43.95	39.30
Gratuity Plan	As at 31 M	arch 2018	As at 31 Ma	rch 2018
Assumptions	Discou	nt rate	Future salary	'increases
Sensitivity Level	+1% increase	-1% decrease	+1% increase	-1% decrease
Impact on defined benefit obligation	34.07	39.52	39.34	34.17

The sensitivity analyses above have been determined based on a method that extrapolates the impact on defined benefit obligation as a result of reasonable changes in key assumptions occurring at the end of the reporting period.

The following payments are expected contributions to the defined benefit plan in future years:

Particulars	As at	As at	
	31 March 2019	31 March 2018	
Within the next 12 months	2.91	3.29	
Between 2 and 5 years	28.91	15.20	
Between 5 and 10 years	9.19	24.65	
Total expected payments	, 41.01	43.14	

Note: The above disclosures are based on the valuation report by the independent actuary

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ZUARLINFRAWORLD INDIA LIMITED NOTES FORMING PART OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2019 (Amount in Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

36. Additional information pursuant to part-III of the Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013.

The state of the s	Net Assets i.e	., Total Assets	Share in Profit	or Loss for the	Share	in Other	Share in total	comprehensive
Name of the Entity in the	minus total li	iabilities as at	year :	ended		ve Income for		në year ended
					the yea	rended		
	March 31, 2019	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2019	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2019	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2019	March 31, 2018
i. Parent							The second secon	
Zuari Infraworld India Limited								
Amount	14,893.35	15,240.59	(29.52)	(18.74)	4.00	4 92	(25.52)	(13.81
As % of Consolidated	109.69%	103.65%	4 25%	6.07%	-7 80%	423 11%	3 42%	4 49%
ii. Foreign subsidiaries		The process of the same and the	ACCUSED AND RECORD OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PA					N G P P
a Zuari Infra Middle East Limited								
Amount	384.26	503.24	(144 65)	298.50			(144.65)	298.50
As % of Consolidated	2.83%	3,42%	20.83%	-96.70%			19.40%	
b. Zuan Infraworld SJM Elysium Properties LLC			***************************************				13.40%	-97 07%
(formely known as SJM Elysium Properties LLC)								
Amount	(607-44)	(333 6 4)	(244.93)	(249 63)			101160	
As % of Consolidated	-4.47%	-2.27 %	35.28%	80.87%			(244 93)	(249.63)
iii. Associates (share of profit/loss)			33.2076	60.0776	-	-	32.85%	81.18%
a. Brajbhumi Nirmaan Private Limited								
Amount			(20.26)	(4.00)				
As % of Consolidated		•	2.92%	(4.23) 1.37%	*	-	(20 26)	(4.23)
b. Pranati Niketan Private Limited			2.97.76	1.37%			2.72%	1.38%
Amount				(0.04)				
As % of Consolidated		·	0.0001	(0.01)				(0.01)
c. Darshan Nirmaan Private Limited	***************************************		0.00%	0.00%		-	0 90%	0.00%
Amount				/n na.				
As % of Consolidated		.		(0.00)				(0.00)
73 76 O) Consonacted			0.00%	0 00%			0.00%	0.00%
iv. Eliminations & adjustments on consolidation								
Amount	44.000.041	2000 5 77						
As % of Consolidated	(1,092.81)	(706 57)	(254.92)	(334.56)	(55.23).	(3 76)	(310.16)	(338.32)
	-8.05%	-4.81%	36.72%	108.39%	107.80%	-323.11%	41.60%	110.02%
Zuari Infraworld India Limited (Consolidated)								
In Amount	13,577.35	14,703.62	(694.28)	(308.68)	(51.24)	1.16	(745.51)	(307.52)
In Percentage (%)	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%

37. Segment Information

Information regarding Operating Segment Reporting as per Ind AS-108

The Chief Financial Officer monitors the operating results of its business units separately for the purpose of making decisions about resource allocation and performance assessment. Accordingly, the Company has identified only one segment i.e., real estate sector as its reportable segment for the purpose of Ind AS 108.

Real Estate segment (RE) is into development, sale, management and operation of all or any part of townships, housing projects, includes leasing of self-owned commercial premises and also rendering development management services and thus entire business has been considered as a single-operating component by the Management.

37.1. The following table presents assets and liabilities information for the Company's operating segments as at year end:

Geographical information	Non-curren	l assets	Revenue from operations	
	As at	As at	for the year ended	for the year ended
	31 March 2019	31 March 2018	31 March 2019	31 March 2018
India	53,731.28	34,581.67	1,385.30	663,28
Outside India (Dubai)	31.91	536,39	400.00	
	53,763.19	35,118.06	1,785.30	663.28

Note

Non-current assets disclosed above are excluding Investment in subsidiaries & Associates, financial instruments, deferred tax assets, postemployment benefit assets etc..

37.2. Revenue from the customers contributing more than 10% of the total revenue are given below:

Particulars	For the year ended For the year ended
Customer A	139.51 219.01
Customer B	270.38 82.00
Customer C	400.00
Total	809.89 301.01

38. Disclosure pursuant to adoption of Ind AS 115 - Revenue from contracts with customers:

The company has applied the modified retrospective approach as per para C3(b) to Appendix C of Ind AS 115 to the customer contracts that were not completed as on April 1, 2018 and the cumulative catchup effect of initially applying this standard recognised at the date of initial application i.e., April 1, 2018 in accordance with Ind AS 115 as an adjustment to the opening balance of the retained earnings. The transition effect/adjustment of Rs 380.76 lakhs (net of income tax effect for Rs. 133.77 lakhs) has been adjusted against the opening retained earnings. The above information for the year ended March 31, 2018 have not been restated, hence these are not comparable to that extent.

The following disclosures summarise the impact of adopting Ind AS 115 on companies financial results for the year ended 31 March, 2019 and it's financial position as on that date.

Financial Results	For the year ended March 31, 2019	Impact of adoption of Ind AS 115	Amount without Ind AS 115 impact	For the year ended March 31, 2018
REVENUE:				
Revenue from operations	1,785.30	1,346.57	438.74	663.28
Other income	906.56	-	906.56	517.19
Total Income	2,691.86	1,346.57	1,345.29	1,180.47
EXPENSES:	**			
Purchase of materials, sub-contract charges and other project costs	12,619.20	₩	12,619.20	7,821.31
Changes in Construction Work-in-progress	(11,326.68)	1,246.77	(12,573.45)	(7,368.43)
Employee benefit expenses	130.84	**	130.84	254.84
Other expenses	688.85	34.02	654.83	469.52
Total expenses	2,112.21	1,280.79	831.41	1,177.24
Profit Before Interest, Tax and Depreciation & Ar	579.65	65.78	513.88	3.23
Finance costs	1,065.28	*	1,065.28	150.98
Depreciation and amortization expense	42.39	-	42.39	43.15
Profit before tax expenses	(528.01)	65.78	(593.79)	(190.90)
Profit/(Loss) before share in net profit/(loss) of				
associates	(20.26)	-	(20.26)	(4.39)
Profit before tax expenses	(548.27)	65.78	(614.05)	(195.29)

Note 38 Contd				
Tax expenses:				
Current (ax expense	4.00	-	4.00	6.00
Tax Expense of earlier years	2.60		2.60	4.74
Deferred tax charge/(credit)	139.41	17.10	122.30	102.65
Tax Expenses for the year (net)	146.00	17.10	128.90	113.39
Profit/(Loss) for the year before OCI	(694.28)	48.68	(742.95)	(308.68)
Other comprehensive income / (Loss)				
Items that will be reclassified subsequently to profit of	or loss			
Exchange differences arising on translation of				
foreign operations	(55.23)	~	(55.23)	(3.76)
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss				
Remeasurement of defined benefit plans (Gratuity)	5.40	a.	5.40	6.65
Deferred tax on above defined benefit plans	(1.40)		(1.40)	(1.73)
Total Other Comprehensive Income/(Loss)	(51.24)	>	(51.24)	1.16
Total Comprehensive Income/(Loss)	(745.51)	48.68	(794.19)	(307.52)
Earning/(Loss) per share (in Rs.)	Birline (-Tarkin) on white all the east of the first of the case and the case of the case	ind de levier i de levie di Code en rette libba de la regar i periodica del la polica persona giún proporte popu		anne ann an t-aireann an t-airean
Basic & Diluted	(1.49)	0.10	(1.60)	10.00
Weighted average number of shares used in	4.65.50.000	4,65,50,000	4,65,50,000	(0.66)
Troiginos arorago nambor of onarco doco m	4,03,30,000	4,03,30,000	4,65,50,000	4,65,50,000
Financial Position	For the year ended March 31, 2019	Impact of adoption of Ind AS 115	Amount without Ind AS 115 impact	For the year ended March 31, 2018
ASSETS			territoria de la compania de la comp	
Non-current assets				
(a.) Property, plant and equipment	234.42		234.42	275.09
(b.) Other intangible assets	1.36		1.36	1.80
(c.) Goodwill on consolidation	58.75		58.75	58.75
(c.) Financial assets:	24.1.2		***	30.75
(i.) Investments	11,810.79	_	11,810.79	12,738,38
(ii.) Loans	17,010.70			12,130.30
(ii.) Other financial assets	59.91	*	59.91	F6 70
(d.) Income tax assets (net)	51.38	•	51.38	56.72
(e.) Other non current assets	5,031.21	-		115.59
(o.) Onto non our on about			5,031.21	4,610.57
Current assets	17.247.82	*	17.247.82	17.856.89
(a.) Inventories	48,477.42	(6,700.79)	41,776.62	20.202.47
(b.) Financial assets	50,711,42	(0,700.70)	41,770.02	29,203.17
(i.) Trade receivables	523.21	1 200 02	1.012.26	
(ii.) Cash & Cash equivalents		1,390.03	1,913.25	1,868.36
(iii.) Other bank balances	206.40	*	206.40	474.69
(iv.) Loans	500.00	-	500.00	
(v.) Other financial assets	55.49		55.49	50.02
(c.) Other current assets	396.10	180.72	576.82	457.94
(c.) Other current assets	3,604.57	(303.07)	3,301.50	3,063.88
an a	53,763.19	(5,433.11)	48,330.08	35,118.06
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	71,011.01	(5,433.11)	65,577.90	52,974.95
Equity				
(a.) Equity share capital	4 PEE PO		100000	
(b.) Other equity	4,655.00		4,655.00	4,655.00
(b.) Other equity	8,922.35	332.08	9,254.43	10,048.62
Liabilities	13,577.35	332.08	13,909.43	14,703.62
Non-current liabilities				
(a.) Financial liabilities				· ·
(i.) Borrowings	39,682.13		39,682.13	17,152.74
(ii.) Trade payables				
 dues to micro and small enterprises 	ser.	<u></u>	•	,
- dues to other creditors	39.01	-	39.01	199.57
(iii.) Other financial liabilities	253.68	ų.	253.68	623.90
(b.) Provisions	53.72		53.72	39.49
(c.) Deferred tax liability (net)	219.83	116.68	336.51	212.80
BAAC	40,248.38	116.68	40,365.05	18,228.50
		- No. 10	•	,

Note 38 Contd...

	71,011.01	(5,433.11)	65,577.90	52,974.95
	17,185.28	(5,881.87)	11,303.41	20,042.83
(c.) Provisions	45.26		45.26	27.17
(b.) Other current liabilities	8,546.64	(5,881.87)	2,664.77	2,067.73
(iii.) Other financial liabilities	3,548.95	*	3,548.95	3,231.66
 dues to other creditors 	1,129.97		1,129.97	1,197.46
 dues to micro and small enterprises 	4.56		4.56	
(ii.) Trade payables				-
(i.) Borrowings	3,909.90	•	3,909.90	13,518.80
(a.) Financial liabilities				
Current liabilities				

38.2. Transition effect on adoption of Ind AS 115 is detailed as under:

Description	Balance as on 31 March 2018	Adjustment as per Ind AS 115	Balance as on 1 April 2018
Equity			
Retained earning	(674.19)	(380.76)	(1,054.95)
Assets			
Accounts receivable	1,390.03	(1,390.03)	
Inventory	29,203.17	7.947.56	37,150,73
Deferred tax assets		***	
Unbilled revenue	180.72	(180.72)	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *
Prepaid expense (pertaining to commission)	111.98	237.79	349.78
Liabilities			
Advance from customers	(1,966.91)	(7,129.14)	(9,096.05)
Deferred revenue	-	, , ,	
Deferred tax liabilities	(212.80)	133.78	(79.02)
Club membership deposit	(304.50)		(304.50)
Maintenance deposit	(75.28)	*	(75.28)

38.3. Other disclosure relating to contracts with customers

Significant changes in contract assets and liabilities

Advance from customers	Amount
Balance as at 01 April 2018	9,096.05
Less: Amount of revenue recognised against opening contract liabilities	(1,346.57)
Add: Addition in balance of contract liabilities for current year	678 64
Balance as at 31 March 2019	8,428.12
Contract assets - Prepaid expenses	Amount
Opening balance of Contract assets - Prepaid expenses	349.78
Opening balance of Contract assets - Prepaid expenses	349.78
Opening balance of Contract assets - Prepaid expenses	349.78

38.4. Disaggregation of revenue

Particulars	For the year ended	31 March 2019	For the year ended 31 March 2018		
	India	Outside India	India	Outside India	
Sale of residential units	1,346.57		362.27	•	
Development management fees	232.51	400.00	301.01		
Sales Commission on sale of plots/residential units	177.37			-	
Other Operating revenue	28.85	- 1	*	**	
Total	1,785.30	400.00	663.28		

NOTES FORMING PART OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2019

(Amount in Rupees, except otherwise stated)

39. In the opinion of the Management none of the assets, other than fixed assets, have a value lower on realisation in the ordinary course of business than the amount at which they are stated in these financial statements. Accounts of most of the Trade Payables, Trade Receivables, loans & advances and Customer Advances are subject to confirmations.

ALOK BANERJEE

Chief Executive Officer

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the consolidated financial statements

For and behalf of the Board of Directors of

Zuari Infraworld India Limited

N SURESH KRISHNAN

Director

DIN: 00021965

ANSHUL A. BANSAL Chief Financial Officer

Place: Gurgaon Date: 20 May 2019

SUNIL SETHY Director ชู้IN: 00244104

G RAMEGOWDA Company/Secretary As per our report of the even date attached

For VARMA & VARMA Chartered Accountants

FRN 004532S

reinivoro t.P. K P SRINIVAS Partner M. No. 208520

> Place: Gurgaon Date: 20 May 2019